

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:53:14 ON 08 AUG 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:53:40 ON 08 AUG 2007

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2 57881 S N2CNC/ESS (S) C6/ESS
L3 0 S L1 SAM SUB=L2
L4 0 S L1 SSS FULL SUB=L2
L5 6863 S N2CNC/ESS (S) NC2NC2/ESS
L6 1 S L1
L7 11 S L1 SAM SUB=L5
L8 184 S L1 SSS FULL SUB=L5

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:55:46 ON 08 AUG 2007

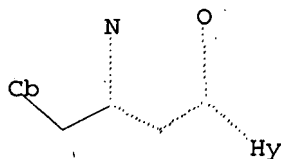
L9 112 S L8
L10 2 S US200!-540283/APPS
L11 111 S L9 NOT L10

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:57:19 ON 08 AUG 2007

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

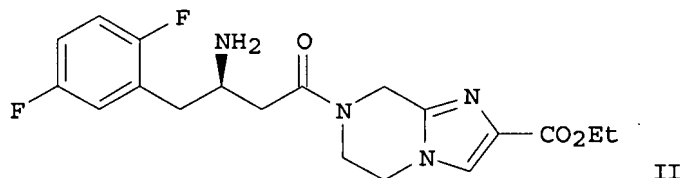
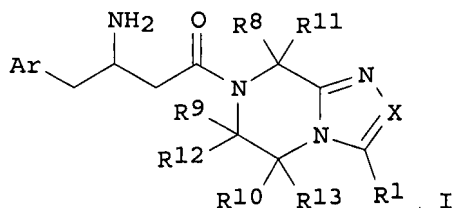
L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

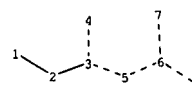
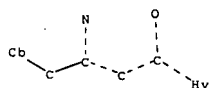
L10 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN 2004:565099 CAPLUS
 DN 141:123655
 TI Preparation of 3-amino-4-phenylbutanoic acid derivatives as dipeptidyl
 peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes
 IN Duffy, Joseph L.; Edmondson, Scott D.; Kim, Doo-seop; Kirk, Brian A.; Wang,
 Liping; Weber, Ann E.
 PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 118 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004058266	A1	20040715	WO 2003-US40114	20031216
	W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA 2508947	A1	20040715	CA 2003-2508947	20031216
	AU 2003297219	A1	20040722	AU 2003-297219	20031216
	EP 1583534	A1	20051012	EP 2003-814066	20031216
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
	JP 2006513265	T	20060420	JP 2005-509979	20031216
	US 2006052382	A1	20060309	US 2005-540283	20050620 <--
PRAI	US 2002-435389P	P	20021220		
	US 2003-469315P	P	20030509		
	WO 2003-US40114	W	20031216		
OS	MARPAT 141:123655				
GI					



AB Title compds. I [wherein X = N or CR₂; Ar = (un)substituted Ph; R₁, R₂ = independently H, halo, HO, cyano, (un)substituted alkyl(thio), alkoxy, etc.; R₈-R₁₀ = independently H, cyano, carboxy, (un)substituted (cyclo)alkyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; R₁₁-R₁₃ = independently H, alkyl; with proviso; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prepared as

dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors (no data). For example, Et 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)butanoyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid trifluoroacetic acid salt (II•CF₃CO₂H) was given in a multiple-step synthesis starting from Et imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylate. Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful for the treatment or prevention of diseases in which the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme is involved, such as diabetes and particularly type 2 diabetes (no data).



chain nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

chain bonds :

1-2 2-3 3-4 3-5 5-6 6-7 6-8

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 2-3 3-4 3-5 5-6 6-7 6-8

Match level :

1:Atom 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:Atom

Generic attributes :

1:

Saturation : Unsaturated

Number of Carbon Atoms : less than 7

Type of Ring System : Monocyclic

8:

Saturation : Unsaturated

Type of Ring System : Polycyclic

Element Count :

Node 1: Limited

C,C6

Node 8: Limited

N,N4

C,C5

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:X

LOGINID:suptasjl1626

PASSWORD:
TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR 7):2

***** Welcome to STN International *****

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NEWS 3 MAY 08 CA/Caplus Indian patent publication number format defined
NEWS 4 MAY 14 RDISCLOSURE on STN Easy enhanced with new search and display fields
NEWS 5 MAY 21 BIOSIS reloaded and enhanced with archival data
NEWS 6 MAY 21 TOXCENTER enhanced with BIOSIS reload
NEWS 7 MAY 21 CA/Caplus enhanced with additional kind codes for German patents
NEWS 8 MAY 22 CA/Caplus enhanced with IPC reclassification in Japanese patents
NEWS 9 JUN 27 CA/Caplus enhanced with pre-1967 CAS Registry Numbers
NEWS 10 JUN 29 STN Viewer now available
NEWS 11 JUN 29 STN Express, Version 8.2, now available
NEWS 12 JUL 02 LWBASSE coverage updated
NEWS 13 JUL 02 LWBEDLINE coverage updated
NEWS 14 JUL 02 SCISEARCH enhanced with complete author names
NEWS 15 JUL 02 CHEMCATS accession numbers revised
NEWS 16 JUL 02 CA/Caplus enhanced with utility model patents from China
NEWS 17 JUL 16 Caplus enhanced with French and German abstracts
NEWS 18 JUL 18 CA/Caplus patent coverage enhanced
NEWS 19 JUL 26 USPATFULL/USPAT2 enhanced with IPC reclassification
NEWS 20 JUL 30 USGENS now available on STN
NEWS 21 AUG 06 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with new experimental property tags
NEWS 22 AUG 06 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds
NEWS 23 AUG 06 PSTA enhanced with new thesaurus edition

NEWS EXPRESS 29 JUNE 2007: CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.2,
CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 05 JULY 2007.

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8:
Saturation : Unsaturated
Type of Ring System : Polycyclic

Element Count :
Node 1: Limited
C,C6

Node 8: Limited
N,N4
C,C5

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

--> # n2cnc/ess (s) c6/ess
786603 N2CNC/ESS
24248219 C6/ESS
L2 57881 N2CNC/ESS (S) C6/ESS

--> # 11 sub-12 sam
SAMPLE SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 10:54:11 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

PROJECTIONS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): ONLINE **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): 3 TO 163
PROJECTED ANSWERS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): 0 TO 0

L3 0 SEA SUB=L2 SSS SAM L1

--> # 11 sub-12 sss full
FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 10:54:18 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 66 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 66 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L4 0 SEA SUB=L2 SSS FUL L1

--> # n2cnc/ess (s) nc2nc2/ess
786603 N2CNC/ESS
1277691 NC2NC2/ESS
L5 6863 N2CNC/ESS (S) NC2NC2/ESS

--> # 11
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 10:55:13 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 63558 TO ITERATE

3.1% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS 1 ANSWERS
INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **INCOMPLETE**

***** STN Columbus *****

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--> fil reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 7 AUG 2007 HIGHEST RN 944239-85-4
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 7 AUG 2007 HIGHEST RN 944239-85-4

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

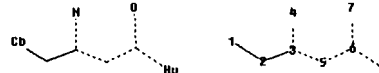
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH December 2, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

--> Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10540283-broad.str



chain nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
chain bonds :
1-2 2-3 3-4 3-5 5-6 6-7 6-8
exact/norm bonds :
1-2 2-3 3-4 3-5 5-6 6-7 6-8

Match level :
1:Atom 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:Atom
Generic attributes :
1:
Saturation : Unsaturated
Number of Carbon Atoms : less than 7
Type of Ring System : Monocyclic

BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 1256139 TO 1286181
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 297 TO 973

L6 1 SEA SSS SAM L1

--> # 11 sub-15 sam
SAMPLE SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 10:55:23 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 21 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 21 ITERATIONS 11 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

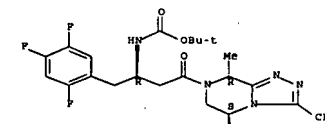
PROJECTIONS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): ONLINE **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): 146 TO 694
PROJECTED ANSWERS (WITHIN SPECIFIED SUBSET): 22 TO 418

L7 11 SEA SUB=L5 SSS SAM L1

--> d scan

L7 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
IN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(5S,8R)-5,6-dihydro-5,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI)
MP C23 H27 F6 N5 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

--> # 11 sub-15 sss full
FULL SUBSET SEARCH INITIATED 10:55:41 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SUBSET SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 329 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 329 ITERATIONS 184 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L8 184 SEA SUB=L5 SSS FUL L1

--> fil caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

5of237

8/8/2007

ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 364.90 365.11

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Aug 2007 (20070807/ED)

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-- s 18
L9 112 L8

-- s us2001-540283/apps
1 US2001-540283/AP
1 US2001-540283/PRN
L10 2 US2001-540283/APPS
(US2001-540283/AP,PRN)

-- d l10 bib abs

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2004:565099 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 141:123655
TI Preparation of 3-amino-4-phenylbutanoic acid derivatives as dipeptidyl
peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes
IN Duffy, Joseph L.; Edmondson, Scott D.; Kim, Dooseop; Kirk, Brian A.; Wang,
Liping; Weber, Ann S.
PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 118 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2004058266	A1	20040715	WO 2003-USA0114	20031216
M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DS, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GR, GU, HK, HU, ID, IL, IN, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				

7of237

8/8/2007

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DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 7 AUG 2007 HIGHEST RN 944239-85-4

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<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

-- d his

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:53:40 ON 08 AUG 2007

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2 57881 S N2CNC/ESS (S) C6/ESS
L3 0 S L1 SAM SUB=L2
L4 0 S L1 SSS FULL SUB=L2
L5 6863 S N2CNC/ESS (S) NC2NC2/ESS
L6 1 S L1
L7 11 S L1 SAM SUB=L5
L8 184 S L1 SSS FULL SUB=L5

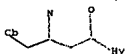
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:55:46 ON 08 AUG 2007

L9 112 S L8
L10 2 S US2001-540283/APPS
L11 111 S L9 NOT L10

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:57:19 ON 08 AUG 2007

-- d l1

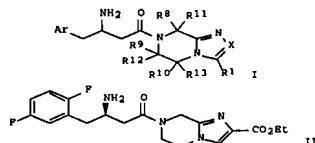
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR



6of237

8/8/2007

RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KO, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
CA 2508947 A1 20040715 CA 2003-2508947 20031216
AU 2003297219 A1 20040722 AU 2003-297219 20031216
EP 1583534 A1 20051012 EP 2003-814066 20031216
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
JP 2006513265 T 20060420 JP 2005-509979 20031216
US 2006052382 A1 20060309 US 2005-540283 20050620 <--
PRAI US 2002-435389P P 20021220
US 2003-469315P P 20030509
WO 2003-0940114 W 20031216
OS MARPAT 141:123655
GI



AB Title compds. I [wherein X = N or CR2; Ar = (un)substituted Ph; R1, R2 = independently H, halo, HO, cyano, (un)substituted alkyl(thio), alkoxy, etc.; R8-R10 = independently H, cyano, carboxy, (un)substituted (cyclo)alkyl, (hetero)aryl, etc.; R11-R13 = independently H, alkyl; with proviso; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prepared as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors (no data). For example, Et 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)butanoyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid trifluoroacetic acid salt (II*CF3CO2H) was given in a multiple-step synthesis starting from Et imidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine-2-carboxylate. Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful for the treatment or prevention of diseases in which the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme is involved, such as diabetes and particularly type 2 diabetes (no data).

-- s 19 not: l10
L11 111 L9 NOT L10

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY	SESSION
	0.26	373.37
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION

8of237

8/8/2007

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY	SESSION
	0.45	373.82
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-0.78

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L9 112 S L8
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:57:19 ON 08 AUG 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:57:51 ON 08 AUG 2007

-- d l11 tot bib abs hitstr

THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THIS REQUEST IS 584.97 U.S. DOLLARS
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N/y

(L11) ANSWER 1 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:770084 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 147:110561

TI Efficacy and safety of incretin therapy in type 2 diabetes. Systematic review and meta-analysis

AU Amori, Renee E.; Lau, Joseph; Pittas, Anastassios G.

CS Division of Endocrinology, Diabetes and Metabolism, Tufts-New England Medical Center, Boston, MA, USA

SD JAMA, the Journal of the American Medical Association (2007); 298(2), 194-205

CODEN: JAMAAP; ISSN: 0098-7484

PB American Medical Association

DT Journal

LA English

AB Context Pharmacotherapies that augment the incretin pathway have recently become available, but their role in the management of type 2 diabetes is not well defined. Objective To assess the efficacy and safety of incretin-based therapy in adults with type 2 diabetes based on randomized controlled trials published in peer-reviewed journals or as abstracts. Data Sources We searched MEDLINE (1966-May 30, 2007) and the Cochrane Central Register of Controlled Trials (second quarter, 2007) for English-language randomized controlled trials involving an incretin mimetic (glucagon-like peptide 1 [GLP-1] analog) or enhancer (dipeptidyl peptidase 4 [DPP4] inhibitor). We also searched prescribing information, relevant Web sites, reference lists and citation sections of recovered articles, and abstracts, presented at recent conferences. Study Selection Randomized controlled trials were selected if they were at least 12 wk in duration, compared incretin therapy with placebo or other diabetes medication, and reported Hb A1c data in nonpregnant adults with type 2 diabetes. Data Extraction Two reviewers independently assessed trials for inclusion and extracted data. Differences were resolved by consensus. Meta-analyses were conducted for several efficacy and safety outcomes. Results Of 355 potentially relevant articles identified, 51 were retrieved for detailed evaluation and 29 met the inclusion criteria. Incretins lowered Hb A_{1c} compared with placebo (weighted mean difference, -0.97% [95% confidence interval (CI), -1.13% to -0.81%] for GLP-1 analogs and -0.74% [95% CI, -0.85% to -0.62%] for DPP4 inhibitors) and were noninferior to other hypoglycemic agents. Glucagon-like peptide 1 analogs resulted in weight loss (1.4 kg and 4.8 kg vs. placebo and insulin, resp.) while DPP4 inhibitors were weight neutral. Glucagon-like peptide 1 analogs had more gastrointestinal side effects (risk ratio, 2.9 [95% CI, 2.0-4.2] for nausea and 3.2 [95% CI, 2.5-4.4] for vomiting). Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitors had an increased risk of infection (risk ratio, 1.2 [95% CI, 1.0-1.4] for nasopharyngitis and 1.5 [95% CI, 1.0-2.2] for urinary tract infection) and headache (risk ratio, 1.4 [95% CI, 1.1-1.7]). All but 3 trials had a 30-wk or shorter duration; thus, long-term efficacy and safety could not be evaluated. Conclusions Incretin therapy offers an alternative option to currently available hypoglycemic agents for nonpregnant adults with type 2 diabetes, with modest efficacy and a favorable weight-change profile. Careful postmarketing surveillance for adverse effects, especially among the DPP4 inhibitors, and continued evaluation in longer-term studies and in clinical practice are required to determine the role of this new class among current pharmacotherapies for type 2 diabetes.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (efficacy and safety of incretin therapy in type 2 diabetes, systematic review and meta-anal.)

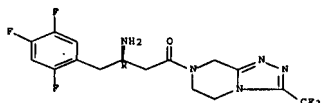
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

inhibitors with metformin)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*ap*pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-77-9 CAPLUS

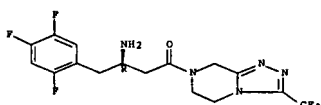
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*ap*pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate, hydrate (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P

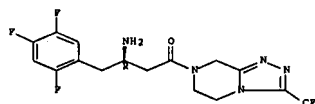


RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*ap*pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*ap*pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



(L11) ANSWER 2 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:762624 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 147:150836

TI Pharmaceutical compositions of combinations of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors with metformin

IN Kamali, Ashkan; Alani, Laman; Fliszar, Kyle A.; Ghosh, Soumojit; Tijerina, Monica

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 19pp.

CODEN: PIXXK2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI MO 2007078726	A2	(20070712)	MO 2006-0547380	20061212
M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MD, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
PRAI US 2005-750954P	P	20051216		
AB Disclosed are pharmaceutical compns. comprising fixed-dose combinations of a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor and metformin, methods of preparing such pharmaceutical compns., and methods of treating Type 2 diabetes with such pharmaceutical compns. For example, a coated tablet was prepared by wet granulation from sitagliptin phosphate monohydrate 64.25, metformin hydrochloride 500, polyvinylpyrrolidone 48.2, sodium lauryl sulfate 3.45, microcryst. cellulose (Avicel PH-102), sodium stearyl fumarate 13.8, water q.s., and coating material (Opadry II) 17.2 mg.				
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin		654671-77-9	654671-78-0	
RL: Sitagliptin phosphate RU: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (pharmaceutical compns. of combinations of dipeptidyl peptidase-4				

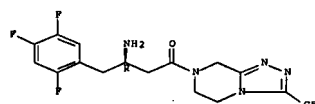
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



(L11) ANSWER 3 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:652182 CAPLUS Full-text

TI Docking-based 3D-QSAR study for selectivity of DPP4, DPP8, and DPP9 inhibitors

AU Kang, Nam Sook; Ahn, Jin Hee; Kim, Sung Soo; Chae, Chong Hak; Yoo, Sung-Eun

CS Korea Research Institute of Chemical Technology, Daejeon, 305-600, S. Korea

SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2007); 17(13), 3716-3721

CODEN: BMCLB8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PB Elsevier Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB In order to obtain information regarding the design of selective DPP4 inhibitors, a 3D-QSAR study was conducted using DPP4, DPP8, and DPP9 inhibitors including newly synthesized six- and seven-membered cyclic hydrazine deriva. (KR64300, KR64301), which were evaluated in vitro for their inhibition of DPP4, DPP8, and DPP9. In this study, a highly predictive CoMFA model based on the fast-docking for DPP4, DPP8, and DPP9 inhibitors was obtained. This reliable model showed leave-one-out cross-validation q2 and conventional r2 values of 0.68 and 0.96 for the DPP4 inhibitors, 0.58 and 0.98 for the DPP8 inhibitors, and 0.68 and 0.97 for the DPP9 inhibitors, resp. The validation of the CoMFA model was confirmed by the compds. in the test set.

including the synthesized six- and seven-membered cyclic hydrazines. According to this study, to obtain selective DPP4 inhibitors compared to their isoenzymes, the interaction of the inhibitors with the S3 site and S1' site in DPP4 must be considered. The proposed newly synthesized compds., KR64300 and KR64301, interact well with the sites mentioned above, showing excellent selectivity.

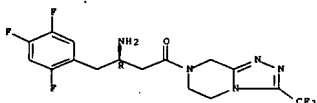
IT INDEXING IN PROGRESS
IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
RL: DNA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(docking-based 3D-QSAR study for selectivity of DPP4, DPP8, and DPP9 inhibitors)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CMT 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

(L11 ANSWER 4 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

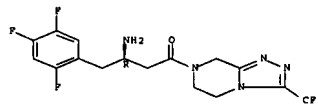
AN 2007:602614 CAPLUS Full-text
TI Rational design of a novel, potent, and orally bioavailable cyclohexylamine DPP-4 inhibitor by application of molecular modeling and X-ray crystallography of sitagliptin

AU Biftu, Tesfaye; Scapin, Giovanna; Singh, Suresh; Feng, Dennis; Becker, Joe W.; Eiermann, George; He, Huabing; Lyons, Kathy; Patel, Sangita; Petrov, Aleksandr; Sinha-Roy, Ranabir; Zhang, Bei; Wu, Joseph; Zhang, Xiaoping; Doss, George A.; Thornberry, Nancy A.; Weber, Ann E.
CS Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Merck Research Laboratories, Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA
SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2007), 17(12), 3384-3387
CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X
PB Elsevier Ltd.
DT Journal
LA English
AB Mol. modeling was used to design a rigid analog of sitagliptin 1. The x-ray crystal structure of sitagliptin bound to DPP-4 suggested that the central β -amino Bu amide moiety could be replaced with a cyclohexylamine group. This was confirmed by structural anal. and the resulting analog (1) was synthesized and a potent DPP-4 inhibitor (IC50 = 21 nM) with excellent in vivo activity and pharmacokinetic profile.

IT INDEXING IN PROGRESS
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
(rational design of a novel, potent, and orally bioavailable cyclohexylamine DPP-4 inhibitor by application of mol. modeling and X-ray crystallog. of sitagliptin)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CMT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

(L11 ANSWER 5 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

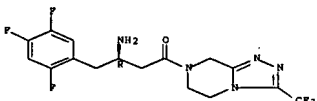
AN 2007:589017 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 147:64628
TI DDPIV inhibitors
AU Yamada, Yuichiro
CS Sch. of Medicine, Akita Univ., Japan
SO Igaku no Ayumi (2007), 220(13), 1219-1222
CODEN: IGAYAY; ISSN: 0039-2359
PB Ishiyaku Shuppan
DT Journal; General Review
LA Japanese
AB A review on effects of DDPIV inhibitors on insulin secretion and their application for diabetes treatment.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(application of DDPIV inhibitors on diabetes treatment)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



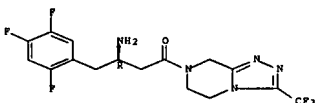
(L11 ANSWER 6 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:554954 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 147:86058
TI Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors for the treatment of type 2 diabetes: focus on sitagliptin
AU Herman, G. A.; Stein, P. P.; Thornberry, N. A.; Wagner, J. A.
CS Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA
SO Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics (New York, NY, United States) (2007), 81(5), 761-767
CODEN: CLPTAT; ISSN: 0009-9236
PB Nature Publishing Group
DT Journal; General Review
LA English
AB A review. Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitors represent a new class of oral antihyperglycemic agents to treat patients with type 2 diabetes. DPP-4 inhibitors improve fasting and postprandial glycemic control without hypoglycemia or weight gain. This article focuses on the physiol., clin. pharmacol., tolerability, and clin. utility of the DPP-4 inhibitor sitagliptin in the management of type 2 diabetes.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor, sitagliptin for treatment of type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CMT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

(L11 ANSWER 7 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:553808 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:474633
TI Discovery of JANUVIA (sitagliptin), a selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes
AU Thornberry, Nancy A.; Weber, Ann E.
CS Departments of Metabolic Disorders and Medicinal Chemistry, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA
SO Current Topics in Medicinal Chemistry (Sharjah, United Arab Emirates) (2007), 7(6), 557-568
CODEN: CTMCLJ; ISSN: 1568-0266
PB Bentham Science Publishers Ltd.
DT Journal; General Review
LA English
AB A review. The emergence of glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1) as a well validated approach to the treatment of type 2 diabetes and preclin. validation of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibition as an alternate, oral approach to GLP-1 therapy prompted the initiation of a DPP-4 inhibitor program at Merck in 1999. DPP-4 inhibitors threo- and allo-isoleucyl thiazolidide were licensed to jump start the program; however, development was discontinued due to profound toxicity in rat and dog safety studies. The observation that both compds. inhibit the related proline peptidases DPP8 and DPP9 led to the hypothesis that inhibition of DPP8 and/or DPP9 could evoke severe toxicities in preclin. species. Indeed, the observed toxicities were recapitulated with a selective dual DPP8/9 inhibitor but not with an inhibitor selective for DPP-4. Thus, medicinal chemical efforts focused on identifying a highly selective DPP-4 inhibitor for clin. development. Initial work in an α -amino acid series related to isoleucyl thiazolidide was discontinued due to lack of selectivity; however, SAR studies on two screening leads led to the identification of a highly selective β -amino acid piperazine series. In an effort to stabilize the piperazine moiety, which was extensively metabolized in vivo, a series of bicyclic derivs. were prepared, culminating in the identification of a potent and selective triazolo-piperazine series. Unlike their monocyclic counterparts, these analogs typically showed excellent pharmacokinetic properties in preclin. species. Optimization of this series led to the discovery of JANUVIA (sitagliptin), a highly selective DPP-4 inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes.

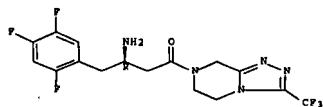
IT 654671-78-0, Januvia
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Januvia (sitagliptin), a selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for treatment of type 2 diabetes)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CMT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:530693 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:521789
TI Oxazoles and thiazoles as PPAR modulators, their preparation,
pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy
IN Epplé, Robert; Cow, Christopher; Azimioara, Mihai; Russo, Ross; Xie,
Yongping; Wang, Xing
PA IRM LLC, Bermuda
SO PCT Int. Appl., 139pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007056366	A2	20070518	WO 2006-0543342	20061107
WO 2007056366	A3	20070705		

M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW

RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

PRAI US 2005-734683P P 20051107

OS MARPAT 146:521789
OI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

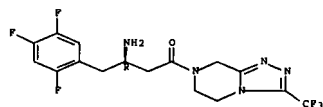
AB The invention relates to oxazoles and thiazoles of formula I, which modulate the activity of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) families, particularly the activity of PPAR δ . In compds. I, W is O or S; R1 is -L1-X-C(R7R8)-L2-CO2R9; L1 and L2 are independently a bond or C1-4 alkylene; X is a bond, O, or S; R7 and R8 are independently H, C1-4 alkyl, or C1-4 alkoxy; R9 is H or C1-6 alkyl; p is 0-3; each R2 is independently selected from halo, C1-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, C1-4 alkoxy, C1-4 alkylthio, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl; n is 0-3; R3 and R4 are independently H or C1-6 alkyl; R5 and R6 are independently selected from H, C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-13 heteroaryl; Y is O, S, NR10, or CR10R11; Z is C10R11 or S; and R10 and R11 are independently selected from H and C1-6 alkyl, including salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound I with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, optionally containing another active ingredient selected from anti-diabetic agents, hypolipidemic agents, anti-obesity agents, anti-hypertensive agents, etc., as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment or prevention of disease or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Regioselective acetylation of Et (2-methylphenoxy)acetate followed by Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, methanolysis, and regioselective bromination gave phenoxyacetate II, which underwent O-silylation, Suzuki coupling with cyclopropylboronic acid, and desilylation resulting in the formation of cyclopropylphenoxyacetate a III. Substitution of 3-chloropropanol with potassium cyanide followed by sulfolysis to the thioamide and heterocyclization with 2-bromo-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)ethanone formed thiazole IV, which was coupled to III under Mitsunobu conditions and hydrolyzed to give thiazole V. The compds. of the invention, e.g., V, are modulators of PPAR, particularly PPAR δ (no data).

IT 654671-78-0
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(codrug; preparation of oxazole and thiazole compds. as PPAR modulators)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(BH)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 P6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



L11 ANSWER 9 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:530694 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:521786
TI Oxazoles and thiazoles as PPAR modulators, their preparation,
pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy
IN Epplé, Robert; Cow, Christopher; Azimioara, Mihai; Russo, Ross
PA IRM LLC, Bermuda
SO PCT Int. Appl., 62pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007056496	A1	20070518	WO 2006-0543586	20061107

M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW

RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI US 2005-734678P P 20051107

OS MARPAT 146:521786
OI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

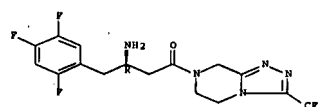
AB The invention relates to oxazoles and thiazoles of formula I, which modulate the activity of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) families, particularly the activity of PPAR δ . In compds. I, W is O or S; R1 is -L1-X-C(R8R9)-L2-CO2R10; L1 and L2 are independently a bond or C1-4 alkylene; X is a bond, O, or S; R8 and R9 are independently H, C1-4 alkyl, or C1-4 alkoxy; R10 is H or C1-6 alkyl; p is 0-3; each R2 is independently selected from halo, C1-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, C1-4 alkoxy, C1-4 alkylthio, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl; n is 0-3; R3 and R4 are independently H or C1-6 alkyl; R5 and R6 are independently selected from H, C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-13 heteroaryl; R7 is H, C1-6 alkyl, -L3-C6-12 aryl, -L3-C3-12 cycloalkyl, -L3-OR11, or -L3-N(R11R12); L3 is a bond or C1-4 alkylene; and R11 and R12 are independently H or C1-6 alkyl, including salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound I with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, optionally containing another active ingredient selected from anti-diabetic agents, hypolipidemic agents, anti-obesity agents, anti-hypertensive agents, etc., as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment or prevention of disease or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Regioselective bromination of 4-benzyloxyphenol followed by O-silylation, substitution with tetramethyltin, and desilylation gave 4-benzyloxy-2-methylphenol, which underwent substitution of Me 2-bromo-2-methylpropionate, debenzoylation, and substitution of 1,2-dibromoethane resulting in the formation of ester II. Heterocyclization of 2-bromo-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)ethanone with thiourea formed aminothiazole III, which underwent substitution of bromide II, N-methylation, and ester hydrolysis to give thiazole IV. The compds. of the invention, e.g., IV, are modulators of PPAR, particularly PPAR δ (no data).

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(codrug; preparation of oxazole and thiazole compds. as PPAR modulators)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(BH)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 P6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 04 PRE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L111 ANSWER TO OP 1111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:537237 CAPLUS Full-text

TI Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors and the management of type 2 diabetes mellitus

AU Rosenstock, Julio; Zinman, Bernard

CS Dallas Diabetes and Endocrine Center at Medical City, Dallas, TX, USA

SO Current Opinion in Endocrinology, Diabetes and Obesity (2007) 14(2), 98-107

CODEN: COEDPK; ISSN: 1752-296X

PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DT Journal, General Review

LA English

AB Purpose of review: To review recent clin. trials of oral dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors and examine their role in managing type 2 diabetes mellitus. Recent findings: Oral dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors improve islet function by increasing α -cell and β -cell responsiveness to glucose, resulting in improved glucose-dependent insulin secretion and reduced inappropriate glucagon secretion. These agents appear to have physiol. based antihyperglycemic effects and may modify the progressive nature of type 2 diabetes mellitus. In clin. trials sitagliptin and vildagliptin have modest demonstrated effectiveness, with clin. meaningful redns. of glycated Hb when used as monotherapy. They appear promising in combination or added to ongoing therapy with other antidiabetic drugs (e.g. metformin, thiazolidinediones, or insulin). Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors themselves are not associated with hypoglycemia or weight gain and appear to have a benign safety profile. Summary: Oral dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors may prove valuable in the treatment of diabetes, given their effectiveness in reducing glycated Hb with neutral weight effects and without the adverse events associated with other agents. Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors appear to improve islet function and may modify the course of diabetes; this, however, must be confirmed with long-term controlled studies to demonstrate sustained glycemic control that translates into β -cell preservation.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sitagliptin showed redns. in glycated Hb in patient with type 2 diabetes mellitus)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

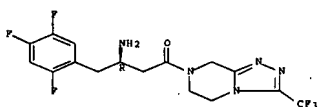
RL PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(multi-stage process to control particle size of pharmaceutical substance)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L111 ANSWER TO OP 1111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:536876 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:521785

TI Oxazoles and thiazoles as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy

IN Epplé, Robert; Xie, Yongping; Wang, Xing; Russo, Ross; Cow, Christopher; Azimioara, Mihai

PA IRM LLC, Bermuda

SO PCT Int. Appl., 80pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007056497	A1	20070519	WO 2006-US43587	20061107
M:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			

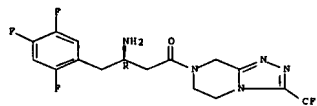
PRAI US 2005-734592P

OS MARPAT 146:521785

GI

alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 70 THERE ARE 70 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L111 ANSWER TO OP 1111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:536945 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:507823

TI Multi-stage process to control particle size of pharmaceutical substance

IN Mooney, Brett Antony

PA Alphapharm Pty. Ltd., Australia; Keramidas, Panagiotis

SO PCT Int. Appl., 27pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007053904	A1	20070519	WO 2006-AU1487	20061110
M:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			

PRAI AU 2005-906227 A 20051110

AB This invention relates to multi-stage process to control the particle size of a pharmaceutical substance comprising the steps of: passing the pharmaceutical substance through a first stage of a particle size reduction process with a first set of particle size control parameters to obtain a feedstock of reduced median particle size and lesser distribution of median particle size for a second stage of a particle size reduction process; passing the feedstock through a second stage of a particle size reduction process with a second set of particle size control parameters; optionally, using the product of the second stage or subsequent stages as a feedstock in further stages of a multi-stage particle size reduction process with a set of particle size control parameters for each stage; and collecting a pharmaceutical substance with a median particle size greater than 10µm and with a narrow, reproducible distribution of median particle sizes. Thus, oxcarbazepine was milled in a 12" spiral jet mill to produce particle size of 15µm to 17µm.

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The invention relates to oxazoles and thiazoles of formula I, which modulate the activity of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) families, particularly the activity of PPAR δ . In compds. I, M is N or CH; Y is O, S, CH₂CH₂, or CR₂SR₆, where R₅ and R₆ are independently selected from H and C1-6 alkyl; Z is S or O; R₁ is -L1-X-C(R₇R₈)-L2-CO₂R₉; L₁ and L₂ are independently a bond or C1-4 alkylene; X is a bond, O, or S; R₇ and R₈ are independently H, C1-4 alkyl, or C1-4 alkoxy, or R₇ and R₈, together with the carbon atom to which they are attached, form C3-12 cycloalkyl; R₉ is H or C1-6 alkyl; n is 0-3; each R₂ is independently selected from halo, C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 alkoxy, C1-4 alkylthio, and C3-12 cycloalkyl; R₃ is C1-8 alkyl; and R₄ is selected from halo, C1-4 alkyl, C1-4 haloalkyl, and C1-4 haloalkoxy; including salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound I with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, optionally containing another active ingredient selected from anti-diabetic agents, hypolipidemic agents, anti-obesity agents, anti-hypertensive agents, etc., as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment or prevention of disease or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Disassociation of 4-(trifluoromethoxy)acetophenone followed by heterocyclization with acetonitrile, and sequential double bromination gave dibromooxazole II. O-Benzoylation of 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde, condensation with Et ethoxyacetate, and hydrogenation resulted in the formation of ethoxypropionate III, which underwent substitution of II followed by Suzuki coupling with 2-isopropoxy-5-pyrimidineboronic acid (two-step preparation from 5-bromo-2-chloropyrimidine is given) and ester hydrolysis to give oxazole IV. The compds. of the invention, e.g., IV, are modulators of PPAR, particularly PPAR δ (no data).

IT 654671-78-0

RL PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(codrug; preparation of oxazole and thiazole compds. as PPAR modulators)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

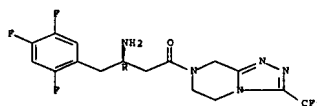
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 04 P



RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

(L11) ANSWER 13 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 2007:531591 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 147:108754

TI DPP 4 inhibitor, sitagliptin

AU Okamoto, Taro; Nonaka, Kenji

CS Clinical Development Institute, Banyu Pharmaceutical co. Ltd., Japan

SO BIO Clinica (2007); 22(5), 430-435

CODEN: BCLCV; ISSN: 0919-8237

PB Hokuryukan

DT Journal, General Review

LA Japanese

AB A review. Sitagliptin, a kind of DPP 4 inhibitor, is reviewed in the aspects of its pharmacol. effect and clin. effect with 21 refs. Sitagliptin which is excellent selective DPP 4 inhibitor for type 2 diabetes mellitus patients is administered once daily and shows effectiveness and good tolerance less side effect, such as hypoglycemia and weight gain. In vitro pharmacol. show that sitagliptin has at least of 2600 times DPP-4 selective margin comparing with DPP8, DPP9. In vivo pharmacol. over animal experiment show that number of islet β -cell of diabetes decreased by sitagliptin. At home and abroad by clin. phase I and II trial, sitagliptin shows effect of decreasing HbA1c level with safety so that the improved blood glucose control effect by sitagliptin is obvious.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

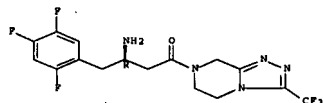
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(DPP 4 inhibitor, sitagliptin)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*al*pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



(L11) ANSWER 15 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 2007:513287 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:454126

TI Transport of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin by human organic anion transporter 3, organic anion transporting polypeptide 4C1, and multidrug resistance P-glycoprotein

AU Chu, Xiao-Yan; Bleasby, Kelly; Yabut, Jocelyn; Cai, Xiaoxin; Chan, Grace; Hoye, Michael J.; Xu, Shiyao; Bergman, Arthur J.; Braun, Matthew P.; Dean, Dennis C.; Evers, Raymond

CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck and Co., Rahway, NJ, USA

SO Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics (2007); 321(2), 673-683

CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

DT Journal

LA English

AB Sitagliptin, a selective dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor recently approved for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, is excreted into the urine via active tubular secretion and glomerular filtration in humans. In this report, we demonstrate that sitagliptin is transported by human organic anion transporter hOAT3 ($K_m = 162 \mu M$), organic anion transporting polypeptide OATP4C1, and multidrug resistance (MDR) P-glycoprotein (Pgp), but not by human organic cation transporter 2 hOCT2, hOAT1, oligopeptide transporter hPEPT1, OATP2B1, and the multidrug resistance proteins MRP2 and MRP4. Our studies suggested that hOAT3, OATP4C1, and MDR1 Pgp might play a role in transporting sitagliptin into and out of renal proximal tubule cells, resp. Sitagliptin did not inhibit hOAT1-mediated cidofovir uptake, but it showed weak inhibition of hOAT3-mediated cimetidine uptake ($IC_{50} = 160 \mu M$). hOAT3-mediated sitagliptin uptake was inhibited by probenecid, ibuprofen, furosemide, fenofibric acid, quinapril, indapamide, and cimetidine with IC_{50} values of 5.6, 3.7, 1.7, 2.2, 6.2, 11, and 79 μM , resp. Sitagliptin did not inhibit Pgp-mediated transport of digoxin, verapamil, ritonavir, quinidine, and vinblastine. Cyclosporine A significantly inhibited Pgp-mediated transport of sitagliptin ($IC_{50} = 1 \mu M$). Our data indicate that sitagliptin is unlikely to be a perpetrator of drug-drug interactions with Pgp, hOAT1, or hOAT3 substrates at clin. relevant concns. Renal secretion of sitagliptin could be inhibited if coadministered with OAT3 inhibitors such as probenecid. However, the magnitude of interactions should be low, and the effects may not be clin. meaningful, due to the high safety margin of sitagliptin.

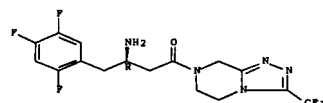
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study)
(transport of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin by human transport proteins and possible drug interactions)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*al*pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11 ANSWER 14 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:522129 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 147:132522

TI Sitagliptin

AU Lyseng-Williamson, Katherine A.

CS Wolters Kluwer Health/Adis, Auckland, N. Z.

SO Drugs (2007); 67(4), 587-597

CODEN: DRUGAY; ISSN: 0012-6667

PB Adis International Ltd.

DT Journal, General Review

LA English

AB A review. Sitagliptin, an oral dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor, improves glycemic control by inhibiting DPP-4 inactivation of the incretin hormones glucagon-like peptide-1 and glucose-dependent insulinotropic polypeptide. This increases active incretin and insulin levels, and decreases glucagon levels and post-glucose-load glucose excursion. In large, well designed phase III trials in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus, sitagliptin 100 or 200mg once daily alone or in combination with other antihyperglycemics was associated with significant improvements relative to placebo in overall glycemic control and indexes for insulin response and β -cell function. Improvements from baseline in mean glycosylated Hb (HbA1c) were significantly greater with sitagliptin monotherapy than with placebo in patients with type 2 diabetes. As add-on therapy in patients with suboptimal glycemic control despite oral antihyperglycemic treatment, sitagliptin improved HbA1c to a significantly greater extent than placebo when added to metformin or pioglitazone and was noninferior to glipizide when added to metformin. Sitagliptin was well tolerated when administered alone or in combination with other antihyperglycemics, with an adverse event profile similar to that shown with placebo. The incidence of hypoglycemia with sitagliptin was similar to that with placebo and, in combination with metformin, lower than that with glipizide. Sitagliptin had a generally neutral effect on bodyweight.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

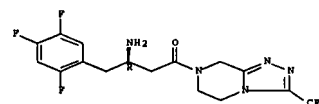
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Januvia alone or in combination with antihyperglycemic improved overall glycemic control, insulin response and β -cell function in patient with type 2 diabetes mellitus)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*al*pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

RE.CNT 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 16 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2007:485597 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:482092

TI Combination of a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor and an anti-hypertensive agent for the treatment of diabetes and hypertension

IN Hasegawa, Philip A.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 42pp.

CODEN: PIXX22

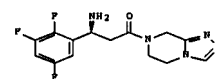
DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007050485	A2	(20070503)	WO 2006-0941233	20061020
M:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, MD, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, T2, UG, ZM, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
PRAI US 2005-730167P	P		20051025	

GI



AB The invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising a combination of a particular dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) inhibitor I and an anti-hypertensive agent selected from the group consisting of an angiotensin II receptor antagonist and an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor. Kits containing such combinations and methods of using such compns. for the treatment of diabetes, diabetes-related disorders, hypertension, and hypertension-related disorders. Example compound I and I-H3P04 was prepared by a multistep procedure (procedure given). Compound I and I-H3P04 were evaluated for their DPP-4 inhibitory activity.

IT 486460-32-6P, Sitagliptin

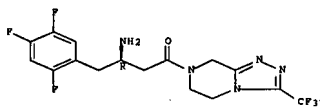
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PRBP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(preparation of sitagliptin phosphate and combination of particular DPP-4

inhibitor and antihypertensive agent selected from angiotensin II receptor antagonist and ACE inhibitor for treatment of diabetes and hypertension)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 654671-78-0D

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of sitagliptin phosphate and combination of particular DPP-4 inhibitor and antihypertensive agent selected from angiotensin II receptor antagonist and ACE inhibitor for treatment of diabetes and hypertension)

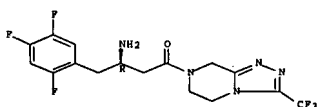
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 P6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P

GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI US 2005-724919P P 20051007

OS MARPAT 146:435216

AB The invention relates to compns., conjugates, and methods for the prevention and/or treatment of a condition and/or disease comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a DPP-IV inhibitor and a gastrin compound. The combination of a DPP-IV inhibitor and a gastrin compound provides beneficial effects, in particular sustained beneficial effects, in the prevention and/or treatment of conditions and/or diseases for which either a DPP-IV inhibitor or a gastrin compound have been demonstrated to have a therapeutic effect, including but not limited to diabetes, hypertension, chronic heart failure, fluid retentive states, obesity, metabolic syndrome and related diseases and disorders. Combinations of a DPP-IV inhibitor and a gastrin compound can be selected to provide unexpectedly additive effects or synergistic effects.

IT 486460-32-6D, Sitagliptin, conjugates with gastrin

654671-78-0D, MK 0431, conjugates with gastrin

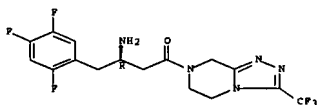
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(combinations and conjugates of dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors and gastrins for treatment of disorders of metabolism and homeostasis)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



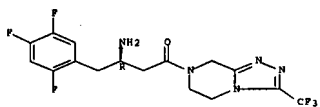
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 P6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 767340-03-4P

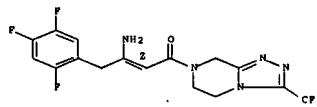
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of sitagliptin phosphate and combination of particular DPP-4 inhibitor and antihypertensive agent selected from angiotensin II receptor antagonist and ACE inhibitor for treatment of diabetes and hypertension)

RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



1111 ANSWER 1111 OF 1111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:438460 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:435216

TI Combinations and conjugates of dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors and gastrins for treatment of disorders of metabolism and homeostasis

IN Cruz, Antonio

PA Maratah Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Can.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 64pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007041833	A1	20070419	WO 2006-CA1644	20061006
W: AR, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,				

CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



RE CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

1111 ANSWER 1111 OF 1111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:417196 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 147:440

TI Sitagliptin: profile of a novel DPP-4 inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes

AU Gallwitz, Baptist

CS Department of Medicine IV, Eberhard-Karls-University, Tuebingen, Germany

SO Drugs of Today (2007), 43(1), 13-25

CODEN: MDACAP; ISSN: 1699-3993

PB Prous Science

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review. Novel therapeutic strategies for type 2 diabetes are needed, since the current treatment options neither address all pathophysiol. mechanisms nor achieve the glycemic target goals. A general islet-cell dysfunction including insulin- and glucagon-secretion defects contributes to the pathophysiol. of type 2 diabetes. Improving islet function by incretin hormone action is a novel therapeutic approach. Glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) and glucose-dependent insulinotropic peptide (GIP) are important incretin hormones contributing to 50-70% of the stimulation of insulin secretion after a meal. Dipeptidyl-peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibitors inhibit the degradation of GLP-1 and GIP as well as that of other regulatory peptides. Sitagliptin, a DPP-4 inhibitor, is orally active and has been shown to be efficacious and safe in clin. studies. Sitagliptin has received approval in Mexico, the United States and other countries. Like other DPP-4 inhibitors, sitagliptin reduces Hb A1c (HbA1c), fasting and postprandial glucose by glucose-dependent stimulation of insulin secretion and inhibition of glucagon secretion. Sitagliptin is weight neutral. Indirect measures show a possible improvement of beta-cell function. Sitagliptin does not cause a higher rate of hypoglycemia in comparison to metformin or placebo. This article gives an overview of the mechanisms of action, pharmacol. and clin. trial results of sitagliptin.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(sitagliptin was effective, safe and reduced Hb A1c, fasting and postprandial glucose by glucose-dependent stimulation of insulin secretion and inhibition of glucagon secretion in type 2 diabetes patient)

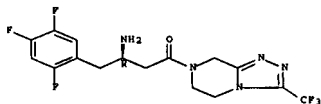
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

33of 237

8/8/2007

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 58 THERE ARE 58 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

(L11) ANSWER 19 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:412643 CAPLUS Full-text

DI 146:408429
TI Pharmaceutical formulations containing a dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor
IN Joshi, Yatindra; Kowalski, James; Lakshman, Jay Parthiban; Royce, Alan
Edward; Tong, Wei-Qin; Vasanthavada, Madhav
PA Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
SO PCT Int. Appl., 62pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007041053	A2	(20070412)	WO 2006-US37198	20060925
<p>W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZM, ZW</p> <p>RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM</p>				
PRAI US 2005-722624P	P	20050929		
<p>AB This invention relates to a formulation comprising a dipeptidylpeptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor preferably vildagliptin and metformin, to tablets comprising such formulations and to processes for the preparation thereof. Thus, tablet contained metformin HCl250.0, Klucel EXP 24.75, and Mg stearate 3.25 mg/tablet.</p> <p>IT 654671-78-0, MK 0431</p> <p>RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmaceutical formulations containing dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor)</p> <p>RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS</p> <p>CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)</p>				

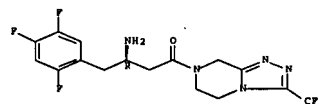
34of 237

8/8/2007

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



(L11) ANSWER 20 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:409270 CAPLUS Full-text

DI 146:415127
TI Dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP IV) inhibitor combination with immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory agent, and therapeutic use
IN Allison, Malcolm; Burkey, Bryan; Hughes, Thomas Edward; Kemp, Daniel Matthew
PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 54pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007041368	A2	(20070412)	WO 2006-US38203	20060928
<p>W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZM, ZW</p> <p>RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,</p>				

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8/8/2007

CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



(L11) ANSWER 21 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:407453 CAPLUS Full-text

DI 147:45133
TI Metabolism and excretion of the dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor [14C]sitagliptin in humans
AU Vincent, Stella H.; Reed, James R.; Bergman, Arthur J.; Elmore, Charles S.; Zhu, Bing; Xu, Shiyao; Ebel, David; Larson, Patrick; Zeng, Wei; Chen, Li; Dilzer, Stacy; Lasseter, Kenneth; Gottesdiener, Keith; Wagner, John A.; Herman, Gary A.
CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA
SO Drug Metabolism and Disposition (2007) 35(4), 533-538
CODEN: DMDSAL; ISSN: 0090-9556
PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics
DT Journal
LA English
AB The metabolism and excretion of [14C]sitagliptin, an orally active, potent and selective dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor, were investigated in humans after a single oral dose of 83 mg/193 µCi. Urine, feces, and plasma were collected at regular intervals for up to 7 days. The primary route of excretion of radioactivity was via the kidneys, with a mean value of 87% of the administered dose recovered in urine. Mean fecal excretion was 13% of the administered dose. Parent drug was the major radioactive component in plasma, urine, and feces, with only 16% of the dose excreted as metabolites (13% in urine and 3% in feces), indicating that sitagliptin was eliminated primarily by renal excretion. Approx. 74% of plasma AUC of total radioactivity was accounted for by parent drug. Six metabolites were detected at trace levels, each representing <1 to 7% of the radioactivity in plasma. These metabolites were the N-sulfate and N-carbamoyl glucuronic acid conjugates of parent drug, a mixture of hydroxylated derivs., an ether glucuronide of a hydroxylated metabolite, and two metabolites formed by oxidative desatn. of the piperazine ring followed by cyclization. These metabolites were detected also in urine, at low levels. Metabolite profiles in feces were similar to those in urine and plasma, except that the glucuronides were not detected in feces. CYP3A4 was the major cytochrome P 450 isoenzyme responsible for the limited oxidative metabolism of sitagliptin, with some minor contribution from CYP2C8.
IT 539559-84-9 339559-86-1D, glucuronides
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (metabolism and excretion of dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor [14C]sitagliptin in humans)
RN 939559-84-9 CAPLUS

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8/8/2007

IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI US 2005-722629P P 20050930

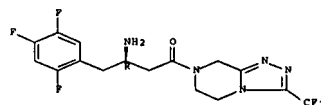
AB The invention discloses a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp. comprising of a DPP IV inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and comprising at least one immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory agent, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The invention furthermore discloses the use of such a combination for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of diseases and disorders that may be inhibited by DPP IV inhibition, for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of autoimmune diseases, and the disorders associated therewith, or for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of graft rejection.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin 654671-78-0, MK-0431
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor combination with immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory agent, and therapeutic use)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

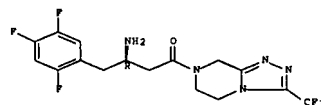
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

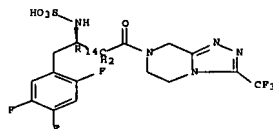
Absolute stereochemistry.



37of 237 8/8/2007

CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

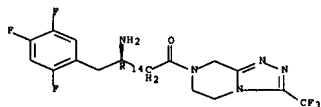
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 939959-86-1 CAPLUS

CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

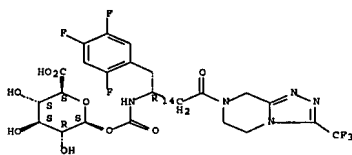
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 939959-87-2 CAPLUS

CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

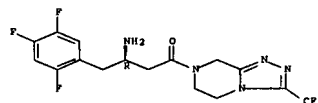


IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin 654671-78-0, Januvia
 RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (metabolism and excretion of dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor [14C]sitagliptin in humans)
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

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CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

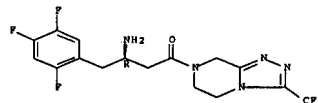
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER.22.OP.111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2007:407452 CAPLUS Full-text

39of 237 8/8/2007

DN 147:45132

TI Disposition of the dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor sitagliptin in rats and dogs

AU Beconi, Maria G.; Reed, James R.; Teffera, Yohannes; Xia, Yuan-Qing; Kochansky, Christopher J.; Liu, David Q.; Xu, Shiyao; Elmore, Charles S.; Cicco, Suzanne; Hora, Donald F.; Stearns, Ralph A.; Vincent, Stella H.

CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA

SO Drug Metabolism and Disposition (2007), 35(4), 525-532

CODEN: DMDSDI; ISSN: 0090-9556

PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

DT Journal

LA English

AB The pharmacokinetics, metabolism, and excretion of sitagliptin [MK-0431; (2R)-4-oxo-4-[(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine], a potent dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor, were evaluated in male Sprague-Dawley rats and beagle dogs. The plasma clearance and volume of distribution of sitagliptin were higher in rats (40-48 mL/min/kg, 7-9 L/kg) than in dogs (1.4-1.9 mL/min/kg, 1.4-1.9 L/kg), and its half-life was shorter in rats, approx. 2 h compared with approx. 4 h in dogs. Sitagliptin was absorbed rapidly after oral administration of a solution of the phosphate salt. The absolute oral bioavailability was high, and the pharmacokinetics were fairly dose-proportional. After administration of [14C]sitagliptin, parent drug was the major radioactive component in rat and dog plasma, urine, bile, and feces. Sitagliptin was eliminated primarily by renal excretion of parent drug; biliary excretion was an important pathway in rats, whereas metabolism was minimal in both species in vitro and in vivo. Approx. 10 to 16% of the radiolabeled dose was recovered in the rat and dog excreta as phase I and II metabolites, which were formed by N-sulfation, N-carbamoyl glucuronidation, hydroxylation of the triazolopyrazine ring, and oxidative cleavage of the piperazine ring followed by cyclization via the primary amine. The renal clearance of unbound drug in rats, 32 to 39 mL/min/kg, far exceeded the glomerular filtration rate, indicative of active renal elimination of parent drug.

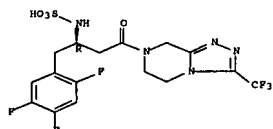
IT 940002-57-3 940002-59-5 940002-61-9
 940002-62-0 940292-24-0

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (disposition of the dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor sitagliptin [MK-0431, Januvia] in rats and dogs)

RN 940002-57-3 CAPLUS

CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

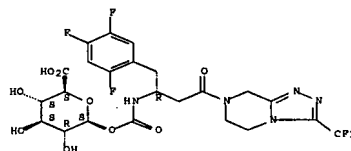


RN 940002-59-5 CAPLUS

CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

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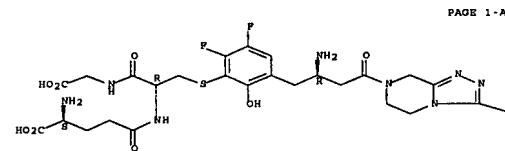
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 940002-61-9 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, L-γ-glutamyl-S-[3-[(2R)-2-amino-4-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-oxobutyl]-5,6-difluoro-2-hydroxyphenyl]-L-cysteinyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

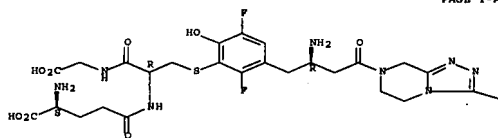


RN 940002-62-0 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, L-γ-glutamyl-S-[3-[(2R)-2-amino-4-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-oxobutyl]-2,5-difluoro-6-hydroxyphenyl]-L-cysteinyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

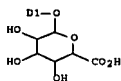
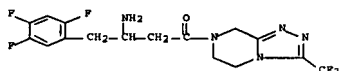
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

CF₃

RN 940292-24-0 CAPLUS
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

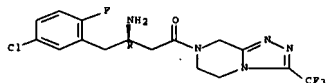


IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study)
(disposition of the dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor sitagliptin (MK-0431, Januvia) in rats and dogs)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

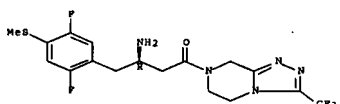
L11 ANSWER 24070311 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:403439 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 147:25788
TI Affinity-based ranking of ligands for DPP-4 from mixtures
AU Adam, Gregory C.; Meng, Juncai; Athanassopoulos, John; Zhang, Xiaoping; Chapman, Kevin T.
CS Department of Target Validation, Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA
SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2007) 17(9), 2404-2407
CODEN: BMCLER; ISSN: 0960-894X
PB Elsevier Ltd.
DT Journal
LA English
AB Affinity-based selection strategies have recently emerged as a complement to traditional high throughput screening for the rapid discovery of lead compounds for the large number of protein targets emerging from omics technologies. Herein, we describe a method for the ranking of mixtures of ligands by affinity selection and apply it to rank order a set of inhibitors for the enzyme dipeptidyl peptidase IV.
IT 939402-83-2 939402-86-5 939402-90-1
939402-92-3
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
(affinity-based ranking of ligands for DPP-4 from mixtures.)
RN 939402-83-2 CAPLUS
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.



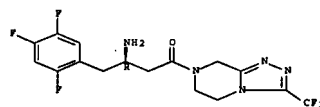
RN 939402-86-5 CAPLUS
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 939402-90-1 CAPLUS
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

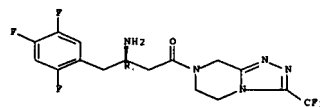
Absolute stereochemistry.



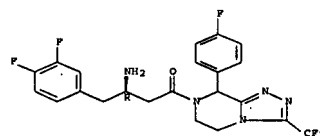
RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 24070311 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:407451 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 147:45131
TI Characterization of two cyclic metabolites of sitagliptin
AU Liu, David Q.; Arison, Byron H.; Stearns, Ralph A.; Kim, Doosop; Vincent, Stella H.
CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA
SO Drug Metabolism and Disposition (2007) 35(4), 521-524
CODEN: DMDSAI; ISSN: 0090-9556
PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics
DT Journal
LA English
AB Two novel metabolites of the dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitor sitagliptin (MK-0431, (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-butan-2-amine), were identified after purification from dog urine. The metabolites (referred to as M2 and M5) were characterized by hydrogen/deuterium exchange tandem mass spectrometry and NMR spectroscopy nuclear Overhauser effect expts. as the cis and trans stereoisomers formed by cyclization of the primary amino group with the alpha carbon of the piperazine ring, following oxidative desatn.
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(characterization of two cyclic metabolites of sitagliptin)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

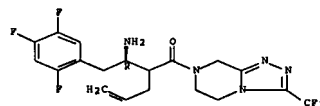


Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 939402-92-3 CAPLUS
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry.

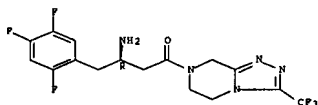


RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 25070311 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:383944 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:365787
TI Medical agent containing insulin resistance improving agent
IN Kanda, Shoichi; Nakashima, Ryutaro
PA Sankyo Company, Limited, Japan
SO PCT Int. Appl., 24pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2007037296 A1 20070405 WO 2006-JP319239 20060928
M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,

GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 PRA1 JP 2005-283466 A 20050929
 AB The present invention aims to provide a method for treating diabetes which exhibits excellent blood sugar lowering action, while having only few side effects. Specifically disclosed is a pharmaceutical product obtained by combining a DPP-IV inhibitor and an insulin resistance improving agent. For example, tablets were formulated containing rivoglitazone (as insulin resistance improving agent) and MK-0431 (DPP-IV inhibitor).
 IT 654671-78-0, MK 0431 930279-24-6 930279-26-8
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oral pharmaceuticals containing DPP-IV inhibitor and insulin resistance improving agent.)
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

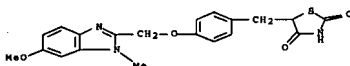


CM 2
 CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P



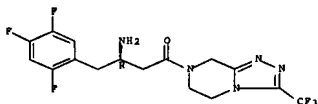
RN 930279-24-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2,4-Thiazolidinedione, 5-[[4-[(6-methoxy-1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-, hydrochloride (1:1), mixt. with (3R)-3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-1-butanone phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

yl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-, mixt. with (3R)-3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-1-butanone phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 185428-18-6
 CMP C20 H19 N3 O4 S



CM 2
 CRN 654671-78-0
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O . H3 O4 P
 CM 3
 CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

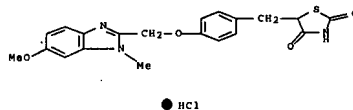
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 4
 CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P

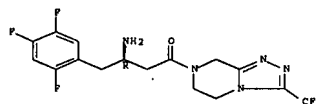


CM 1
 CRN 299176-11-7
 CMP C20 H19 N3 O4 S . C1 H



CM 2
 CRN 654671-78-0
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O . H3 O4 P
 CM 3
 CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 4
 CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P

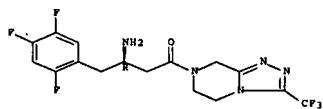


RN 930279-26-8 CAPLUS
 CN 2,4-Thiazolidinedione, 5-[[4-[(6-methoxy-1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

113 ANSWER 26 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2007:360862 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 146:434793
 TI Efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, sitagliptin, compared with the sulfonylurea, glipizide, in patients with type 2 diabetes inadequately controlled on metformin alone: a randomized, double-blind, non-inferiority trial
 AU Hauck, M. A.; Weininger, G.; Sheng, D.; Terranella, L.; Stein, P. P.
 CS The Sitagliptin Study 024 Group, Diabetessentrum Bad Lauterberg im Harz, Bad Lauterberg, Germany
 SO Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism (2007) 12(2), 194-205
 CODEN: DOMEP6; ISSN: 1462-8902
 PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB To compare the efficacy and safety of sitagliptin vs. glipizide in patients with type 2 diabetes and inadequate glycemic control [Hb A1c (HbA1c) 26.5 and 510%] on metformin monotherapy. After a metformin dose titration/stabilization period (≥1500 mg/day), 1172 patients were randomized to the addition of sitagliptin 100 mg q.d. (N = 588) or glipizide 5 mg/day (up-titrated to a potential maximum 20 mg/day) (N = 584) for 52 wk. The primary anal. assessed whether sitagliptin was non-inferior to glipizide regarding HbA1c changes from baseline at Week 52 using a per-protocol approach. From a mean baseline of 7.5%, HbA1c changes from baseline were -0.67% at Week 52 in both groups, confirming non-inferiority. The proportions achieving an HbA1c < 7% were 63% (sitagliptin) and 59% (glipizide). Fasting plasma glucose changes from baseline were -0.56 mmol/l (-10.0 mg/dL) and -0.42 mmol/l (-7.5 mg/dL) for sitagliptin and glipizide, resp. The proportion of patients experiencing hypoglycemia episodes was significantly (p < 0.001) higher with glipizide (32%) than with sitagliptin (5%), with 657 events in glipizide-treated patients compared with 50 events in sitagliptin-treated patients. Sitagliptin led to weight loss (change from baseline = -1.5 kg) compared with weight gain (+1.1 kg) with glipizide [between-treatment difference (95% confidence interval) = -2.5 kg (-3.1, -2.0); p < 0.001]. In this study, the addition of sitagliptin compared with glipizide provided similar HbA1c-lowering efficacy over 52 wk in patients on ongoing metformin therapy. Sitagliptin was generally well tolerated, with a lower risk of hypoglycemia relative to glipizide and with weight loss compared with weight gain with glipizide.
 IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (addition of sitagliptin compared with glipizide provided similar HbA1c-lowering efficacy in type 2 diabetes patient treated with metformin)
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

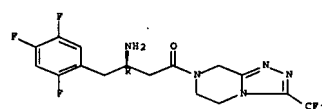


RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 27 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:360861 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:434792
TI Effect of adding sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, to metformin on 24-h glycaemic control and β -cell function in patients with type 2 diabetes
AU Brazz, R.; Xu, L.; Man, C. Dalla; Cobelli, C.; Thomas, K.; Stein, P. P.
CS Rainier Clinical Research Center, Renton, WA, USA
SO Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism (2007), 9(2), 186-193
CODEN: DOMEF6; ISSN: 1462-8902
PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
DT Journal
LA English
AB The aim of this study was to assess the effect of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, on 24-h glucose control when added to the regimen of patients with type 2 diabetes who had inadequate glycaemic control on metformin therapy. In a double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, two-period crossover study, patients with type 2 diabetes with inadequate glycaemic control on metformin monotherapy (i.e. on a stable dose of ≥ 1500 mg/day for ≥ 6 wk prior to the screening visit and an HbA1c (HbA1c) $\geq 6.5\%$ and $<10\%$ and fasting plasma glucose (FPG) ≥ 240 mg/dL) were recruited for participation. A total of 28 patients (baseline HbA1c range = $6.5-9.6\%$) receiving metformin were randomized into one of two treatment sequences: the addition of placebo for 4 wk followed by the addition of sitagliptin 50 mg twice daily (b.i.d.) for 4 wk, or vice versa. At the end of each treatment period, patients were domiciled for frequent blood sampling over 24 h. The primary endpoint was 24-h weighted mean glucose (WMG) and secondary endpoints included change in FPG, mean of 7 daily self-blood glucose measurements (MDG) and fructosamine. β -Cell function was assessed from glucose and C-peptide concns. were measured during the 5-h period after a standard breakfast meal by using the C-peptide minimal model. Despite a carryover effect from period 1 to period 2, the combined period 1 and period 2 results for glycaemic endpoints were statistically significant for sitagliptin relative to placebo when added to ongoing metformin therapy. To account for the carryover effect, the period 1 results were also compared between the groups. Following period 1, there were significant least-squares (LS) mean redns. in 24-h WMG of 32.8 mg/dL, significant LS mean reduction from baseline in MDG of 28 mg/dL, FPG of 20.3 mg/dL and fructosamine of 33.7 mmol/l in patients treated with sitagliptin relative to placebo ($p < 0.05$). When added to ongoing metformin therapy, parameters of β -cell function were significantly improved with sitagliptin compared with placebo. No weight gain or increases in gastrointestinal adverse events or hypoglycemia events were observed with sitagliptin relative to placebo during this study. In this study, the addition of sitagliptin 50 mg b.i.d. to ongoing metformin therapy improved 24-h glycaemic control and β -

cell function, and was generally well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes.
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (addition of sitagliptin to ongoing metformin therapy improved glycaemic control and β -cell function and was generally well tolerated in type 2 diabetes patient)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

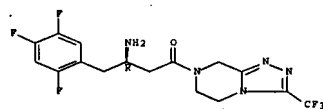


RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 28 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:360858 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:434012
TI Dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors: a major new class of oral antidiabetic drug
AU Idris, Iskandar; Donnelly, Richard
CS Department of Diabetes & Endocrinology, Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Trust, Mansfield, UK
SO Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism (2007), 9(2), 153-165
CODEN: DOMEF6; ISSN: 1462-8902
PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
DT Journal, General Review
LA English
AB A review. Exploiting the incretin effect to develop new glucose-lowering treatments has become the focus of intense research. One successful approach has been the development of oral inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV). These drugs reversibly block DPP-IV-mediated inactivation of incretin hormones, for example, glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1) and also other peptides that have alanine or proline as the penultimate N-terminal amino acid. DPP-IV inhibitors, therefore, increase circulating levels and prolong the bio. activity of endogenous GLP-1, but whether this is sufficient to fully explain the substantial reduction in HbA1c (HbA1c) and associated metabolic profile remains open to further investigation. DPP-IV inhibitors such as vildagliptin and sitagliptin have been shown to be highly effective antihyperglycemic agents that augment insulin secretion and reduce glucagon secretion via glucose-dependent mechanisms. This review summarizes the major clin. trials with DPP-IV inhibitors as monotherapy and as add-on therapy in patients with type 2 diabetes. The magnitude of HbA1c reduction with DPP-IV inhibitors depends upon the pretreatment HbA1c values, but there seems to be no change in body weight, and very low rates of hypoglycemia and gastrointestinal disturbance with these agents. DPP-IV inhibitors represent a major new class

of oral antidiabetic drug and their metabolic profile offers a number of unique clin. advantages for the management of type 2 diabetes.
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (sitagliptin have been shown to be highly effective antihyperglycemic agents that augment insulin secretion and reduce glucagon secretion via glucose-dependent mechanisms in patient)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



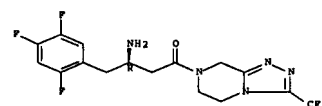
RE.CNT 100 THERE ARE 100 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 29 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:351221 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:365734
TI Dodecylsulfate salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor
IN Ellison, Martha E.; Peresypkin, Andrey V.; Wenslow, Robert M.
PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 25pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2007035198 A2 20070329 WO 2006-US28504 20060721
WO 2007035198 A3 20070719
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, ME, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TW, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GO, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
PRAI US 2005-702232P 20050725
AB The dodecylsulfate salt of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo-[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine (I) is a potent inhibitor of dipeptidyl

peptidase-IV and is useful for the treatment of Type 2 diabetes. The invention also relates to a crystalline anhydrate of the dodecylsulfate salt as well as a process for its preparation, pharmaceutical compns. containing this novel form and methods of use for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, hyperglycemia, insulin resistance, and obesity. I was prepared in a series of steps. The salt obtained was a crystalline anhydrous substance and characterized by x-ray powder diffraction.
IT 530277-01-3P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (dodecylsulfate salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)
RN 930277-01-3 CAPLUS
CN 1-Dodecanesulfonic acid, compd. with (3R)-3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-1-butanone (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

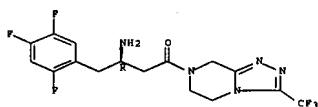


CN 2
CRN 1510-16-3
CMF C12 H26 O3 S

HO₂S-(CH₂)₁₁-H

IT 486460-32-6P 654671-78-0P 847445-81-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (dodecylsulfate salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

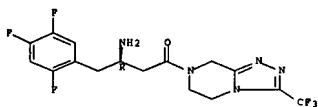


RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

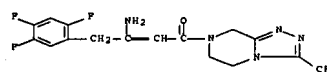


CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L11 ANSWER 30 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:350563 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:330852

TI Use of a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor to reduce hypoglycemic events in antidiabetic treatment

IN Balkan, Boerk; Holmes, David Grenville; Hughes, Thomas Edward; Villhauer, Edwin Bernard

PA Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH

SO PCT Int. Appl., 51pp.

CODEN: PIXXD3

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007035665	A1	(20070329)	WO 2006-US36338	20060918
M:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BM, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NO, NI, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RM:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			

PRAI US 2005-718856P

US 2005-786755P

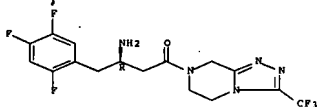
AB The invention discloses a method to reduce the hypoglycemic events, especially severe hypoglycemic events resulting from insulin treatment, wherein the patient is treated with a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (DPP-IV inhibitor), e.g. vildagliptin, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors for reduction of hypoglycemic events in antidiabetic treatment)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 31 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:320887 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:394157

TI Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibition with sitagliptin: a new therapy for Type 2 diabetes

AU Deacon, Carolyn P.

CS Panum Institute, Department of Biomedical Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen N, DK-2200, Den.

SO Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs (2007), 16(4), 533-545

CODEN: EOIDER; ISSN: 1354-3784

PB Informa Healthcare

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

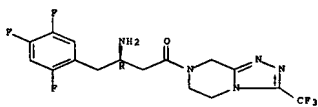
AB A review. Sitagliptin is a once-daily, orally active, competitive and fully reversible inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase 4, the enzyme that is responsible for the rapid degradation of the incretin hormone glucagon-like peptide-1. It is the first in this new class of antihyperglycemic agents to gain regulatory approval for the treatment of Type 2 diabetes, both as a monotherapy and for use in combination with metformin or a thiazolidinedione. In clin. trials of 51-yr duration, sitagliptin improves glycemic control by reducing both fasting and postprandial glucose concns., leading to clin. meaningful redns. in glycosylated hb levels. It is safe and well tolerated, with a side-effect profile that is similar to that of the placebo, a low incidence of hypoglycemia and body weight neutrality. Further clin. experience with sitagliptin will reveal its long-term durability, safety and efficacy.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibition with sitagliptin: a new therapy for Type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 57 THERE ARE 57 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 32 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:299064 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:492585

TI Discovery and Structure-Activity Relationships of Piperidinone- and Piperidine-Constrained Phenethylamines as Novel, Potent, and Selective Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors

AU Pei, Zhonghua; Li, Xiaofeng; Von Geldern, Thomas W.; Longenecker, Kenton; Pireh, Daisy; Stewart, Kent D.; Backes, Bradley J.; Lai, Chunqiu; Lubben, Thomas H.; Ballaron, Stephen J.; Beno, David W. A.; Kempf-Grote, Anita J.; Sham, Hing L.; Trevillyan, James M.

CS Metabolic Disease Research, Global Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, 60064-3500, USA

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2007), 50(8), 1983-1997

CODEN: JMCWAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB Dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP4) inhibitors are emerging as a new class of therapeutic agents for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. They exert their beneficial effects by increasing the levels of active glucagon-like peptide-1 and glucose-dependent insulinotropic peptide, which are two important incretins for glucose homeostasis. Starting from a high-throughput screening hit, we were able to identify a series of piperidinone- and piperidine-constrained phenethylamines as novel DPP4 inhibitors. Optimized compds. are potent, selective, and have good pharmacokinetic profiles.

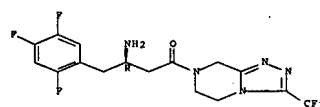
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Discovery and Structure-Activity Relationships of Piperidinone- and Piperidine-Constrained Phenethylamines as Novel, Potent, and Selective Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 33 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:237800 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:394936

TI Efficacy and tolerability of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin as monotherapy over 12 weeks in patients with type 2 diabetes

AU Scott, R.; Wu, M.; Sanchez, M.; Stein, P.

CS Christchurch School of Medicine, Christchurch, N. Z.

SO International Journal of Clinical Practice (2006) Volume Date 2007, 61(1), 171-180

CODEN: IJCPF9; ISSN: 1368-5031

PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB The aim of this study was to assess the efficacy and tolerability of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, sitagliptin, in patients with type 2 diabetes who have inadequate glycaemic control on diet and exercise. In a randomised, double-blind, placebo- and active-controlled study, 743 patients with type 2 diabetes and a mean baseline HbA1c of 7.9% were randomised to receive one of six treatments for 12 wk: placebo, sitagliptin 5, 12.5, 25 or 50 mg b.i.d., or glipizide 5 mg/day (electively titrated up to 20 mg/day). At week 12, treatment with sitagliptin at all doses tested led to a significant ($p < 0.001$) reduction in HbA1c relative to placebo, with the largest redns. occurring in the 50-mg b.i.d. group. The placebo-subtracted differences in HbA1c for the sitagliptin dose groups ranged from -0.38% to -0.77% in a dose-dependent manner, and -1.00% in the glipizide group. Sitagliptin also produced significant redns. in fasting plasma glucose and mean daily glucose across the dose range studied. Sitagliptin treatment was well tolerated and resulted in no significant weight change relative to placebo. There was a modest weight gain observed with glipizide treatment relative to placebo. Hypoglycemia adverse experiences were reported with the highest incidence in the glipizide group (17%) compared with the placebo (2%) or sitagliptin groups (0-4%, not dose-dependent). In summary, in this study sitagliptin improved glycaemic control, with 50 mg b.i.d. being the most ED, and was generally well-tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes.

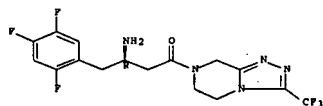
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (efficacy and tolerability of sitagliptin in patients with type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

(L11) ANSWER 34 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STM
AN 2007:227665 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:244370

TI Drug containing FBPass inhibitor and DPP-IV inhibitor

IN Okuno, Akira; Yoshida, Taishi

PA Sankyo Company, Limited, Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 21pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007023754	A1	(20070301)	WO 2006-JP316292	20060821

W: AR, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GS, GR, GU, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KR, KS, KM, KN, KP, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW

RN: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IR, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TO, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI JP 2005-239310 A 20050822

OS MARPAT 146:244370

AB It is intended to provide a remedy for diabetes which exerts little side effects even in prolonged drug administration and is efficacious for a large number of diabetic patients. Disclosed is a drug comprising a combination of an fructose 1,6-bisphosphatase (FBPass) inhibitor with a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor. Thus, the effect of combination of 2-amino-5-isobutyl-4-(2-[5-[N,N'-bis((S)-1-ethoxycarbonyl)ethyl]phosphonamide)furan-2-ylthiazole (I) and MK-0431 on glucose tolerance in Zucker Diabetic Fatty (ZDF) rats was examined. Also, a capsule composition containing 150, MK-0431 25, lactose 75, corn starch 50, and magnesium stearate 2 mg was formulated.

IT 654671-70-0, MK-0431 925660-10-4

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (antidiabetic drugs comprising combination of FBPass inhibitors and DPP-IV inhibitors)

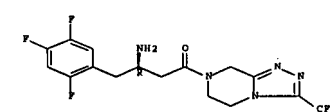
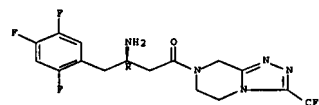
RN 654671-70-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 4

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

(L11) ANSWER 35 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STM
AN 2007:204629 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:329922

TI Effect of a single cyclosporine dose on the single-dose pharmacokinetics of sitagliptin (MK-0431), a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, in healthy male subjects

AU Krishna, Rajesh; Bergman, Arthur; Larson, Patrick; Cote, Josee; Lasseter, Kenneth; Dilzer, Stacey; Wang, Amy; Zeng, Wei; Chen, Li; Wagner, John; Herman, Gary

CS Merck and Co, Inc, Whitehouse Station, NJ, USA

SO Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2007), 47(2), 165-174

CODEN: JCPCBR; ISSN: 0091-2700

PB Sage Publications

DT Journal

LA English

AB Sitagliptin (MK-0431) is an orally active, potent, and selective dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor used for the treatment of patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. Sitagliptin has been shown to be a substrate for P-glycoprotein in preclin. studies. Cyclosporine was used as a probe P-glycoprotein inhibitor at a high dose to evaluate the potential effect of potent P-glycoprotein inhibition on single-dose sitagliptin pharmacokinetics in healthy male subjects. Eight healthy young men received a single oral 600-mg dose of cyclosporine with a single 100-mg oral sitagliptin dose and a single oral 100-mg sitagliptin dose alone in an open-label, randomized, 2-period, crossover study. Single doses of sitagliptin with or without single doses of cyclosporine were generally well tolerated. The sitagliptin AUC_{0-∞} geometric mean ratio was 1.29 with a 90% confidence interval of (1.24, 1.34). The sitagliptin C_{max} geometric mean ratio was 1.68 with a 90% confidence interval of (1.35, 2.08). Cyclosporine coadministration did not appear to affect apparent sitagliptin renal clearance, t_{1/2}, or C₂₄ h, suggesting that effects

CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



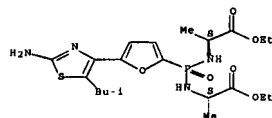
RN 925660-10-4 CAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N,N'-[5-[2-amino-5-(2-methylpropyl)-4-thiazolyl]-2-furanyl]phosphinylidene]bis-, 1,1'-diethyl ester, mixt. with (3R)-3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-1-butanone phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 280782-97-0
CMF C21 H33 N4 O6 P S

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 654671-70-0
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O, H3 O4 P

CM 3

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

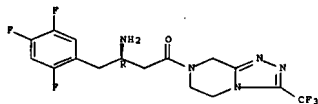
Absolute stereochemistry.

of these high doses of cyclosporine are more likely due to enhanced absorption of sitagliptin, potentially through inhibition of intestinal P-glycoprotein. These results rationalize the use of a single high-dose cyclosporine as a probe inhibitor of P-glycoprotein for compound candidates whose elimination is less dependent on CYP3A4-mediated metabolism

IT 486460-32-6 Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(single dose of sitagliptin with or without Neoral was well tolerated and latter did not appear to affect renal clearance but modestly increased maximal plasma concentration of former in healthy male subject)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 36 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:204628 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:329921

TI Multiple-dose administration of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, does not alter the single-dose pharmacokinetics of rosiglitazone in healthy subjects

AU Mistry, Goutam C.; Bergman, Arthur J.; Luo, Wen-Lin; Cilissen, Caroline; Haesen, Wouter; Davies, Michael J.; Gottesdiener, Keith M.; Wagner, John A.; Herman, Gary A.

CS Merck and Co, Inc. Whitehouse Station, NJ, USA

SO Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2007), 47(2), 159-164

CODEN: JPCPSR; ISSN: 0091-2700

PB Sage Publications

DT Journal

LA English

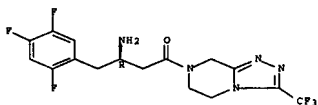
AB Sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, is an incretin enhancer that is approved for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. Sitagliptin is mainly renally eliminated and not a potent inhibitor of CYP450 enzymes in vitro. Rosiglitazone, a thiazolidenedione, is an insulin sensitizer and mainly metabolized by CYP2C8. Since both agents may potentially be coadministered, the purpose of this study was to examine the effects of sitagliptin on rosiglitazone pharmacokinetics. In this open-label, randomized, 2-period, crossover study, 12 healthy normoglycemic subjects, 21 to 44 years, received single 4-mg doses of rosiglitazone alone in one period and coadministered with sitagliptin on day 5 following a multiple-dose regimen for sitagliptin (200 mg once daily x 5 days) in the other period. The geometric mean ratios and 90% confidence intervals (rosiglitazone + sitagliptin/rosiglitazone) for rosiglitazone AUC_{0-∞} and C_{max} were 0.98 (0.93, 1.02) and 0.99 (0.88, 1.12).

carbonitrile 50 mg, Avicel PH-101 56.4 mg, sodium stearyl fumarate 4.8125 mg, talc 1.925 mg, and Eudragit S; Eudragit L (25:75) 25 mg.

IT 486460-32-6
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(composition comprising DPP-IV inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11 ANSWER 38 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:61707 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:149027

TI Composition comprising combination of cannabinoid receptor-1 antagonist and DPP-IV inhibitor

IN Milosavljevic-Ristic, Smiljana

PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 49pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

PAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007006790	A2	20070118	WO 2006-EP64117	20060711
M:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TO, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			

PRAI US 2005-698304P 20050712

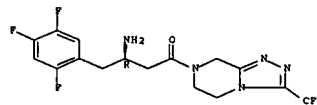
AB The present invention relates to a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising of a DPP IV inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and comprising at least one CB1 antagonist, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The present invention furthermore relates to the use of such a combination for the prevention of, delay of progression of, treatment of diseases and disorders that may be inhibited by DPP IV inhibition, appetency disorders or substance

resp. In conclusion, sitagliptin did not alter the pharmacokinetics of rosiglitazone in healthy subjects.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(coadministration of multiple-dose sitagliptin did not alter single-dose pharmacokinetics of Avandia in healthy human)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 37 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:113034 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:236092

TI Composition comprising DPP-IV inhibitor

IN Loeffler, Bernd Michael; MacDonald, Alexander; Rocha, Cynthia; Worth, Eric

PA F.-Hoffmann-La Roche A.-G., Switz.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 58pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

PAN.CNT

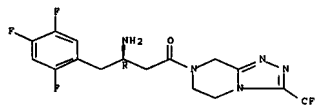
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2007017423	A2	20070215	WO 2006-EP64933	20060802
M:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TO, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
US 2007098781	A1	20070503	US 2006-499587	20060804
PRAI EP 2005-107393	A	20050811		
OS MARPAT 146:236092				
AB	The present invention refers to pharmaceutical composition comprising a DPP-IV inhibitor. Thus, coated tablet 100 mg was prepared comprising (2S)-1-[(1,1-dimethyl-3-(4-pyridin-3-yl-imidazol-1-yl)-propylamino)-acetyl]-pyrrolidine-2-			

abuse disorders. Thus, combination of vildagliptin 50 mg and rimonabant 20 mg was used for improvement of cognitive function.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(composition comprising combination of cannabinoid receptor-1 antagonist and DPP-IV inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11 ANSWER 39 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2007:10527 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:135224

TI Efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin

added to ongoing metformin therapy in patients with type 2 diabetes

inadequately controlled with metformin alone

Charbonnel, Bernard; Karasik, Avraham; Liu, Ji; Wu, Mei; Meininger, Gary

CS SITAGLIPTIN STUDY 020 GROUP, Centre Hospitalier Universitaire de Nantes,

Nantes, Fr.

SO Diabetes Care (2006), 29(12), 2638-2643

CODEN: DICAD2; ISSN: 0149-5992

PB American Diabetes Association, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

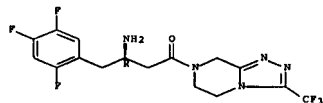
AB The efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, sitagliptin, added to ongoing metformin therapy, were assessed in patients with type 2 diabetes who had inadequate glycemic control (HbA_{1c} (A1C) ≥ 7 and ≥ 10%) with metformin alone. After a screening diet/exercise run-in period, a metformin dose titration/stabilization period, and a 2-wk. single-blind, placebo run-in period, 701 patients, aged 19-78 years, with mild to moderate hyperglycemia (mean A1C 8.0%) receiving ongoing metformin (≥ 1,500 mg/day) were randomly assigned to receive the addition of placebo or sitagliptin 100 mg once-daily in a 1:2 ratio for 24 wk. Patients exceeding specific glycemic limits were provided rescue therapy (pioglitazone) until the end of the study. The efficacy analyses were based on an all-patients-treated population using an ANCOVA and excluded data obtained after glycemic rescue. At week 24, sitagliptin treatment led to significant redns. compared with placebo in A1C (-0.65%) - fasting plasma glucose, and 2-h postmeal glucose. Fasting insulin, fasting C-peptide, fasting proinsulin-to-insulin ratio, postmeal insulin and C-peptide areas under the curve (AUCs), postmeal insulin AUC-to-glucose AUC ratio, homeostasis model assessment of β-cell function, and quant. insulin sensitivity check index were significantly improved with sitagliptin relative to placebo. A significantly greater proportion of patients achieved an A1C < 7% with sitagliptin (47.0%) than with placebo (18.3%). There was no

increased risk of hypoglycemia or gastrointestinal adverse experiences with sitagliptin compared with placebo. Body weight decreased similarly with sitagliptin and placebo. Sitagliptin 100 mg once-daily added to ongoing metformin therapy was efficacious and well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes who had inadequate glycemic control with metformin alone.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sitagliptin 100 mg once-daily added to ongoing metformin therapy was efficacious and well tolerated in patient with type 2 diabetes who had inadequate glycemic control with metformin alone)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

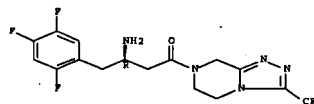
L11 ANSWER 40 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:10526 CAPLUS [Full-text](#)
DN 146:135223
TI Effect of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin as monotherapy on glycemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes
AU Aschner, Pablo; Kipnes, Mark S.; Lunceford, Jared K.; Sanchez, Matilde; Michel, Carolyn; Williams-Herman, Debora E.
CS SITAGLIPTIN STUDY 021 GROUP, Colombian Diabetes Association, Bogota, Colombia
SO Diabetes Care (2006) 29(12), 2632-2637
CODEN: DICA22; ISSN: 0149-5992
PB American Diabetes Association, Inc.
DT Journal
LA English
AB To examine the efficacy and safety of once-daily oral sitagliptin as monotherapy in patients with type 2 diabetes. In a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study, 741 patients (baseline HbA1c [A1C] 8.0%) were randomized to sitagliptin 100 or 200 mg or placebo for 24 wk. Sitagliptin 100 and 200 mg produced significant ($P < 0.001$) placebo-subtracted redns. in A1C (-0.79 and -0.94%, resp.) and fasting plasma glucose (-1.0 mmol/l [-17.1 mg/dL] and -1.2 mmol/l [-21.3 mg/dL], resp.). Patients with baseline A1C $\geq 9\%$ had greater redns. in placebo-subtracted A1C with sitagliptin 100 and 200 mg (-1.52 and -1.50%, resp.) than those with baseline A1C $< 9\%$ (-0.57 and -0.65%) or ≥ 8 to $< 9.0\%$ (-0.80 and -1.13%, resp.). In a meal tolerance test, sitagliptin 100 and 200 mg significantly decreased 2-h postprandial glucose (PPG) (placebo-subtracted PPG -2.6 mmol/l [-46.7 mg/dL] and -3.0 mmol/l [-54.1 mg/dL], resp.). Results for the above key efficacy parameters were not significantly different between sitagliptin doses. Homeostasis model

assessment of β -cell function and proinsulin-to-insulin ratio improved with sitagliptin. The incidence of hypoglycemia was similar, and overall gastrointestinal adverse experiences were slightly higher with sitagliptin. No meaningful body weight changes from baseline were observed with sitagliptin 100 (-0.2 kg) or 200 mg (-0.1 kg). The body weight change with placebo (-1.1 kg) was significantly ($P < 0.01$) different from that observed with sitagliptin. In this 24-wk study, once-daily sitagliptin monotherapy improved glycemic control in the fasting and postprandial states, improved measures of β -cell function, and was well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(once daily sitagliptin monotherapy improved glycemic control in patient with type 2 diabetes)

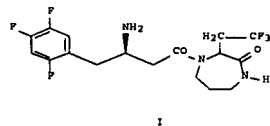
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 41 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2007:2727 CAPLUS [Full-text](#)
DN 146:176193
TI (3R)-4-[(3R)-3-Amino-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butanoyl]-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,4-diazepan-2-one, a selective dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes
AU Bifcu, Tesfaye; Peng, Dennis; Qian, Xiaoxia; Liang, Gui-Bai; Kieczkowski, Gerard; Eiermann, George; He, Huabing; Leitong, Barbara; Lyons, Kathy; Petrov, Aleksandr; Sinha-Roy, Ranabir; Zhang, Bei; Scapin, Giovanna; Patel, Sangita; Gao, Ying-Duo; Singh, Suresh; Wu, Joseph; Zhang, Xiaoping; Thornberry, Nancy A.; Weber, Ann E.
CS Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Merck Research Laboratories, Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA
SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2007) 17(1), 49-52
CODEN: BMCL86; ISSN: 0960-894X
PB Elsevier Ltd.
DT Journal
LA English
GI

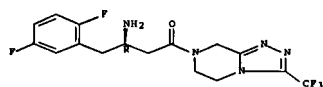


AB Replacement of the triazolopiperazine ring of sitagliptin (DPP-4 IC50 = 18 nM) with 3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1,4-diazepan-2-one gave dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibitor I which is potent (DPP-4 IC50 = 2.6 nM), selective, and efficacious in an oral glucose tolerance test in mice. It was selected for extensive preclin. development as a potential back-up candidate to sitagliptin.

IT 486460-31-5, Sitagliptin 611240-24-5
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(diazepanones as dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors)

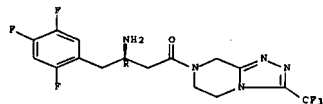
RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



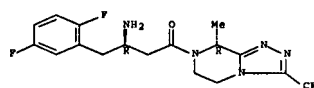
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-24-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[(3R)-5,6-dihydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

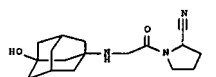


RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 42 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:1338372 CAPLUS [Full-text](#)
DN 146:68738
TI Direct compression formulation of dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors
IN Kowaleki, James; Lakshman, Jay Parthiban; Patel, Arun P.
PA Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 59pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAM.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006135693	A2	(20061221)	WO 2006-US22336	20060608
WO 2006135693	A3	20070215		
M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, JP, KE, KG, KH, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MU, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TZ, TM, TN, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
PRAI US 2005-689739P	P	20050610		
US 2005-690527P	P	20050614		
US 2005-690814P	P	20050615		

GI



AB Dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor (herein referred to as DPP-IV) that may be 99.5 100% pure is a high-dose drug capable of being directly compressed with a glitazone and specific excipients into solid form dosage forms, such as tablets and capsules having desired, hardness, disintegrating ability and acceptable disoln. characteristics. DPP-IV is not inherently compressible and thus presents formulation problems. Excipients used in the formulation enhance the flow and compaction properties of the drug and tableting mix. Optimal flow contributes to uniform die fill and weight control. The binder used ensures sufficient cohesive properties that allow DPP-IV to be compressed using the direct compression method. The tablets produced provide an acceptable in vitro disoln. profile. Tablets were prepared containing vildagliptin (I) (DPP-IV inhibitor), pioglitazone, microcryst. cellulose, Na starch glycolate and Mg stearate.

IT 554671-78-0, MK-0431
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (direct compression formulation of dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors)

RN 554671-78-0 CAPLUS

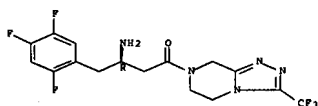
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



This was a 24-wk, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study in patients aged ≥18 years (ClinicalTrials.gov NCT00086502). At screening, all patients began a diet/exercise program that continued throughout the study period. Patients taking antihyperglycemic therapy other than pioglitazone underwent a washout of this therapy and entered an 8- to 14-wk open-label pioglitazone dose-titration/stabilization period. Patients with an HbA1c ≥7% and ≤10% at the end of this period entered a 2-wk, single-blind, placebo run-in period (total duration of run-in period, up to 21 wk). Patients who had been receiving pioglitazone monotherapy (30 or 45 mg/d) and had an HbA1c ≥7% and ≤10% entered the 2-wk, single-blind, placebo run-in period directly. Thus, at the time of randomization, all patients were receiving ongoing pioglitazone (30 or 45 mg/d). Patients were randomized in a 1:1 ratio to receive sitagliptin 100 mg once daily or placebo for 24 wk. The primary efficacy end point was the change from baseline in HbA1c at week 24. Secondary efficacy end points included the change from baseline in fasting plasma glucose (FPG), insulin, and proinsulin; the Homeostasis Model Assessment β-cell function and insulin-resistance indexes; the proinsulin/insulin ratio; the Quant. Insulin Sensitivity Check Index; the percent changes from baseline in selected lipid parameters; the proportion of patients meeting the American Diabetes Association HbA1c goal of <7.0%; the proportion of patients requiring metformin rescue therapy; and the time to the initiation of rescue therapy. Results: One hundred seventy-five patients were randomized to receive sitagliptin, and 178 were randomized to receive placebo. The mean (SD) baseline HbA1c value was 8.1% (0.8) in the sitagliptin group and 8.0% (0.8) in the placebo group. After 24 wk, sitagliptin added to pioglitazone therapy was associated with significant redns. compared with placebo in HbA1c (between-treatment difference in least squares [LS] mean change from baseline: -0.70%; 95% CI, -0.85 to -0.54; P < 0.001) and FPG (-17.7 mg/dL; 95% CI, -24.3 to -11.0; P < 0.001). Mean HbA1c values at end point were 7.2% (0.9) and 7.8% (1.1) in the resp. treatment groups, and the proportions of patients reaching a target HbA1c of <7.0% were 45.4% and 23.0% (P < 0.001). Significant redns. in fasting serum proinsulin levels and the proinsulin/insulin ratio were seen with sitagliptin treatment compared with placebo (both, P < 0.01). Sitagliptin was generally well tolerated, with no increased risk of hypoglycemia compared with placebo (2 vs 0 patients, resp.). The number of patients discontinuing the study due to clin. adverse experiences (10 [5.7%] vs 2 [1.1%]) and the incidence of abdominal pain (3.4% vs 0%) were significantly greater in the sitagliptin group compared with the placebo group (both, P < 0.05). The LS mean change in body weight from baseline did not differ significantly between sitagliptin or placebo added to pioglitazone therapy (between-treatment difference in LS mean change from baseline: 0.2 kg; 95% CI, -0.5 to 1.0). Conclusion: In this 24-wk study, sitagliptin 100 mg once daily added to ongoing pioglitazone therapy was effective and well tolerated in these patients with type 2 diabetes who had not achieved adequate glycemic control with pioglitazone alone.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin added to pioglitazone therapy reduced glycosylated Hb, fasting plasma glucose and proinsulin than pioglitazone alone in patient with type 2 diabetes mellitus)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

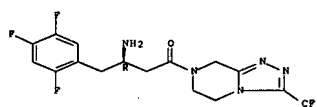
L11 ANSWER 43 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN 2006:1328538 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 146:433889
 TI DPP-IV inhibitor
 AU Igarashi, Yasuhiro; Watada, Hirotsuka; Kawamori, Ryuzo
 CS Department of Medicine, Metabolism and Endocrinology, Juntendo University School of Medicine, Tokyo, 113-8421, Japan
 SO Maibumi, Tonyoboku (2006), 23(3), 291-298
 CODEN: NATOPF; ISSN: 1341-3724
 PB Kagaku Hyoronsha
 DT Journal; General Review
 LA Japanese
 AB A review, discussing the action mechanism, toxicity, and clin. pharmacol. of DPP-IV (dipeptidyl peptidase-IV) inhibitors, including vildagliptin and sitagliptin, as oral antidiabetics for treatment of type 2 diabetes.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); DMA (Drug mechanism of action); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (action mechanism, toxicity, and clin. pharmacol. of DPP-IV (dipeptidyl peptidase-IV) inhibitors, including vildagliptin and sitagliptin, as oral antidiabetics for treatment of type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

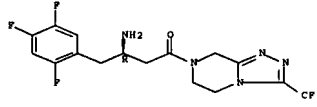
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11 ANSWER 44 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN 2006:1328428 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 146:114748
 TI Efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin added to ongoing pioglitazone therapy in patients with type 2 diabetes: a 24-week, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study

AU Rosenstock, Julio; Brazg, Ronald; Andryuk, Paula J.; Lu, Kaifeng; Stein, Peter
 CS Sitagliptin Study 019 Group, Dallas Diabetes and Endocrine Center, Dallas, TX, USA
 SO Clinical Therapeutics (2006), 28(10), 1556-1568
 CODEN: CLTHDG; ISSN: 0149-2918
 PB Excerpta Medica, Inc.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Objective: The efficacy and tolerability of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin added to ongoing pioglitazone therapy were assessed in patients with type 2 diabetes and inadequate glycemic control (glycosylated Hb [HbA1c] ≥7% and ≤10%) while receiving a stable dose of pioglitazone. Methods:



RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 45 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN 2006:1320516 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 146:114024
 TI DPP-4 inhibitors and their potential role in the management of type 2 diabetes

AU Barnett, A.
 CS Department of Medicine, University of Birmingham and Heart of England National Health Service Foundation Trust (Teaching), Birmingham, UK
 SO International Journal of Clinical Practice (2006), 60(11), 1454-1470
 CODEN: IJCP99; ISSN: 1368-5031
 PB Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
 DT Journal; General Review
 LA English
 AB A review. The dipeptidyl peptidase 4 (DPP-4) inhibitors enhance the body's own ability to control blood glucose by increasing the active levels of incretin hormones in the body. Their mechanism of action is distinct from any existing class of oral glucose-lowering agents. They control elevated blood glucose by triggering pancreatic insulin secretion, suppressing pancreatic glucagon secretion, and signalling the liver to reduce glucose production. The leading DPP-4 inhibitors have shown clin. significant HbA1c redns. up to 1 yr of treatment and offer many potential advantages over existing diabetes therapies including a low risk of hypoglycemia, no effect on body weight, and the potential, based on animal and in vitro studies, for the regeneration and differentiation of pancreatic β-cells. They are efficacious as monotherapy and also in combination with commonly prescribed antidiabetic agents and are suitable for once-daily oral dosing. Consequently, many DPP-4 inhibitors such as vildagliptin (Galvus; LAF-237), sitagliptin (Januvia; MK-0431), and saxagliptin (BMS-477118) have advanced into late-stage human clin. trials. Search strategy and selection criteria This review was built on a systematic MEDLINE search for publications on the subject with the key words: DPP-4 inhibitor; vildagliptin (LAF-237); sitagliptin (MK-0431); saxagliptin (BMS-477118); and type 2 diabetes; up to August 2006. Meeting abstrs. were also searched, as much of the data currently only exists in abstract form. Take home message for clinician The DPP-4 inhibitors appear to have great potential for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, but time will tell if this will be realized. While they do not lower glucose to a greater extent than existing therapies, they offer many potential advantages, including the ability to achieve sustainable redns. in HbA1c with a well-tolerated agent that has a low risk of hypoglycemia and no weight gain, and which can be administered as a once-daily oral dose.

IT 554671-78-0, Januvia
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (dipeptidyl peptidase 4 inhibitor Januvia might have role in management of type 2 diabetes in human)

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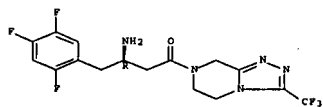
8/8/2007

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 79 THERE ARE 79 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 46 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1274234 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 146:49995

TI The development of a stable, coated pellet formulation of a water-sensitive drug, a case study; development of a stable core formulation

AU Fitzpatrick, Shaun; Taylor, Scott; Booth, Steven W.; Newton, Michael J.
 CN Development Laboratories, Merck Sharp and Dohme Ltd., Hoddeston, Herts, UK
 SO Pharmaceutical Development and Technology (2006), 11(4), 521-528
 CODEN: PDTEFS; ISSN: 1083-7450

PB Taylor & Francis, Inc.

DT Journal
 LA English

AB A development program has been carried out to provide a stable extrusion/spheronization pellet formulation for a highly water-soluble drug, sitagliptin, which undergoes a change in phys. form on processing and is subject to hydrolytic decomposition. A conventional extrusion/spheronization formulation resulted in significant degradation of the drug. The inclusion of

75of 237

8/8/2007

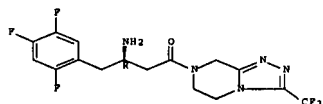
mg of metformin twice daily. Following dosing on Day 7 of each treatment period, these pharmacokinetic parameters were determined for plasma sitagliptin and metformin: area under the plasma concn.-time curve over the dosing interval (AUC_{0-12 h}), maximum observed plasma concns. (C_{max}), and time of occurrence of maximum observed plasma concns. (T_{max}). Renal clearance was also determined for sitagliptin. Results: In this study, no adverse experiences were reported by 11 of 13 patients. Two patients had adverse experiences, which were not related to study drugs as determined by the investigators. The mean metformin plasma concentration-time profiles were nearly identical with or without sitagliptin co-administration [metformin AUC_{0-12 h} geometric mean ratio (GMR, [metformin + sitagliptin]/[metformin]) was 1.02 (90% CI 0.95, 1.09)]. Similarly metformin administration did not alter the plasma sitagliptin pharmacokinetics [sitagliptin AUC_{0-12 h} GMR ([sitagliptin + metformin]/[sitagliptin]) was 1.02 (90% CI 0.97, 1.08) or renal clearance of sitagliptin. No efficacy measurements (glycosylated Hb or fasting plasma glucose) were obtained during this study. Urinary pharmacokinetics for metformin were not determined due to the lack of effect of sitagliptin on plasma metformin pharmacokinetics. Conclusions: In this study, co-administration of sitagliptin and metformin was generally well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes and did not meaningfully alter the steady-state pharmacokinetics of either agent.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (co-administration of sitagliptin and metformin was well tolerated and did not alter steady-state pharmacokinetics of either agent in patient with type 2 diabetes)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 48 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1266551 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 146:20305

TI Combination of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and a dual PPAR agonist for the treatment of diabetes and obesity

IN Thornberry, Nancy A.; Kaufman, Keith D.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent
 LA English

PAN.CNT 1

74of 237

8/8/2007

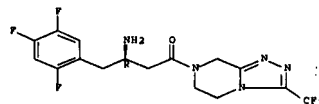
glyceryl monostearate into the formulation was found to reduce the water level required to such a level that there was no significant degradation of the drug during processing to form pellets. The use of a ram extruder to screen formulations with small quantities minimizes the need for the drug in the formulation-screening process, and the results from this method of extrusion were found to be translatable to the use of a screen extruder, which allowed scale-up of the process.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (stable, coated pellet formulation of a water-sensitive drug with a stable core formulation)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 47 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1266432 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 146:92587

TI Tolerability and pharmacokinetics of metformin and the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin when co-administered in patients with type 2 diabetes

AU Herman, Gary A.; Bergman, Arthur; Yi, Bingming; Kipnes, Mark

CS Sitagliptin Study 012 Group, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA

SO Current Medical Research and Opinion (2006), 22(10), 1939-1947

CODEN: CMROCK; ISSN: 0300-7995

PB LibraPharm Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Objective: As part of the clin. development of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, the potential for pharmacokinetic interactions with other antihyperglycemic agents used in managing patients with type 2 diabetes are being carefully evaluated. The purposes of this study were to evaluate the tolerability of co-administered sitagliptin and metformin and effects of sitagliptin on metformin pharmacokinetics as well as metformin on sitagliptin pharmacokinetics under steady-state conditions. Methods: This placebo-controlled, multiple-dose, crossover study in patients with type 2 diabetes assessed the tolerability of co-administered sitagliptin (50 mg b.i.d.) with metformin (1000 mg b.i.d.). Patients received, in a randomized crossover manner, three treatments (each of 7 days duration): 50 mg sitagliptin twice daily and placebo to metformin twice daily; 1000 mg of metformin twice daily and placebo to sitagliptin twice daily; concomitant administration of 50 mg of sitagliptin twice daily and 1000

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8/8/2007

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2006270722	A1	20061130	US 2006-440198	20060524
PRAI US 2005-686076P	P	20050531		

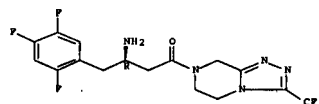
AB The present invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising a combination of a particular dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor and a particular PPAR-α/γ dual agonist. Kits containing such combinations and methods of using such compns. for the treatment of diabetes, diabetes associated with obesity, diabetes-related disorders, obesity, and obesity-related disorders.

IT 486460-32-6P 654671-78-0P, MK-0431
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and dual PPAR agonist for treatment of diabetes and obesity)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



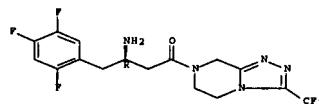
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
 a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

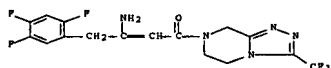


CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



IT 847445-81-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and dual PPAR agonist for treatment of diabetes and obesity)
RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

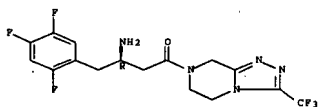


L11- ANSWER 49 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:1212876 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:30812

TI Effect of single oral doses of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, on incretin and plasma glucose levels after an oral glucose tolerance test in patients with type 2 diabetes
AU Herman, Gary A.; Bergman, Arthur; Stevens, Catherine; Kotey, Paul; Yi, Bingming; Zhao, Peng; Dietrich, Bruno; Golor, George; Schroeder, Andreas; Keymeulen, Bart; Lasseter, Kenneth C.; Kipnes, Mark S.; Snyder, Karen; Hilliard, Deborah; Tanen, Michael; Ciliessen, Caroline; De Smet, Marina; de Lapeleire, Inge; Van Dyck, Kristien; Wang, Amy Q.; Zeng, Wei; Davies, Michael J.; Tanaka, Wesley; Holst, Jens J.; Deacon, Carolyn P.; Gottesdiener, Keith M.; Wagner, John A.
CS Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA
SO Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism (2006), 91(11), 4612-4619
CODEN: JCEMAZ; ISSN: 0021-972X
PB Endocrine Society
DT Journal
LA English
AB In response to a meal, glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) and glucose-dependent insulinotropic peptide (GIP) are released and modulate glycemic control. Normally these incretins are rapidly degraded by dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4). DPP-4 inhibitors are a novel class of oral antihyperglycemic agents in development for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. The degree of DPP-4 inhibition and the level of active incretin augmentation required for glucose lowering efficacy after an oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT) were evaluated.

emptying, and reduces appetite and food intake. Therapeutic approaches for enhancing incretin action include degradation-resistant GLP-1 receptor agonists (incretin mimetics), and inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4) activity (incretin enhancers). Clin. trials with the incretin mimetic exenatide (two injections per day or long-acting release form once weekly) and liraglutide (one injection per day) show redns. in fasting and postprandial glucose concns., and Hb A1c (HbA1c) (1-2%), associated with weight loss (2-5 kg). The most common adverse event associated with GLP-1 receptor agonists is mild nausea, which lessens over time. Orally administered DPP-4 inhibitors, such as sitagliptin and vildagliptin, reduce HbA1c by 0.5-1.0%, with few adverse events and no weight gain. These new classes of antidiabetic agents, and incretin mimetics and enhancers, also expand β -cell mass in preclin. studies. However, long-term clin. studies are needed to determine the benefits of targeting the incretin axis for the treatment of type 2 diabetes.
IT 456460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(use of glucagon-like peptide 1 receptor agonists and dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitor in treating patients with type 2 diabetes)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



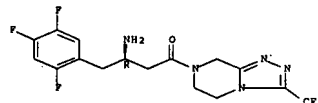
RE.CNT 109 THERE ARE 109 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11- ANSWER 51 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:1179059 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:55218

TI Efficacy and safety of the dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor sitagliptin as monotherapy in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus
AU Raz, I.; Hanefeld, M.; Xu, L.; Caria, C.; Williams-Herman, D.; Khatami, H.
CS Diabetes Research Center, Hadassah University Hospital, Jerusalem, Israel
SO Diabetologia (2006), 49(11), 2564-2571
CODEN: DBTGAJ; ISSN: 0012-186X
PB Springer GmbH
DT Journal
LA English
AB Aims/hypothesis: The aim of this study was to assess the efficacy and safety of sitagliptin (MK-0431) as monotherapy in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c $\geq 7\%$ and $\geq 10\%$) on exercise and diet. Methods: A total of 521 patients aged 27-76 years with a mean baseline HbA1c of 8.1% were randomized in a 1:2:2 ratio to treatment with placebo, sitagliptin 100 mg once daily, or sitagliptin 200 mg once daily, for 18 wk. The efficacy anal. was based on all patients-treated population using an anal. of covariance, excluding data obtained after glycemic rescue. Results:

The objective of the study was to examine the pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetics, and tolerability of sitagliptin. This was a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, 3-period, single-dose crossover study. The study was conducted at 6 investigational sites. The study population consisted of 58 patients with type 2 diabetes who were not on antihyperglycemic agents. Interventions included sitagliptin 25 mg, sitagliptin 200 mg, or placebo. Measurements included plasma DPP-4 activity; post-OGTT glucose excursion; active and total incretin GIP levels; insulin, C-peptide, and glucagon concns.; and sitagliptin pharmacokinetics. Sitagliptin dose-dependently inhibited plasma DPP-4 activity over 24 h, enhanced active GLP-1 and GIP levels, increased insulin/C-peptide, decreased glucagon, and reduced glycemic excursion after OGTTs administered at 2 and 24 h after single oral 25- or 200-mg doses of sitagliptin. Sitagliptin was generally well tolerated, with no hypoglycemic events. In this study in patients with type 2 diabetes, near maximal glucose-lowering efficacy of sitagliptin after single oral doses was associated with inhibition of plasma DPP-4 activity of 80% or greater, corresponding to a plasma sitagliptin concentration of 100 nM or greater, and an augmentation of active GLP-1 and GIP levels of 2-fold or higher after an OGTT.
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sitagliptin on incretin and blood glucose levels in patients with type 2 diabetes)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



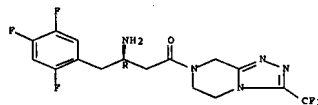
RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11- ANSWER 50 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:1193860 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:242978

TI The incretin system: glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonists and dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors in type 2 diabetes
AU Drucker, Daniel J.; Nauock, Michael A.
CS Samuel Lunenfeld Research Institute, Mount Sinai Hospital, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Can.
SO Lancet (2006), 368(9548), 1696-1705
CODEN: LANCAD; ISSN: 0140-6736
PB Elsevier Ltd.
DT Journal; General Review
LA English
AB A review. Glucagon-like peptide 1 (GLP-1) is a gut-derived incretin hormone that stimulates insulin and suppresses glucagon secretion, inhibits gastric

After 18 wk, HbA1c was significantly reduced with sitagliptin 100 mg and 200 mg compared with placebo (placebo-subtracted HbA1c reduction: -0.60% and -0.48%, resp.). Sitagliptin also significantly decreased fasting plasma glucose relative to placebo. Patients with higher baseline HbA1c ($\geq 9\%$) experienced greater placebo-subtracted HbA1c redns. with sitagliptin (-1.20% for 100 mg and -1.04% for 200 mg) than those with HbA1c $< 8\%$ (-0.44% and -0.33%, resp.) or $\geq 8\%$ to 8.9% (-0.61% and -0.39%, resp.). Homeostasis model assessment beta cell function index and fasting proinsulin:insulin ratio, markers of insulin secretion and beta cell function, were significantly improved with sitagliptin. The incidence of hypoglycemia and gastrointestinal adverse experiences was not significantly different between sitagliptin and placebo. Sitagliptin had a neutral effect on body weight. Conclusions/interpretation: Sitagliptin significantly improved glycemic control and was well tolerated in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus who had inadequate glycemic control on exercise and diet.
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sitagliptin was well tolerated and significantly improved glycemic control in patient with type 2 diabetes mellitus and inadequate glycemic control on exercise and diet)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

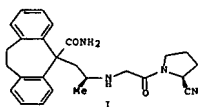
Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11- ANSWER 52 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:1177439 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 145:465736

TI Combination of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and a cannabinoid CB1 receptor antagonist for the treatment of diabetes and obesity
IN Amatruda, John M.; Fong, Tung M.; Moller, David E.; Thornberry, Nancy A.
PA Meck & Co., Inc., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 54pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI NO 2006119260 A2 (20061109) NO 2006-0516754 20060428
W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,

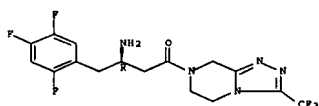


AB The invention relates generally to pyrrolidine and thiazolidine DPP-IV inhibitory compds. A-B-CO-D (A is a bicyclic or tricyclic ring system attached to B at carbon or nitrogen; B is a linking group such as an amino acid residue or fragment; D is a pyrrolidine or thiazolidine residue or derivative), including isomers and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts, for treatment of DPP-IV mediated diseases, in particular, type-2 diabetes. Thus, pyrrolidinecarboxamide derivative 1 was prepared by reaction of 5-((S)-2-aminopropyl)-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]cycloheptene-5-carboxamide with N-glyoxyloxy-L-prolinecarboxamide (prepn. given) and showed $K_i < 6$ nM for inhibition of DPP-IV.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
 RI: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Preparation of multicyclic peptide derivs. as dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11-ANSWER 54 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006-952876 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 145.328380
 TI Combination therapy for endothelial dysfunction, angina and diabetes
 IN Kaesemeyer, Wayne
 PA (USA-)
 SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14pp.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006205727	A1	20060914	US 2006-373658	20060310
WO 2006099244	A1	20060921	WO 2006-US8801	20060310

CM 2
 CRN 7664-38-2
 CNP H3 O4 P



L11-ANSWER 55 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006-945768 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 145.328394
 TI Roflumilast for the treatment of diabetes mellitus
 IN Kley, Hans-Peter; Hanauer, Guido; Hauser, Daniela; Schmidt, Beate; Bredenbroeker, Dirk; Wurst, Wilhelm; Kemkowski, Joerg
 PA Alkana Pharma AG, Germany
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 67pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006094942	A1	20060914	WO 2006-EP60445	20060303

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI EP 2005-101780 A 20050308

AB The invention discloses the use of Roflumilast and/or Roflumilast-N-Oxide for the treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders thereof. The invention addnl. discloses combinations of Roflumilast and/or Roflumilast-N-Oxide with other active agents for the treatment of diabetes mellitus.

IT 486460-32-6
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Roflumilast for treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders, and combinations with other agents)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI US 2005-660625P P 20050311
 US 2005-675118P P 20050427

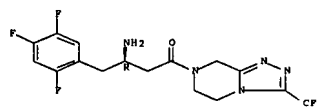
AB The combination of a HMG CoA reductase inhibitor like a statin, such as simvastatin, with a pFox inhibitor such as trimetazidine ("Simetazidine") is particularly advantageous for treatment of end-stage complications, such as acute coronary syndrome (ACS) and chronic angina, especially in type II diabetics. The combination therapy is also useful in the treatment and/or prevention of chronic heart failure (CHF) and peripheral arterial disease (PAD). The combination of a nitric oxide (NO) mechanism with increased NO production with pFox inhibition simultaneously treats both the effect and the cause of angina. One or more oral hypoglycemic compds. (biguanides, insulin sensitizers, such as thiazolidinediones, α -glucosidase inhibitors, insulin secretagogues, and dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors), protein Kinase C (PKC) inhibitors, and acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitors can also be used in combination with the HMG CoA reductase inhibitors and/or pFox inhibitors, especially in type II diabetics, to control glucose levels and treat endothelial dysfunction. The drugs can be given in combination (e.g. a single tablet) or in sep. dosage forms, administered simultaneously or sequentially. In the preferred form the statin is given in a dose of between 5 and 80 mg/day in two sep. doses, and the pFox inhibitor is administered in a sustained or extended dosage formulation at a dose of 20 mg three times a day or 35 mg two times a day. The dose of the oral hypoglycemic, PKC inhibitor, or acetyl-CoA carboxylase inhibitor varies with the type of drug used.

IT 654671-78-0, MK 431
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Combination therapy for endothelial dysfunction, angina and diabetes)

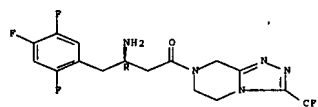
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
 CRN 486460-32-6
 CNP C16 N15 P6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11-ANSWER 56 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006-944442 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 145.328392
 TI Roflumilast for the treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders, and combinations with other agents
 IN Kley, Hans-Peter; Hanauer, Guido; Hauser, Daniela; Schmidt, Beate; Bredenbroeker, Dirk; Wurst, Wilhelm; Kemkowski, Joerg
 PA Alkana Pharma AG, Germany
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 71pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005094933	A1	20060914	WO 2006-EP60418	20060303

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRAI EP 2005-101772 A 20050308

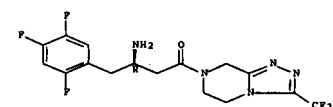
AB The invention relates to the use of Roflumilast and/or Roflumilast-N-Oxide for the treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders thereof. The invention addnl. relates to combinations of Roflumilast and/or Roflumilast-N-Oxide with other active agents for the treatment of diabetes mellitus.

IT 486460-32-6, SITAGLIPTIN
 RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Roflumilast for treatment of diabetes mellitus and accompanying disorders, and combinations with other agents)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Absolute stereochemistry.



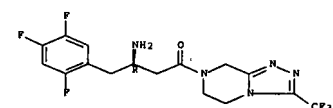
RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 57-OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:930335 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:330487
TI Inhibition of dipeptidyl-peptidase IV does not increase circulating IGF-1 concentrations in growing pigs
AU Faidley, T. D.; Leiting, B.; Pryor, K. D.; Lyons, K.; Nicky, G. J.; Thompson, D. R.
CS Department of Pharmacology, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA
SO Experimental Biology and Medicine (Maywood, NJ, United States) (2006)
231(8), 1373-1378
CODEN: EBMEDB; ISSN: 1535-3702
PB Society for Experimental Biology and Medicine
DT Journal
LA English
AB The enzyme dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV) inactivates a variety of bioactive peptides, including glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) and growth hormone releasing hormone (GHRH). Inhibiting DPP-IV to increase circulating GLP-1 is of interest as a treatment for Type II diabetes. Inactivation of DPP-IV may also increase circulating GHRH, potentially enhancing growth in domestic animals. To test the hypothesis that inhibition of DPP-IV activity will influence the growth hormone/IGF-1 axis, growing swine (Sus scrofa domestica, 78 kg) were treated with a DPP-IV inhibitor (Compound 1, the 2,5-difluorophenyl analog of the triazolopyrazine MK0431, sitagliptin), and blood plasma concns. of IGF-1 were monitored. Swine were administered either sterile saline (0.11 mL/kg followed by a continuous infusion at 2 mL/h for 72 h, controls, n = 2), Compound 1 (2.78 mg/kg followed by a continuous infusion at 0.327 mg/kg-hr for 72 h, n = 4) or GHRH (0.11 mL/kg sterile saline, followed by a continuous infusion of GHRH at 2.5 µg/kg-hr for 48 h, n = 4). Plasma concns. of Compound 1 were maintained at 1 µM, which resulted in a 90% inhibition of circulating DPP-IV activity. Relative to the predose 24-h period, area under the IGF-1 concentration curve (AUC) tended to be lower with Compound 1 (-79 ng/mL-hr) than controls (543 ng/mL-hr). GHRH treatment increased the IGF-1 AUC (1210 ng/mL-hr). We conclude that inhibition of DPP-IV does not alter the circulating levels of IGF-1 in the growing swine.
IT 486460-31-5
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Inhibition of dipeptidyl-peptidase IV does not increase circulating IGF-1 concns. in growing swine)
RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-[(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-], (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

91of 237 8/8/2007

hypoglycemia in type 2 diabetes mellitus patient)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 59 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:826044 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:176805
TI Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamic effects of the oral DPP-4 inhibitor sitagliptin in middle-aged obese subjects
AU Herman, Gary A.; Bergman, Arthur; Liu, Fang; Stevens, Cathy; Wang, Amy Q.; Zeng, Wei; Chen, Li; Snyder, Karen; Hilliard, Deborah; Tanen, Michael; Tanaka, Wesley; Mehan, Alan G.; Lasseeter, Kenneth; Dilzer, Stacy; Blum, Robert; Wagner, John A.
CS Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA
SO Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2006) 46(8), 876-886
CODEN: JPCPBR; ISSN: 0091-2700
PB Sage Publications
DT Journal
LA English
AB Sitagliptin (MK-0431) is an oral, potent, and selective dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-4) inhibitor developed for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. This multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study examined the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic effects of sitagliptin in obese subjects. Middle-aged (45-63 years), nondiabetic, obese (body mass index, 30-40 kg/m²) men and women were randomized to sitagliptin 200 mg bid (n = 24) or placebo (n = 8) for 28 days. Steady-state plasma concns. of sitagliptin were achieved within 2 days of starting treatment, and >90% of the dose was excreted unchanged in urine. Sitagliptin treatment led to approx. 90% inhibition of plasma DPP-4 activity, increased active glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) levels by 2.7-fold (P < .001), and decreased post-oral glucose tolerance test glucose excursion by 35% (P < .050) compared to placebo. In non-diabetic obese subjects, treatment with sitagliptin 200 mg bid was generally well tolerated without associated hypoglycemia and led to maximal inhibition of plasma DPP-4 activity, increased active GLP-1, and reduced glycemic excursion.
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Sitagliptin inhibits of plasma dipeptidyl peptidase-IV activity, increased active glucagon-like peptide-1 levels and decreased glucose excursion in middle-aged obese patient with diabetes)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

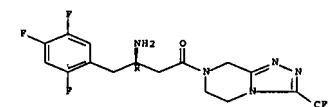
RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 58 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:903209 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 146:54398
TI Sitagliptin: a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for the treatment of type 2 diabetes
AU Miller, Shannon A.; St. Onge, Erin L.
CS Pharmacotherapy Faculty, Florida Hospital Family Practice Residency, Orlando, FL, USA
SO Annals of Pharmacotherapy (2006) 40(7/8), 1336-1343
CODEN: APHRRR; ISSN: 1060-0280
PB Harvey Whitney Books Co.
DT Journal, General Review
LA English
AB Objective: To review the pharmacol., pharmacokinetics, safety, and efficacy of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor in the management of type 2 diabetes mellitus. Data Sources: A MEDLINE search (1966-Feb. 2006) was conducted for English-language articles using the terms dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor, incretin, MK-0431, and sitagliptin. Abstracts from the American Diabetes Association annual meetings in 2004 and 2005 were included as sources of data. Study Selection And Data Extraction: Articles pertaining to the pharmacol. of sitagliptin, its pharmacokinetics, safety and efficacy were reviewed. Data Synthesis: Sitagliptin is a potent, competitive, reversible inhibitor of the DPP-IV enzyme. It is eliminated renally, with a terminal half-life of 11.8-14.4 h. In Phase II clin. trials, sitagliptin was found to be superior to placebo for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus. Results of a small trial comparing sitagliptin with glipizide indicate that both treatments are comparable. The efficacy of sitagliptin has also been demonstrated when used as adjunctive therapy with metformin. Few adverse effects have been reported. Weight gain and hypoglycemia have not been seen with sitagliptin therapy. Conclusions: Based on its unique mechanism of action, sitagliptin will provide practitioners with an addnl. tool in the treatment of diabetes. Review of the literature to date implies sitagliptin may be effective as monotherapy in type 2 diabetes. In addition, existing evidence supports the use of sitagliptin as adjunct therapy to sulfonylureas and metformin. Another advantage of sitagliptin use is that it appears to be free from the adverse effects of weight gain and hypoglycemia that are associated with currently available treatments.
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin
RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sitagliptin as monotherapy and as adjunct therapy with sulfonylurea and metformin was effective without any adverse effects of weight gain and

92of 237 8/8/2007

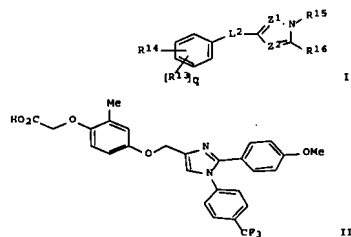
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 60 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:795736 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 145:230633
TI Preparation of 4-[(benzimidazolyl/pyrazolyl/triazolyl)methoxy]phenoxyacetic acids as PPAR modulators
IN Cow, Christopher; Eppler, Robert; Wang, Xing; Xie, Yongping
PA Irm LLC, Bermuda
SO PCT Int. Appl., 62pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2006084176 A2 20060810 WO 2006-US3924 20060203
WO 2006084176 A3 20060914
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IR, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TO, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-649962P P 20050203
OS MARPAT 145:230633
OI



AB The title compds. I [q = 0-3; Z1, Z2 = CH, N; L2 = XOx, XSOO-2X, XSOO-2XO (wherein X = a bond, (un)substituted alkylene); R13 = halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; R14 = XOXC(O)OR17, XC(O)OR17 (X = a bond, alkylene; R17 = H, alkyl); R15, R16 = R18 or YR18 (Y = alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, CONR17, OX; X = a bond, alkylene; R17 = H, alkyl; R18 = cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl); or R15 and R16 together with the atoms to which R15 and R16 are attached form fused bicyclic or tricyclic heteroaryl], useful in treating or preventing diseases or disorders associated with the activity of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) families, particularly the activity of PPAR δ (no specific data given), were prepared. Thus, reacting Me (4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy)acetate with 4-(chloromethyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)-1H-imidazole (preps. given) followed by hydrolysis afforded 28% II. Also disclosed are pharmaceutical compns. comprising compds. I alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 4-[(benzimidazolyl)pyrazolyl/triazolyl]methoxyphenoxyacetic acids as PPAR modulators for treating and preventing diseases associated with PPAR activity, particularly activity of PPAR δ)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

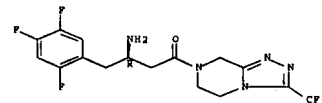
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L11 ANSWER 61 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STM

AN 2006:768357 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 145:189177

TI Process for the preparation of chiral β -amino acid derivatives by asymmetric hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition metal-complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines

IN Xiao, Yi, Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Kraska, Shane W.; Njollito, Eugenia; Rivera, Nelo R.; Sun, Yongkui; Rosner, Thorsten; Clausen, Andrew M.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 27pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

PAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
NO 200608151	A1	(20060803)	NO 2006-092147	20060120
W1: AS, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BH, GH, OM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KO, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI US 2005-646697P P 20050124

OS MARPAT 145:189177

AB The invention relates to a process for the efficient preparation of enantiomerically enriched β -amino acid deriva. RICH(NH₂)CH₂CO-2 [Z = OR₂, SR₂, NR₂R₃; R₁ = alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, heteroalkyl; R₂, R₃ = H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; R₂R₃N = (substituted) 4-7 membered ring] having (R)- or (S)-configuration which are useful in the asym. synthesis of biol. active mols. The process comprises an enantioselective hydrogenation of a prochiral β -aminoacrylic acid derivative in the presence of an ammonium salt and a transition metal precursor complexed with a chiral ferrocenyl diphosphine ligand. Thus, (Z)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)but-2-en-2-amine (preparation given) was hydrogenated in the presence of chloro(1,5-cyclooctadiene)rhodium(I) dimer, (R,S) tert-Bu Josiphos, and ammonium chloride in MeOH at 100 psi and 50 °C for 18 h to give 97% (R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine in 98-99% enantiomeric excess.

IT 486460-31-5P 486460-32-6P

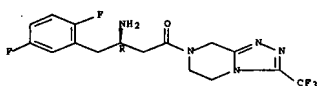
RI: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of chiral β -amino acid deriva. by asym. hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition metal-complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines)

RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

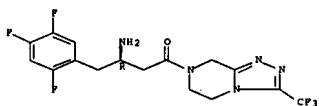
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 767340-03-4P

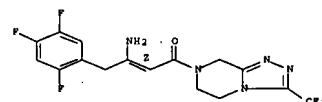
RI: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of chiral β -amino acid deriva. by asym. hydrogenation of enamino esters and amides using transition metal-complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines)

RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 62 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STM

AN 2006:761925 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 145:201985

TI Discovery, Structure-Activity Relationship, and Pharmacological Evaluation of (5-substituted-pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidines as Potent Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors. [Erratum to document cited in CA145:116704]

AU Pei, Zhonghua; Li, Xiaofeng; Longenecker, Kenton; von Geldern, Thomas M.; Wiedeman, Paul E.; Lubben, Thomas H.; Zinker, Bradley A.; Stewart, Kent; Ballaron, Stephen J.; Stashko, Michael A.; Mika, Amanda K.; Beno, David M. A.; Long, Michelle; Wells, Heidi; Kempf-Grote, Anita J.; Madar, David J.; McDermott, Todd S.; Bhagavatula, Lakshmi; Fickes, Michael G.; Pireh, Daisy; Solomon, Larry R.; Lake, Marc R.; Edalji, Rohinton; Fry, Elizabeth H.; Sham, Hing L.; Trevillyan, James M.

CS Metabolic Disease Research, Advanced Technology, Departments of Exploratory Pharmacokinetics and Pharmaceutics and Process Chemistry Global Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, 60064-3500, USA

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2006) 49(17), 5387

CODEN: JMCWAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB On page 3521, right column, "Results and Discussion" section, last paragraph, the last line is missing the words "then the C5-position" before "...of the P2 pyrrolidine ring...". With the added words, the correct sentence is "Alternatively, upon analyzing the structures of more potent inhibitors, cyanopyrrolidine 2 (Chart 1) and compound 10a, it occurred to us that if the P2 pyrrolidine moiety of compound 10a, it occurred to us that if the P2 pyrrolidine moiety of compound 10a could serve as a rigidified linker to replace the flexible aminino side chain of cyanopyrrolidine 2, then the C5-position of the P2 pyrrolidine ring could be modified to improve potency and other properties."

IT 654671-78-0, MK 0431

RI: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(Discovery, Structure-Activity Relationship, and Pharmacol. Evaluation of (5-Substituted-pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidines as Potent Dipeptidyl (Erratum))

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

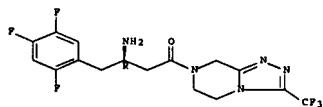
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L11 ANSWER 63 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:733033 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 145:174316

TI Direct compression formulation comprising dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor

IN Pfeiffer, Sabine; Schaefer, Frank; Schneeberger, Ricardo; Sutton, Paul

Allen; Trueby, Martin; Friedrich, Wirth; Wolfgang

PA Novartis A.-G., Swiss; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006078593	A2	20060727	WO 2006-US1473	20060117
WO 2006078593	A3	20060914		

CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L11 ANSWER 64 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:681434 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 145:137853

TI Pharmaceutical compositions and methods using a biological response

modifier and a β -cell growth factor for restoring β -cell mass

and function

IN Nadler, Jerry

PA Diakine Therapeutics, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 121 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006074051	A2	20060713	WO 2005-US47390	20051230
WO 2006074051	A3	20061109		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

US 2006160736 A1 20060720 US 2005-321090 20051230

PRAI US 2004-640523P 20041230

OS MARPAT 145:137853

AB Pharmaceutical compns. and methods for using are provided for restoring β -cell mass and function in a mammal in need thereof. The pharmaceutical compns. have a biol. response modifier and a β -cell growth factor in admixt. with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant or vehicle. The compns. of the invention may be used to treat diabetes.

IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(biol. response modifier and β -cell growth factor for restoring β -cell mass and function)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

AU 2006206670 A1 20060727 AU 2006-206670 20060117

US 2006210627 A1 20060921 US 2006-333582 20060117

PRAI US 2005-644645P P 20050118 20060117

US 2005-690849P P 20050614

WO 2006-US1473 W 20060117

AB This invention relates to tablets especially tablets formed by direct compression of a dipeptidylpeptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor compound, a process for the preparation thereof, to new pharmaceutical formulations, and new tableting powders comprising DPP-IV inhibitor formulations capable of being directly compressed into tablets. The invention relates further to a process for preparing the tablets by blending the active ingredient and specific excipients into the new formulations and then directly compressing the formulations into the direct compression tablets. The invention also relates to vildagliptin particle size distribution and a new crystal form of vildagliptin particularly adapted for the preparation of improved tablets and other pharmaceutical compns. For example, tablets were produced containing LAF237 100 mg, microcryst. cellulose 191.36 mg, lactose anhydrous 95.64 mg, sodium starch glycolate 8 mg and magnesium stearate 5 mg.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(direct compression formulation comprising dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

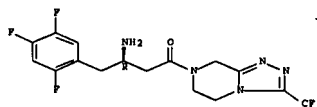
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

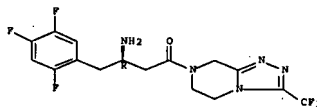
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



*a*lpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11 ANSWER 65 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:677805 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 145:137850

TI Combination therapy for diabetes and related disorders using a GPR119

agonist and dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for lowering blood glucose

and increasing GLP-1 levels

IN Chu, Zhi-Liang; Leonard, James N.; Al-Shamma, Hussien A.; Jones, Robert M.

PA USA)

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 99 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2006154866	A1	20060713	US 2006-328405	20060109
WO 2006076231	A2	20060720	WO 2006-US510	20060109
WO 2006076231	A3	20070118		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

EP 1758565 A2 20070307 EP 2006-717678 20060109

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU

EP 1808168 A1 20070718 EP 2007-4743 20060109

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA, HR, MK, YU

US 2007072803 A1 20070329 US 2006-603410 20061122

US 2007072804 A1 20070329 US 2006-603417 20061122

PRAI US 2005-643086P P 20050110

US 2005-683172P P 20050519

US 2005-726880P P 20051014

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EP 2006-717678 A3 20060109
US 2006-328405 A1 20060109
WO 2006-US510 W 20060109

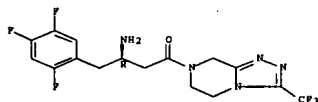
AB The present invention provides combination of a G protein-coupled receptor GPR119 agonist with a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor such that the combination provides an effect in lowering a blood glucose level or in increasing a blood GLP-1 level in a subject for treating or preventing diabetes and other related conditions. The present invention also relates to the use of a G protein-coupled receptor to screen for GLP-1 secretagogues. GPR119 agonist is AR231453 while DPP-IV inhibitors of the invention include MK-0431, LAF237 and FE107542.

IT 651671-73-0
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(DPP-IV inhibitor; combination therapy for diabetes and related disorders using GPR119 agonist and dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor for lowering blood glucose and increasing GLP-1 levels)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*α*]pyrazin-7(8*H*)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3*R*)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



L11-ANSWER 66 OF 111- CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:639624 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 145:465116

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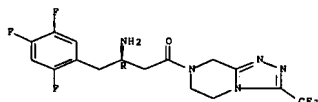
8/8/2007

producing hypoglycemia. Multiple dosing of sitagliptin exhibited a PK/PD profile consistent with that of a QD regimen and was well tolerated.

IT 436460-32-6 Sitagliptin
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor sitagliptin revealed modest pharmacokinetic profile, inhibited plasma dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and was well tolerated in human)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*α*]pyrazin-7(8*H*)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3*R*)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11-ANSWER 67 OF 111- CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:559882 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 145:284727

TI Chronic inhibition of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 with a sitagliptin analog preserves pancreatic β -cell mass and function in a rodent model of type 2 diabetes

AU Mu, James; Woods, John; Zhou, Yun-Ping; Roy, Ranabir Sinha; Li, Zhihui; Zychband, Emanuel; Peng, Yue; Zhu, Len; Li, Cai; Howard, Andrew D.; Moller, David E.; Thornberry, Nancy A.; Zhang, Bei B.

CS Department of Metabolic Disorders, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, USA

SO Diabetes (2006), 55(6), 1695-1704
CODEN: DIAE2Z; ISSN: 0012-1797

PB American Diabetes Association

DT Journal

LA English

AB Inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-4 (DPP-4), a key regulator of the actions of incretin hormones, exert antihyperglycemic effects in type 2 diabetic patients. A major unanswered question concerns the potential ability of DPP-4 inhibition to have beneficial disease-modifying effects, specifically to attenuate loss of pancreatic β -cell mass and function. Here, we investigated the effects of a potent and selective DPP-4 inhibitor, an analog of sitagliptin (des-fluoro-sitagliptin), on glycemic control and pancreatic β -cell mass and function in a mouse model with defects in insulin sensitivity and secretion, namely high-fat diet (HFD) streptozotocin (STZ)-induced diabetic mice. Significant and dose-dependent correction of postprandial and fasting hyperglycemia, HbA1c and blood plasma triglyceride and free fatty acid levels were observed in HFD/STZ mice following 2-3 mo of chronic therapy. Treatment with des-fluoro-sitagliptin dose dependently increased the number of insulin-positive β -cells in islets, leading to the normalization of β -cell mass and β -cell-to- α -cell ratio. In addition, treatment of mice with des-fluoro-

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8/8/2007

TI Pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic properties of multiple oral doses of sitagliptin, a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor: a double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study in healthy male volunteers

AU Bergman, Arthur J.; Stevens, Catherine; Zhou, YanYan; Yi, Bingming; Laethem, Martine; De Smet, Marina; Snyder, Karen; Hilliard, Deborah; Tanaka, Wesley; Zeng, Wei; Tanen, Michael; Wang, Amy Q.; Chen, Li; Winchell, Gregory; Davies, Michael J.; Ramael, Steven; Wagner, John A.; Herman, Gary A.

CS Merck & Co., Inc., Whitehouse Station, NJ, USA

SO Clinical Therapeutics (2006), 28(1), 55-72
CODEN: CLTHDQ; ISSN: 0149-2918

PB Excerpta Medica, Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Background: Dipeptidyl peptidase-IV (DPP-IV) inhibitors represent a new class of oral antihyperglycemic agents. Sitagliptin is an orally active and selective DPP-IV inhibitor currently in Phase III development for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus. Objective: The aim of this study was to assess the pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic (PK/PD) properties and tolerability of multiple oral once-daily or twice-daily doses of sitagliptin. Methods: This double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, incremental oral-dose study was conducted at SGS Biopharma, Antwerp, Belgium. Healthy, nonsmoking male volunteers aged 18 to 45 years with a creatinine clearance rate of ≥ 80 mL/min and normoglycemia and weighing within 15% of their ideal height/weight range were randomly assigned to 1 of 8 treatment groups: sitagliptin 25, 50, 100, 200, or 400 mg or placebo, QD for 10 days; a single dose of sitagliptin 800 mg administered on day 1 followed by 600 mg QD on days 3 to 10; or sitagliptin 300 mg BID for 10 days. For anal. of PK properties, plasma and urine samples were obtained before study drug administration on day 1 and at 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 16 h after study drug administration on day 1; before study drug administration on days 2 to 9; and every 24 h for 96 h after the last dose on day 10, and analyzed for sitagliptin concns. Assays were used to measure inhibition of plasma DPP-IV activity and plasma concns. of active and total glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1), glucose, and glucagon, and serum concns. of insulin, C-peptide, insulin-like growth factor-1, and insulin-like growth factor binding protein-3. Tolerability was assessed throughout the study using phys. examination, including vital sign measurements; 12-lead electrocardiogr.; and laboratory anal., including hematol., biochem. (hepatic aminotransferase and creatine phosphokinase), and urinalysis. Results: Seventy subjects were enrolled (mean age, 32.9 years [range, 18-45 years]; mean weight, 79.7 kg [range, 63.4-97.7 kg]; 8 patients per sitagliptin study group and 14 patients in the control group). In the sitagliptin groups, the plasma concentration-time profiles and principal PK parameters (t_{max} , C_{max} , and $t_{1/2}$) were statistically similar at days 1 (single dose) and 10 (steady state). In the groups receiving sitagliptin QD doses, accumulation of sitagliptin was modest (AUC accumulation ratio [day 10/day 1] range, 1.05-1.29), and the apparent terminal elimination $t_{1/2}$ was 11.8 to 14.4 h. At steady state in the sitagliptin QD groups, the mean proportion of drug excreted unchanged in the urine was approx. 70.6%. Dose-dependent inhibition of plasma DPP-IV activity was apparent, and the pattern of inhibition at steady state (day 10) was statistically similar to that observed on day 1. Day-10 weighted mean inhibition of plasma DPP-IV activity over 24 h was 280% for doses of ≥ 50 mg QD. After a standard meal, active GLP-1 concns. were significantly increased in the sitagliptin groups by approx. 2-fold compared with that in the control group, a finding consistent with near-maximal acute glucose lowering in preclin. studies. Across doses, no apparent adverse effects, including hypoglycemia, were found or reported. Conclusions: The results from this study in a select population of healthy male volunteers suggest that multiple oral doses of sitagliptin inhibited plasma DPP-IV activity and affected active GLP-1 concns. in a dose-dependent manner, without

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8/8/2007

sitagliptin, but not glipizide, significantly increased islet insulin content and improved glucose-stimulated insulin secretion in isolated islets. These findings suggest that DPP-4 inhibitors may offer long-lasting efficacy in the treatment of type 2 diabetes by modifying the courses of the disease.

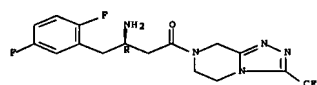
IT 437430-23-6
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibition and pancreatic β -cell mass and function)

RN 837430-23-6 CAPLUS
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-*α*]pyrazine, 7-[(3*R*)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2*E*)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-31-5
CMP C16 H16 F5 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 110-17-8
CMP C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11-ANSWER 68 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:479718 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 145:145648

TI Identification of Ammonium Chloride as an Effective Promoter of the Asymmetric Hydrogenation of a β -Enamine Amide

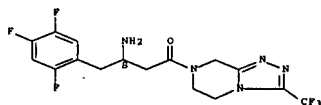
AU Clausen, Andrew M.; Dziedul, Brianne; Cappuccio, Kristine L.; Kaba, Mahmoud; Starbuck, Cindy; Hsiao, Yi; Dowling, Thomas M.

CS Process Research Development (Process Research), Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

SO Organic Process Research & Development (2006), 10(4), 723-726
CODEN: OPDFK; ISSN: 1083-6160

PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 OS CASREACT 145:145448
 AB An investigation into the cause of substrate-specific hydrogenation performance variability was conducted. A significant and unexpected correlation was observed between apparent pH of a solution of the substrate and rate of conversion and enantioselectivity. This observation led to the examination of low and variable levels of native ammonium chloride in different lots of substrate. The presence of ammonium chloride was found to have a pos. effect on reaction rate and enantioselectivity when controlled within a relatively narrow range. Optimal performance was achieved with a mole ratio of 1:1 ammonium chloride to catalyst. The enamine amide, 7-[3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, was converted to sitagliptin.
 IT 823817-55-6P, (S)-Sitagliptin 898543-70-9P
 RL: BVP (Byproduct); PREP (Preparation)
 (ammonium chloride as effective promoter of substrate-specific, stereoselective hydrogenation of sitagliptin precursor [amino(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butenyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine)
 RN 823817-55-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[3-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]-1-propenyl]amino]-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 898543-70-9 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[3-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]-1-propenyl]amino]-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

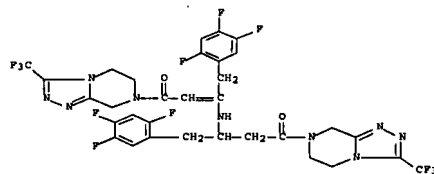
RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 69 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006:456711 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 145:116704
 TI Discovery, Structure-Activity Relationship, and Pharmacological Evaluation of (5-Substituted-pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidines as Potent Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors
 AU Pei, Zhonghua; Li, Xiaofeng; Longenecker, Kenton; Von Geldern, Thomas W.; Wiedeman, Paul E.; Lubben, Thomas H.; Zinker, Bradley A.; Stewart, Kent; Ballaron, Stephen J.; Stashko, Michael A.; Mika, Amanda K.; Beno, David W. A.; Long, Michelle; Wells, Heidi; Kempf-Grote, Anita J.; Madar, David J.; McDermott, Todd S.; Bhagavatula, Lakshmi; Pickes, Michael G.; Pireh, Delany; Solomon, Larry R.; Lake, Marc R.; Edalji, Rohinton; Fry, Elizabeth H.; Shan, Hing L.; Trevillyan, James M.
 CS Metabolic Disease Research, Advanced Technology, Departments of Exploratory Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacaceutics and Process Chemistry Global Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, 60064-3500, USA
 SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2006), 49(12), 3520-3535
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 OS CASREACT 145:116704
 AB A series of (5-substituted pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidine (C5-Pro-Pro) analogs was discovered as dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitors as a potential treatment of diabetes and obesity. X-ray crystallog. data show that these inhibitors bind to the catalytic site of DPP-IV with the cyano group forming a covalent bond with the serine residue of DPP-IV. The C5-substituents make various interactions with the enzyme and affect potency, chemical stability, selectivity, and PK properties of the inhibitors. Optimized analogs are extremely potent with subnanomolar K_i's, are chemical stable, show very little potency decrease in the presence of plasma, and exhibit more than 1,000-fold selectivity against related peptidases. The best compds. also possess good PK and are efficacious in lowering blood glucose in an oral glucose tolerance test in ZDF rats.
 IT 654671-78-0, MK 0431
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (Discovery, Structure-Activity Relationship, and Pharmacol. Evaluation of (5-Substituted-pyrrolidinyl-2-carbonyl)-2-cyanopyrrolidines as Potent Dipeptidyl)
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

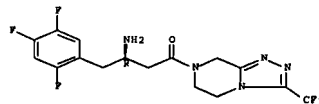
CRN 486460-32-6
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

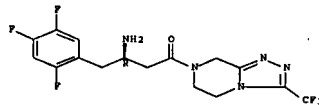
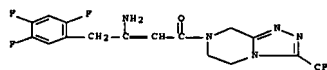


IT 486460-32-6P, Sitagliptin
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (ammonium chloride as effective promoter of substrate-specific, stereoselective hydrogenation of sitagliptin precursor [amino(oxo)(trifluorophenyl)butenyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine)
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 847445-81-2
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (ammonium chloride as effective promoter of substrate-specific, stereoselective hydrogenation of β-enamine amide)
 RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 70 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006:411999 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 144:456512
 TI Combination of DPP-IV inhibitor, PPAR antidiabetic and metformin
 IN Burkey, Bryan; Hughes, Thomas Edward
 PA Novartis A.G., Swiss.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
 CODEN: PIXX2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 PAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI NO 2006047248	A1	(20060504)	WO 2005-037819	20051021
M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BE, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
AU 2005299808	A1	20060504	AU 2005-299808	20051021
CA 2581298	A1	20060504	CA 2005-2581298	20051021
EP 1807066	A1	20070718	EP 2005-816082	20051021
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,				

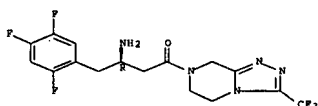
IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
 PRAI US 2004-621891P P 20041025
 WO 2005-093781P W 20051021

OS MARPAT 144:456512

AB The invention relates to a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition comprising (1) a dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitor, (2) one antidiabetic selected from thiazolidinediones (glitazones), non-glitazone type PPAR agonists, PPAR α agonists or dual PPAR γ /PPAR α agonists, and (3) metformin, for simultaneous, sep. or sequential use, especially in the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of conditions mediated by DPP-IV, in particular diabetes, more particularly type 2 diabetes mellitus, conditions of impaired glucose tolerance (IGT), conditions of impaired fasting plasma glucose, metabolic acidosis, ketosis, arthritis, obesity and osteoporosis. The invention also relates to the use of such combination for the preparation of a pharmaceutical preparation for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of such conditions and for the cosmetic treatment of a mammal in order to effect a cosmetically beneficial loss of body weight; to a method of prevention, delay of progression or treatment of conditions mediated by DPP-IV; and to a method of improving the bodily appearance of a warm-blooded animal. For example, bilayered tablets comprising metformin 500 mg in one layer and the DPP-IV inhibitor 50 mg plus pioglitazone HCl 39.672 (equivalent to 30 mg pioglitazone) in another layer were prepared

IT 486460-32-6 654671-78-0, MK-0431
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (combination of DPP-IV inhibitor, PPAR agonist and metformin for treatment of metabolic disorders)
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CNF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

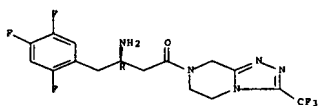
difference was observed between the interday and intraday precision and accuracy of the QC samples.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
 RL: ANST (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
 (determination of MK-0431 in human plasma using high turbulence liquid chromatog.
 online extraction and tandem mass spectrometry)
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CNF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



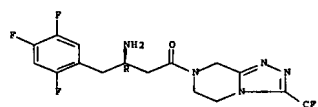
CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CNF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11-ANSWER 72 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN 2006136486 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 144:382039
 TI Combination of a DPP-IV inhibitor and a PDGF kinase inhibitor
 IN Burke, Bryan; Hughes, Thomas Edward
 PA Novartis AG, Switzerland; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.
 CODEN: PIXKD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 PAN.CNT 1



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CNF H3 O4 P

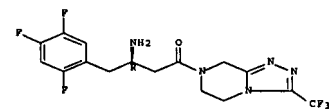


RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11-ANSWER 71 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 AN 2006140434 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 145:55290
 TI Determination of MK-0431 in human plasma using high turbulence liquid chromatography online extraction and tandem mass spectrometry
 AU Zeng, Wei; Musson, Donald G.; Fisher, Alison L.; Wang, Amy Qiu
 CS Department of Drug Metabolism, Merck Research Laboratories, Merck and Co. Inc., West Point, PA, 19486-0004, USA
 SO Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry (2006) 20(8), 1169-1175
 CODEN: RCMSEF; ISSN: 0951-4198
 PB John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB A robust and sensitive method using high turbulence liquid chromatog. (HTLC) online extraction with tandem mass spectrometry (MS/MS) for the determination of MK-0431 in human plasma was developed and validated to support the clin. studies. This HTLC online extraction method eliminated the time-consuming off-line sample extraction procedures and significantly increased productivity. A narrow bore large particle size reversed-phase column (Cyclone, 50 x 1.0 mm, 60 μ m) and a BDS Hypersil C18 column (30 x 2.1 mm, 3 μ m) were used as extraction and anal. columns, resp. The linear dynamic range of the calibration curve was 0.5 to 1000 ng/mL. Intraday validation was conducted using five calibration curves prepared in five lots of human control plasma, and the intraday precision (RSD%) was from 2.4 to 9.0% and the accuracy was from 98.0 to 103% of the nominal value. The intraday precision (RSD%, n = 5) for plasma quality control (QC) samples varied from 2.0 to 5.3% and accuracy from 103 to 105% of the nominal value. The interday precision (RSD%) for 100 sets of plasma QC samples in 29 anal. runs varied from 6.3 to 9.0% and the accuracy from 98.0 to 104% of the nominal value. No significant

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006041976	A1	20060420	WO 2005-0535917	20051006
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, NG, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
AU 2005294320	A1	20060420	AU 2005-294320	20051006
CA 2580266	A1	20060420	CA 2005-2580266	20051006
EP 1802308	A1	20070704	EP 2005-801149	20051006
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
PRAI US 2004-617201P	P	20041008		
WO 2005-0935917	W	20051006		
AB The present invention relates to a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising (i) dipeptidyl peptidase (DPP) IV inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and (ii) at least one PDGF receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The present invention furthermore relates to the use of such a combination for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of a disease or condition selected from insulin resistance, impaired glucose metabolism (IGT), conditions of impaired glucose tolerance, conditions of impaired fasting plasma glucose, diabetes mellitus, diabetes particularly type 1 or type 2 diabetes mellitus, obesity, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, cataracts, diabetic nephropathy, glomerulosclerosis, diabetic neuropathy, erectile dysfunction, premenstrual syndrome, coronary heart disease, hypertension, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, stroke, vascular restenosis, skin and connective tissue disorders, foot ulcerations and ulcerative colitis, endothelial dysfunction and impaired vascular compliance, and vascular events, cardiovascular morbidity or mortality associated with diabetes (e.g. type 1 or II) or IGT. For example, a combination comprises a PDGF receptor kinase inhibitor, i.e., [4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl-methyl)-N-(4-methyl-3-(4-pyridin-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-yl-amino)phenyl]benzamide or 4-methyl-N-[3-(4-methylimidazol-1-yl)-5-(trifluoromethylphenyl)-3-(4-pyridin-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-yl-amino]benzamide (50, 100, 200, 300 or 400 mg) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a DPP-IV inhibitor (8)-1-[(3-hydroxy-1-adamantyl)amino]acetyl-2-cyanopyrrolidine (50, 100 or 150 mg) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.				
IT 486460-32-6, Sitagliptin 654671-78-0, MK-0431				
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (therapeutic uses of combination of DPP-IV inhibitor and PDGF kinase inhibitor)				
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS				
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- <i>a</i>]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)				

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

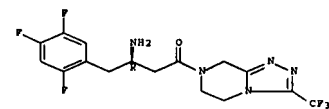
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMP H3 O4 P

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

111 ANSWER 73 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STM
AN 2006:361238 CAPLUS [Full-text](#)
DN 144:412373
TI Acyclic hydrazides as cannabinoid receptor modulators
IN Lin, Linus S.; Liu, Ping
PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

containing 0 - 2 addnl. heteroatoms selected from N, O, S) of the invention are antagonists and/or inverse agonists of the Cannabinoid-1 (CB1) receptor and are useful in the treatment, prevention and suppression of diseases mediated by the CB1 receptor. Thus, hydrazide II was prepared from 3-ClC6H4CHO via imination with MeNH2, Grignard reaction with 4-ClC6H4CH2MgCl, nitrosation with NaNO2 in CH2Cl2 containing N-chlorosuccinimide and PhC(O)2Et/NaCl, reduction with TiCl4/Hg in Et2O, and acylation with 2-methyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyloxy]propionic acid. The comds. of the present invention are useful as centrally acting drugs in the treatment of psychosis, memory deficits, cognitive disorders, migraine, neuropathy, neuro-inflammatory disorders including multiple sclerosis and Guillain-Barre syndrome and the inflammatory sequelae of viral encephalitis, cerebral vascular accidents, and head trauma, anxiety disorders, stress, epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, movement disorders, and schizophrenia. The comds. are also useful for the treatment of substance abuse disorders (including smoking cessation), the treatment of obesity or eating disorders, as well as the treatment of asthma, constipation, chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction, and cirrhosis of the liver. Thus, I were tested for binding to cannabinoid receptor-1 [IC50 = 2µM].

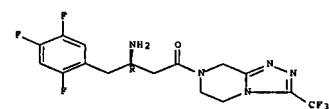
IT 486460-32-6

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (combination chemotherapy co-drug; hydrazides as cannabinoid receptor modulators)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11 ANSWER 74 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STM

AN 2006:298857 CAPLUS [Full-text](#)

DN 144:338150

TI Amorphous form of a phosphoric acid salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor

IN Ferlita, Russell R.; Wenslow, Robert M.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006033848	A1	20060330	WO 2005-US32079	20050909
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GR, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SN, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006033848	A1	20060330	WO 2005-US32079	20050909
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GR, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SN, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			

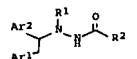
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006041797	A2	20060420	WO 2005-US35560	20051003
WO 2006041797	A3	20060706		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GR, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RM:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
AU 2005294506	A1	20060420	AU 2005-294506	20051003
CA 2582588	A1	20060420	CA 2005-2582588	20051003
EP 1807388	A2	20070718	EP 2005-800281	20051003
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
PRAI US 2004-616696P	P	20041007		
WO 2005-US35560	W	20051003		
OS CASREACT 144:412373; MARPAT 144:412373				
GI				



AB The acyclic hydrazides I [R1 = H, C1-4-alkyl, C3-6-cycloalkyl, C2-4-alkenyl, C2-4-alkynyl, R2 = C1-10-alkyl, C2-10-alkenyl, C2-10-alkynyl, C3-10-cycloalkyl, (C3-10-cycloalkyl)-(C1-4-alkyl), cycloheteroalkyl, cycloheteroalkyl-(C1-4-alkyl), aryl, aryl-(C1-10-alkyl), aryl-(C2-8-alkenyl), diaryl-(C1-4-alkyl), heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C1-10-alkyl), NRcRd; Ar1, Ar2 = aryl, heteroaryl, Rc, Rd = H, C1-10-alkyl, C2-10-alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-(C1-10-alkyl), aryl, heteroaryl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, aryl-(C1-10-alkyl), heteroaryl-(C1-10-alkyl); NRcRd = 4- to 7-membered heterocyclic ring

LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NO, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

EP 1796671 A1 20070620 EP 2005-796471 20050909

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

PRAI US 2004-610019P P 20040915

WO 2005-US32079 W 20050909

AB The present invention relates to a novel amorphous form of the dihydrogenphosphate salt of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-[2,4,5-trifluorophenyl]butan-2-amine as well as a process for its preparation, pharmaceutical comps. containing this novel form, and methods of use of the novel form and pharmaceutical comps. for the treatment of diabetes, obesity, and high blood pressure.

IT 654671-78-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (amorphous form of a phosphoric acid salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

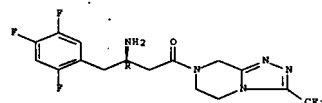
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMP H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

LI11 ANSWER 75 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2006:101593 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 144:171188

TI Preparation of glucopyranosyl-glucopyranosides and related compounds as
α-amylase inhibitors

IN Izumi, Masanori; Okuno, Akira; Matsumura, Keiko

PA Sankyo Company, Limited, Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.

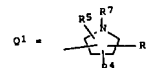
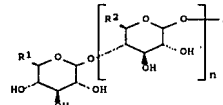
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006011588	A1	20060202	WO 2005-JP13912	20050729
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, MT, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
CA 2575521	A1	20060202	CA 2005-2575521	20050729
JP 2006063074	A	20060309	JP 2005-219763	20050729
EP 1792620	A1	20070606	EP 2005-767081	20050729
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
PRAT JP 2004-222419	A	20040729		
WO 2005-JP13912	M	20050729		
OS MARPAT 144:171188				
GI				



AB The present invention provided the preparation of compds. I [A = Q1, etc.; R1, R2 = alkyl, hydroxymethyl, alkoxyethyl, etc.; R3, R4, R5 = alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, etc.; R7 = alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, etc.; n = 1, 2] and medicaments with at least one drug selected from insulin sensitivity enhancers, insulin secretion accelerators, biguanides, insulin pharmaceuticals, and DPP-IV inhibitors. For example, (2R,3R,4R)-4-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidin-3-yl 4-O-(6-deoxy-α-D-glucopyranosyl)-α-D-glucopyranoside (II) was prepared from D-maltose monohydrate in a multistep process. In α-amylase inhibition assays, compound II exhibited the IC50 value of 0.7 μg/mL. Compds. I are claimed useful for the treatment of diabetes.

IT 654671-78-0
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (medicaments with; preparation of glucopyranosyl-glucopyranosides and related compds. as α-amylase inhibitors for treatment of diabetes)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

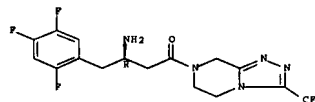
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

LI11 ANSWER 76 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2006:82491 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 145:1093

TI Glucagon-like peptide-1-based therapies for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus

AU Gallwitz, Baptist

CS Department of Medicine, Eberhard-Karls-University, Tuebingen, Germany

SO Treatments in Endocrinology (2006), 4(6), 361-370

CODEN: TERNAN; ISSN: 1175-6349

PB Adis International Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review. The 'incretin effect' describes the phenomenon of an enhanced insulin response following oral ingestion of glucose compared with that after i.v. administration of glucose, leading to identical postprandial plasma glucose excursions. It accounts for up to 60% of the postprandial insulin secretion, but is diminished in patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus. Gastrointestinal hormones that promote the incretin effect are called incretins. Glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) is an important incretin. Under hyperglycemic conditions in humans, it stimulates insulin secretion and normalizes blood glucose levels. GLP-1 does not stimulate insulin secretion at normal glucose levels; therefore, it does not cause hypoglycemia. Furthermore, it inhibits glucagon secretion and delays gastric emptying. In vitro and animal data have demonstrated that GLP-1 increases β-cell mass by stimulating islet cell neogenesis and by inhibiting the apoptosis of islet cells. The improvement of β-cell function due to GLP-1 can be indirectly observed from the increased insulin secretory capacity of humans receiving such treatment. GLP-1 may represent an attractive therapeutic method for patients with type 2 diabetes because of its multiple effects, including the stimulation of satiety in the CNS by acting as a transmitter or by crossing the blood brain barrier. Native GLP-1 is degraded rapidly upon i.v. or s.c. administration and is therefore not feasible for routine therapy. Long-acting GLP-1 analogs (e.g. liraglutide) and exendin-4 (exenatide) that are resistant to degradation, called 'incretin mimetics', are being investigated in clinical trials. Dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors (e.g. vildagliptin, sitagliptin, and saxagliptin) that inhibit the enzyme responsible for incretin degradation are also being studied.

IT 654671-78-0, Sitagliptin
RL: BSU (Biological study), unclassified; THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor sitagliptin that inhibit enzyme responsible for incretin degradation may prove useful therapeutic option)

for treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus in patient)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

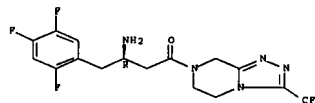
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 72 THERE ARE 72 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

LI11 ANSWER 77 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2006:64377 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 144:121953

TI DPP-4 inhibitor: MK-0431

AU Hojo, Minoru

CS Clinical Development Institute, Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO BIO Clinica (2006), 21(1), 73-76

CODEN: BCLCY; ISSN: 0919-8237

PB Hokuryukan

DT Journal; General Review

LA Japanese

AB A review, discussing the action mechanism and clin. pharmacol. of the DPP-4 inhibitor, MK-0431 for treatment of type-2 diabetes.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(action mechanism and clin. pharmacol. of the DPP-4 inhibitor, MK-0431)

121of 237

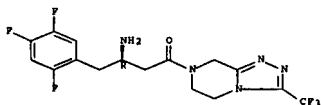
8/8/2007

for treatment of type-2 diabetes)
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
 alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMF H3 O4 P

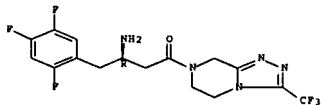


LI1 ANSWER 78 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2006:53972 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 144:121856
 TI Combination of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitors and compounds
 modulating 5-HT3 and/or 5-HT4 receptors for therapeutic use
 IN Villhauer, Edwin Bernard
 PA Novartis A.G., Switzerland; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2006005613	A1	(20060119)	WO 2005-EP7636	20050713
W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, MY, NA,				

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8/8/2007



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

LI1 ANSWER 79 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2005:1302281 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 144:425470
 TI Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of sitagliptin, an inhibitor of
 dipeptidyl peptidase IV, in healthy subjects: Results from two randomized,
 double-blind, placebo-controlled studies with single oral doses
 AU Herman, Gary A.; Stevens, Cathy; Van Dyck, Kristien; Bergman, Arthur; Yi,
 Bingming; De Smet, Marina; Snyder, Karen; Hilliard, Deborah; Tanen,
 Michael; Tanaka, Wesley; Wang, Amy Q.; Zeng, Wei; Musson, Donald;
 Winchell, Gregory; Davies, Michael J.; Ramael, Steven; Gottesdiener, Keith
 M.; Wagner, John A.
 CS Whitehouse Station, and SCS Biopharma, Merck & Co, Antwerp, Belg.
 SO Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics (New York, NY, United States)(2005),
 78(6), 675-688
 CODEN: CLPTAT; ISSN: 0009-9236
 PB Elsevier
 DT Journal
 LA English
 AB Background: Sitagliptin (MK-0431 [(2R)-4-oxo-4-(3-[trifluoromethyl]-5,6-
 dihydro[1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-
 trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine]) is an orally active, potent, and selective
 inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) currently in phase III
 development for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. Methods: Two double-blind,
 randomized, placebo-controlled, alternating-panel studies evaluated the
 safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics of single oral
 doses of sitagliptin (1.5-600 mg) in healthy male volunteers. Results:
 Sitagliptin was well absorbed (approx. 80% excreted unchanged in the urine)
 with an apparent terminal half-life ranging from 8 to 14 h. Renal clearance
 of sitagliptin averaged 38 mL/min and was largely uninfluenced by the dose
 administered. The area under the plasma concentration-time curve for

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8/8/2007

NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK,
 SL, SM, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
 ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
 IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
 CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
 GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
 AU 2005261778 A1 20060119 AU 2005-261778 20050713
 CA 2573209 A1 20060119 CA 2005-2573209 20050713
 EP 1768664 A1 20070404 EP 2005-761596 20050713
 R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
 IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
 PRAI US 2004-588011P P 20040714
 WO 2005-EP7636 W 20050713
 AB The invention discloses a combination, such as a combined preparation or
 pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising of a DPP-IV inhibitor or a
 pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and comprising at least one
 therapeutic agent selected from an agent interacting with a 5-HT3 receptor
 and/or an agent interacting with 5HT4 receptor, or a pharmaceutically
 acceptable salt thereof. The invention furthermore discloses the use of such
 a combination for the prevention, delay of progression, or treatment of
 diseases and disorders selected from selected from insulin resistance,
 impaired glucose metabolism, conditions of impaired glucose tolerance,
 conditions of impaired fasting plasma glucose, diabetes particularly type 2
 diabetes mellitus, obesity, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration,
 cataracts, diabetic nephropathy, glomerulosclerosis, diabetic neuropathy,
 erectile dysfunction, premenstrual syndrome, coronary heart disease,
 hypertension, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, stroke, vascular
 restenosis, skin and connective tissue disorders, foot ulceration's and
 ulcerative colitis, endothelial dysfunction and impaired vascular compliance,
 altered gastrointestinal motility, sensitivity and/or secretion disorders(s)
 which include, but are not limited to, heartburn, bloating, postoperative
 ileus, abdominal pain and discomfort, early satiety, epigastric pain, nausea,
 vomiting, burbulence, regurgitation, intestinal pseudobstruction, anal
 incontinence, GERD, IBS, dyspepsia, chronic constipation or diarrhea, diabetic
 gastropathy, gastroparesis, e.g. diabetic gastroparesis, ulcerative colitis,
 Crohn's disease, ulcers and the visceral pain associated therewith.
 IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor combination with compds. modulating
 5-HT3 and/or 5-HT4 receptors for therapeutic use)
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
 alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 486460-32-6
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

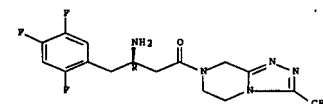
Absolute stereochemistry.

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8/8/2007

sitagliptin increased in an approx. dose-dependent manner and was not
 meaningfully influenced by food. Single doses of sitagliptin markedly and
 dose-dependently inhibited plasma DPP-IV activity, with approx. 80% or greater
 inhibition of DPP-IV activity occurring at 50 mg or greater over a 12-h period
 and at 100 mg or greater over a 24-h period. Compared with placebo,
 sitagliptin produced an approx. 2-fold increase in postmeal active glucagon-
 like peptide 1 levels. Sitagliptin was well tolerated and was not associated
 with hypoglycemia. Conclusions: This study provides proof of pharmacol.
 characteristics for sitagliptin in humans. By inhibiting plasma DPP-IV
 activity, sitagliptin increases the postprandial rise in active glucagon-like
 peptide 1 concns. without causing hypoglycemia in normoglycemic healthy male
 volunteers. Sitagliptin possesses pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic
 characteristics that support a once-daily dosing regimen.
 IT 654671-78-0, Sitagliptin
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (single oral dose sitagliptin was well absorbed, tolerated increase
 plasma postprandial active glucagon-like peptide 1, inhibited
 dipeptidyl peptidase IV activity and did not cause adverse effect as
 hypoglycemia in normoglycemic human)
 RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-
 alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
 (CA INDEX NAME)
 CM 1
 CRN 486460-32-6
 CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

LI11 ANSWER 90 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2005:1290025 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 144:36329
TI Thiazole compounds as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy
IN Epple, Robert; Cow, Christopher; Xie, Yongping; Wang, Xing; Russo, Ross; Asinola, Mihai; Saez, Enrique
PA IRMALLC, Bermuda
SO PCT Int. Appl., 187 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005116000	A1	20051208	WO 2005-US18167	20050524
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2005247931	A1	20051208	AU 2005-247931	20050524
CA 2563818	A1	20051208	CA 2005-2563818	20050524
EP 1748993	A1	20070207	EP 2005-754130	20050524
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
CN 1980906	A	20070613	CN 2005-80016538	20050524
IN 2006CN04307	A	20070615	IN 2006-CN4307	20061123
NO 2006005984	A	20070205	NO 2006-5984	20061222
PRAI US 2004-574137P	P	20040524		
US 2005-648985P	P	20050111		
WO 2005-US18167	M	20050524		
OS MARPAT 144:36329				
GI				

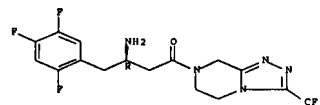
* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The invention relates to thiazole compds. of formula I, which are modulators of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR), particularly PPAR δ . In compds. I, p is 0-3; L is selected from -XOX-, -XS(O)MX-, and -XS(O)MXO-, where m is 0-2 and X is a bond or (un)substituted C1-4 alkylene; R1 is selected from halo, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 hydroxyalkyl, C1-6 haloalkyl, C1-6 haloalkoxy, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, and (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl; R2 is -XOXCO2R5 or -XCO2R5, where X is as defined previously and R5 is H or C1-6 alkyl; and R3 and R4 are independently selected from R6 and R6Y, where R6 is (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-13

heteroaryl, and Y is selected from C1-6 alkylene, C2-6 alkenylene, C2-6 alkynylene, -C(O)N(R5)-, and -OX-, where X and R5 are as defined previously, or R3 and R4, together with the atoms to which they are attached, form fused bi- or tricyclic C5-14 heteroaryl, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of compound I in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. to treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Cyclocondensation of 2-bromo-4'-methoxyacetophenone with thioacetamide followed by bromination, demethylation, and alkylation with iso-Pr iodide gave bromothiazole II, which was brominated and substituted with phenol III (preparation in 3 steps from 4-hydroxy-3-methylacetophenone given) to give thiazole IV. Compound IV underwent Suzuki coupling with 4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenylboronic acid and ester hydrolysis to give thiazole V. Most preferred compds. of the invention express an EC50 value for PPAR δ of less than 100 nM. The compds. of the invention are at least 100-fold selective for PPAR δ over PPAR γ .

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(preparation of thiazole compds. as PPAR modulators and their use for treatment and prevention of diseases associated with PPAR δ activity)
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

LI11 ANSWER 91 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2005:1299979 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 144:36326
TI Oxazole compounds as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy
IN Epple, Robert; Xie, Yongping; Wang, Xing; Cow, Christopher; Russo, Ross
PA IRMALLC, Bermuda
SO PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005116016	A1	20051208	WO 2005-US18166	20050524
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2005247930	A1	20051208	AU 2005-247930	20050524
CA 2563819	A1	20051208	CA 2005-2563819	20050524
EP 1749003	A1	20070207	EP 2005-775612	20050524
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
CN 1980919	A	20070613	CN 2005-80016511	20050524
IN 2006CN04308	A	20070615	IN 2006-CN4308	20061123
NO 2006005983	A	20070205	NO 2006-5983	20061222
PRAI US 2004-574137P	P	20040524		
US 2005-649671P	P	20050202		
WO 2005-US18166	M	20050524		
OS MARPAT 144:36326				
GI				

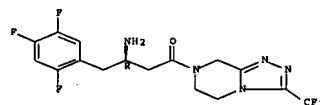
* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The invention relates to oxazole compds. of formula I, which are modulators of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR), particularly PPAR δ . In compds. I, p is 0-3; L is selected from -XOX-, -XS(O)MX-, and -XS(O)MXO-, where m is 0-2 and X is a bond or (un)substituted C1-4 alkylene; R1 is selected from halo, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 hydroxyalkyl, C1-6 haloalkyl, C1-6 haloalkoxy, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, and (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl; R2 is -XOXCO2R5 or -XCO2R5, where X is as defined previously and R5 is H or C1-6 alkyl; and R3 and R4 are independently selected from R6 and

R6Y, where R6 is (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-13 heteroaryl, and Y is selected from C1-6 alkylene, C2-6 alkenylene, C2-6 alkynylene, -C(O)N(R5)-, and -OX-, where X and R5 are as defined previously, or R3 and R4, together with the atoms to which they are attached, form fused bi- or tricyclic C5-14 heteroaryl, including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of compound I in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. to treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Diazotization of 4-(trifluoromethoxy)acetophenone followed by heterocyclization with acetonitrile, and bromination gave bromooxazole II, which was brominated and substituted with phenol III (preparation in 3 steps from 4-hydroxy-3-methylacetophenone given) to give oxazole IV. Compound IV underwent Suzuki coupling with 2-isopropoxy-5-pyridylboronic acid (preparation from 2-chloro-5-bromopyridine given) and ester hydrolysis to give oxazole V. Most preferred compds. of the invention express an EC50 value for PPAR δ of less than 100 nM. The compds. of the invention are at least 100-fold selective for PPAR δ over PPAR γ .

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(preparation of oxazoles as PPAR modulators and their use for treatment and prevention of diseases associated with PPAR δ activity)
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 82 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2005:1262399 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 144:22712
TI Triaryl compounds as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy
IN Epple, Robert; Azimioara, Mihai
PA Irm-LLC, Bermuda
SO PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005113506	A1	(20051201)	WO 2005-0916747	20050513
W:				
AR, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, BF, CP, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2005245418	A1	20051201	AU 2005-245418	20050513
CA 2564365	A1	20051201	CA 2005-2564365	20050513
EP 1756062	A1	20070228	EP 2005-751010	20050513
R:				
AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
CN 1980894	A	20070613	CN 2005-80019645	20050513
IN 2006CN04198	A	20070615	IN 2006-CN4198	20061114
PRAI US 2004-571004P	P	20040514		
WO 2005-0916747	M	20050513		
OS MARPAT 144:22712				
GI				

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The invention relates to aryl compds. of formula I, which are modulators of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR), particularly PPAR δ . In compds. I, m is 0-3, X, Y, and Z are independently selected from CH and N; L is (un)substituted (CH₂)n(CH₂)n or (CH₂)nS(O)_p(CH₂)n, where each n is



RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 83 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2005:1259663 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 144:22911
TI Isoxazole compounds as PPAR modulators, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy
IN Epple, Robert; Russo, Ross; Azimioara, Mihai; Xie, Yongping
PA Irm-LLC, Bermuda
SO PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005113519	A1	(20051201)	WO 2005-0916672	20050512
W:				
AR, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, BF, CP, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2005245411	A1	20051201	AU 2005-245411	20050512
CA 2564429	A1	20051201	CA 2005-2564429	20050512
EP 1745027	A1	20070124	EP 2005-769154	20050512
R:				
AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
CN 1984894	A	20070620	CN 2005-80019652	20050512
IN 2006CN04201	A	20070622	IN 2006-CN4201	20061114
PRAI US 2004-571003P	P	20040514		
WO 2005-0916672	M	20050512		
OS MARPAT 144:22911				
GI				

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The invention relates to isoxazole compds. of formula I, which are modulators of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR), particularly PPAR δ . In compds. I, R1 is selected from (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl,

independently selected from 0-4 and p is 0-2; R1 and R2 are independently selected from (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl-A-, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl-A-, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl-A-, and (un)substituted C5-13 heteroaryl-A-, where A is a bond, C1-6 alkylen, C2-6 alkenylene, or C2-6 alkynylene; R3 is selected from halo, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, C1-6 hydroxyalkyl, C1-6 haloalkyl, C1-6 haloalkoxy, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl, (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, and (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl; and R4 is selected from (CH₂)n(CH₂)nCO₂R5 and (CH₂)nCO₂R5, where n is as defined previously and R5 is H or C1-6 alkyl; including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of 1, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of compound I in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. to treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Substitution of Me bromoacetate with 4-hydroxy-3-methylacetophenone followed by Baeyer-Villiger oxidation and methanolysis gave phenoxycetate II, which underwent substitution of 3,5-dibromobenzyl bromide to give dibromobenzyl ether III. Treatment of III with an excess of 4-trifluoromethylphenylboronic acid and ester hydrolysis resulted in the formation of terphenyl IV. Most preferred compds. of the invention express an EC₅₀ value for PPAR δ of less than 100 nM. The compds. of the invention are at least 100-fold selective for PPAR δ over PPAR α .

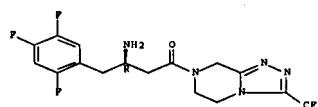
IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(preparation of triaryl compds. as PPAR modulators and their use for treatment and prevention of diseases associated with PPAR δ activity)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P

and (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl; R3 is selected from (CH₂)n(CH₂)nOR5, (CH₂)nOR5, CO₂R5, C(O)N(R4)2, C(O)N(R4)(CH₂)nOR4, CO₂(CH₂)nOR5, C(O)(CH₂)nOR5, C(O)N(R4)(CH₂)nOR5, C(O)N(R4)(R5), and C(O)N(R4)(CH₂)nR5, where n is 0-4, R4 is H or C1-6 alkyl, and R5 is C1-6 alkyl, C3-12 cycloalkyl, C3-8 heterocyclyl, C6-10 aryl, or C5-10 heteroaryl, or R4 and R5, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, form C3-8 heterocyclyl or C5-10 heteroaryl; and R3 is selected from (un)substituted C3-12 cycloalkyl, (un)substituted C3-8 heterocyclyl, (un)substituted C6-10 aryl, and (un)substituted C5-10 heteroaryl; including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, hydrates, solvates, isomers, and prodrugs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of 1, pharmaceutical compns. comprising a therapeutically effective amount of compound I in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. to treat or prevent diseases or disorders associated with PPAR activity. Esterification of 3-bromophenylacetic acid followed by coupling with cyanide, reduction of the nitrile to an aldehyde, condensation with hydroxylamine, and chlorination gave chlorooxime II. N-Boc-2-bromoethylamine was substituted with 2,4-dichlorophenol followed by deprotection, amidation with Et benzoylacetate to give benzoylacetamide III, which underwent cyclocondensation with chlorooxime II and ester hydrolysis, resulting in the formation of isoxazole IV. Most preferred compds. of the invention express an EC₅₀ value for PPAR δ of less than 100 nM. The compds. of the invention are at least 100-fold selective for PPAR δ over PPAR α .

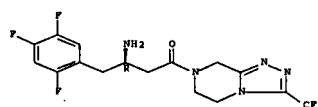
IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(compds. and compns. as PPAR modulators and their use for treatment and prevention of diseases associated with activity of PPAR families, particularly PPAR δ)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

U133 ANSWER 04 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2005:112877 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 143:387377

TI Process for the preparation of enantiomerically enriched β -amino acid derivatives
IN Xiao, Yi; Sun, Yongkui; Rosner, Thorsten; Rivera, Nelo R.; Kraska, Shane W.; Clausen, Andrew M.; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Spindler, Felix; Malan, Christophe
PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Solvias A.-G.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.
CODEN: PXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

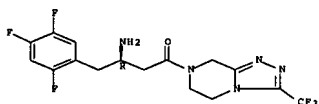
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005097733	A1	20051020	WO 2005-US11585	20050405
M:	AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RM:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

AU 2005230693 A1 20051020 AU 2005-230693 20050405
CA 2561973 A1 20051020 CA 2005-2561973 20050405
EP 1735269 A1 20051227 EP 2005-732844 20050405
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
CN 1972898 A 20070530 CN 2005-80010669 20050405
IN 2006CN03581 A 20070622 IN 2006-CN3581 20060928
PRAI US 2004-559514P P 20040405
US 2005-646698P P 20050124
WO 2005-US11585 W 20050405
OS CASREACT 143:387377; MARPAT 143:387377
AB Enantiomerically-enriched β -amino acid deriva. having unprotected amino group were prepared by enantioselective hydrogenation of an amine-protected prochiral β -amino acrylic acid or derivative in the presence of a rhodium metal precursor complexed with a chiral mono- or bisphosphine ligand. The product chiral β -amino acid deriva. are useful in the asym. synthesis of biol. active mols. Thus, hydrogenation of H2NCH(CH2O2Me) in the presence of [Rh(cod)Cl]2 and a ferrocenyl bisphosphine ligand afforded 92% H2NCH(CH2O2Me).

LA English
AB Structure-based virtual screening was performed against the target dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) to identify good chemical starting points for medicinal chemical. A database of available compds. was filtered by calculated phys. properties and undesired chemical. This database was matched against two inhouse designed DPP-IV pharmacophores, and the hits from these pharmacophore searches were docked into a DPP-IV crystal structure. Compds. were then selected for testing and 51 active compds. were identified from a list of 4000 compds. tested. These had activities ranging from 30% to 82% when tested at a concentration of 30 μ M in an enzyme inhibition assay.

IT 486460-32-6
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(structure-based screening for low mol. weight chemical starting points for dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- α]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

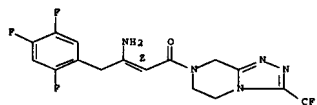
U133 ANSWER 04 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2005:105065 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 143:347172

TI Preparation of imidazoles as inhibitors of glutaminyl cyclase.
IN Schilling, Stephan; Buchholz, Mirko; Niestroj, Andre Johannes; Heiser, Ulrich; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich
PA Probiomed AG, Germany
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 53 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 838,993.
CODEN: USXXCO
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 6

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2005215573	A1	20050929	US 2005-51760	20050204
US 2004224875	A1	20041111	US 2004-838993	20040505
PRAI US 2004-542133P	P	20040205		
US 2004-838993	A2	20040505		
US 2004-634364P	P	20041208		
US 2003-468014P	P	20030505		
OS CASREACT 143:347172; MARPAT 143:347172				
GI				

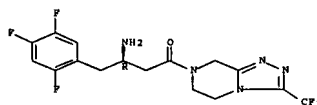
IT 767340-03-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of enantiomerically-enriched β -amino acid deriva. by catalytic hydrogenation of β -amino acrylic acids)
RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3- α]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 486460-32-6P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of enantiomerically-enriched β -amino acid deriva. by catalytic hydrogenation of β -amino acrylic acids)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- α]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

U133 ANSWER 05 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
AN 2005:1080535 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 143:432008

TI Structure-Based Virtual Screening for Low Molecular Weight Chemical Starting Points for Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitors
AU Ward, Richard A.; Perkins, Tim D. J.; Stafford, Jackie
CS Cancer Discovery, AstraZeneca, Macclesfield /Cheshire, SK10 4TG, UK
SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2005) 48(22), 6991-6996
CODEN: JMCWAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
PB American Chemical Society
DT Journal



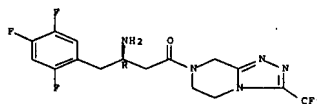
AB Title compds. [I; A = (Ph-, cycloalkyl-interrupted) alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene; B = NHC(X)NHD, C(X)NHD, C(X)SD, etc.; D = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, acyl, heterocyclyl, etc.; X = O, S, imino, (substituted) CH2], with specific exceptions, were prepared. Thus, 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl isothiocyanate and 3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)propylamine were refluxed together for 2 h in EtOH to give 51.3% 1-[3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)propyl]-3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)thiourea. The latter showed an IC50 = 0.22 μ M for inhibition of glutaminyl cyclase. Peptide inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV were also prepared.

IT 654671-78-0, MK431
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(combination therapy; preparation of imidazoles as inhibitors of glutaminyl cyclase)
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- α]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CN 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



137of 237

8/8/2007

L11 ANSWER 87 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2005-962041 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 143-242034
 TI DPP-IV inhibitors for neurodegenerative and cognitive disorders
 IN Hughes, Thomas Edward
 PA Novartis A.G., Switzerland; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005079795	A2	20050901	WO 2005-EP1729	20050218
WO 2005079795	A3	20051110		
M:	AR, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM			
RW:	BH, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2005215136	A1	20050901	AU 2005-215136	20050218
CA 2555399	A1	20050901	CA 2005-2555399	20050218
EP 1732550	A2	20061220	EP 2005-707520	20050218
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
CN 1921856	A	20070228	CN 2005-80005568	20050218
BR 2005007905	A	20070710	BR 2005-7905	20050218
IN 2006CN03029	A	20070608	IN 2006-CN3029	20060818
PRAI US 2004-546229P	P	20040220		
US 2004-607902P	P	20040908		
WO 2005-EP1729	W	20050218		

AB The invention relates to the use of a dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (DPP-IV inhibitor) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the prevention, delay of progression or the treatment of neurodegenerative disorders, cognitive disorders and for improving memory (both short term and long term) and learning ability.

IT 554671-78-0, MK-0431
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (DPP-IV inhibitors for neurodegenerative and cognitive disorders)
 RN 554671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
 CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

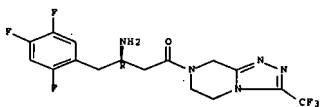
139of 237

8/8/2007

RN 554671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
 CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

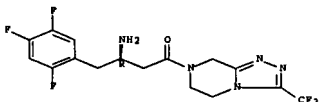


CM 2
 CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P



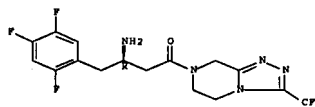
IT 486460-32-6P, (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (first generation process for preparation of DPP-IV inhibitor sitagliptin using free base as synthetic intermediate)
 RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



138of 237

8/8/2007



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P



L11 ANSWER 88 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2005-945302 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 143-422325
 TI First Generation Process for the Preparation of the DPP-IV Inhibitor Sitagliptin
 AU Hansen, Karl B.; Balsells, Jaume; Dreher, Spencer; Hsiao, Yi; Kubryk, Michele; Palucki, Michael; Rivera, Nelo; Steinhuebel, Dietrich; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Askin, David; Grabowski, Edward J. J.
 CS Department of Process Research, Merck Research Laboratories, Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA
 SO Organic Process Research & Development (2005), 9(5), 634-639
 CODEN: OPRDFK; ISSN: 1083-6160
 PB American Chemical Society
 DT Journal
 LA English
 OS CASREACT 143:422325
 AB A new synthesis of sitagliptin (MK-0431), a DPP-IV inhibitor and potential new treatment for type II diabetes, suitable for the preparation of multi-kilogram quantities is presented. The triazolopyrazine fragment of sitagliptin was prepared in 26% yield over four chemical steps using a synthetic strategy similar to the medicinal chemical synthesis. Key process developments were made in the first step of this sequence, the addition of hydrazine to chloropyrazine, to ensure its safe operation on a large scale. The beta-amino acid fragment of sitagliptin was prepared by asym. reduction of the corresponding beta-ketoester followed by a two-step elaboration to an N-benzoyloxy beta-lactam. Hydrolysis of the lactam followed by direct coupling to the triazolopyrazine afforded sitagliptin after cleavage of the N-benzoyloxy group and salt formation. The overall yield was 52% over eight steps.
 IT 554671-78-0P, Sitagliptin
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (first generation process for preparation of DPP-IV inhibitor sitagliptin)

140of 237

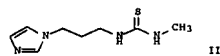
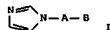
8/8/2007

RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 89 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2005-833672 CAPLUS Full-text
 DN 143-229851
 TI Preparation of imidazolyl thiourea derivatives as inhibitors of glutaminy cyclase
 IN Schilling, Stephan; Buchholz, Mirko; Niestroj, Andre Johannes; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich; Heiser, Ulrich
 PA Probiolog A.-G., Germany
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 122 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 6

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005075436	A2	20050818	WO 2005-EP1153	20050204
WO 2005075436	A3	20051208		
M:	AR, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM			
RW:	BH, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 2004224875	A1	20041111	US 2004-838993	20040505
AU 2005210004	A1	20050818	AU 2005-210004	20050204
CA 2554809	A1	20050818	CA 2005-2554809	20050204
EP 1713780	A2	20061025	EP 2005-707206	20050204
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS			
CN 1918131	A	20070221	CN 2005-80004289	20050204
BR 2005007485	A	20070710	BR 2005-7485	20050204
JP 2007520520	T	20070726	JP 2006-551809	20050204
IN 2006KN02139	A	20070518	IN 2006-KN2139	20060728
MX 2006PA08868	A	20061020	MX 2006-PA08868	20060804
PRAI US 2004-542133P	P	20040205		
US 2004-838993	A	20040505		
US 2004-634364P	P	20041208		
US 2003-468014P	P	20030505		
WO 2005-EP1153	W	20050204		

OS MARPAT 143:229851
 GI



AB Title compds. I [A = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; B = substituted thiourea, urea, amide, etc.] and their pharmaceutical acceptable salts, are prepared and disclosed as glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by coupling of 1H-imidazole-1-propanamine with the corresponding isothiocyanate. The inhibitory activity of I towards DP IV was evaluated using chromogenic enzyme assay and it was revealed that selected compds. of the invention displayed K_i values in the range of 0.06 up to 204.5 μM . I as glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors should prove useful in the treatment of Alzheimer's disease, depression and dementia. Pharmaceutical compns. comprising I are disclosed.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-431
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(claimed co-drugs; preparation of imidazolyl thiourea deriva. as inhibitors of glutaminyl cyclase)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

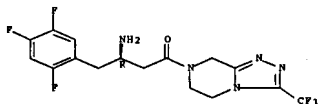
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

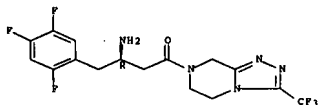
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



IT 862156-96-3P 862156-97-4P 862156-90-9P
862156-93-1P 862156-95-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(crystalline salts of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

RN 862156-96-3 CAPLUS

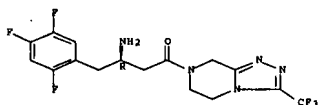
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monobenzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 98-11-3

CMF C6 H6 O3 S



RN 862156-97-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, mono(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



111-AMSWER90WOPHYTICAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:729507 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 143:216652

TI Novel crystalline salts of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor
IN Ferlita, Russell R.; Hansen, Karl; Vydra, Vicky K.; Wang, Yaling; Lindemann, Christopher M.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT-Int. Appl. 40 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CMT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005072530	A1	20050811	WO 2005-US951	20050112
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, ES, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1708571	A1	20061011	EP 2005-705553	20050112
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS				
PRAI US 2004-537073P	P	20040116		
WO 2005-US951	W	20050112		

AB Novel crystalline salts of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine (I) are potent inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and are useful for the treatment of non-insulin dependent (type 2) diabetes mellitus. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compns. containing these novel salts, processes to prepare these salts and their pharmaceutical compns. as well as uses thereof for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. The procedure for preparing I is given.

IT 486460-32-60
RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(crystalline salts of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

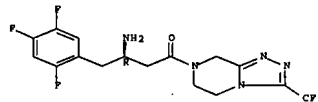
Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

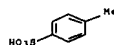
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 104-15-4

CMF C7 H8 O3 S



RN 862156-90-9 CAPLUS

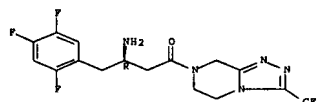
CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-methanesulfonic acid, 7,7-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (1R,4R)-, compd. with [(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



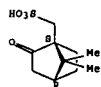
CM 2

145of 237

8/8/2007

CRN 3144-16-9
CMF C10 H16 O4 S

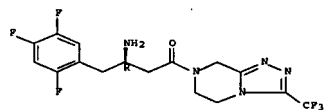
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 862156-92-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

● H₂O

RN 862156-93-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate, hydrate (2:2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

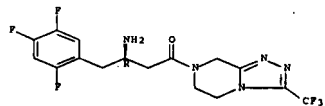
147of 237

8/8/2007

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

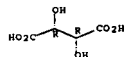
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 87-69-4
CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



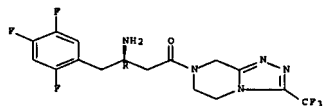
RN 862156-88-5 CAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-methanesulfonic acid, 7,7-dimethyl-2-oxo-, compd. with 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

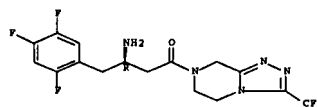
CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



146of 237

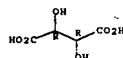
8/8/2007



CM 2

CRN 87-69-4
CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 486459-71-6 862156-85-2 862156-88-5

962156-89-6 862156-91-0

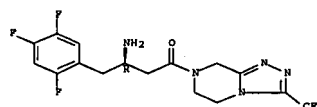
RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(crystalline salts of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)

RN 486459-71-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 862156-85-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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8/8/2007

CM 2

CRN 5872-08-2
CMF C10 H16 O4 S

Absolute stereochemistry.



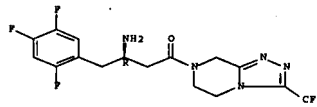
RN 862156-89-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

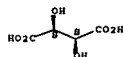
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 147-71-7
CMF C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



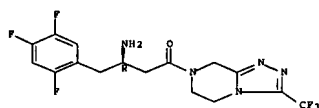
RN 862156-91-0 CAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-1-methanesulfonic acid, 7,7-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (1R,4S)-, compd. with 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

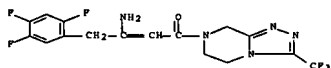


CM 2
CRN 35963-20-3
CMP C10 H16 O4 S

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 847445-81-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(crystalline salts of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)
RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

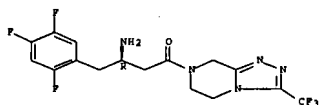


RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 91 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

151of 237 8/8/2007

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



L11 ANSWER 92 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2005:673144 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 143:179590
TI Direct compression formulation for dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors
IN Kowalski, James; Parthiban, Lakshman Jayanthi; Patel, Arun P.
PA Novartis AG; Novartis; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.
CODEM: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005067976	A2	20050728	WO 2005-EP400	20050117
WO 2005067976	A3	20061116		
W: AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM				
RW: BH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BG, CF, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2005205055	A1	20050728	AU 2005-205055	20050117
CA 2552569	A1	20050728	CA 2005-2552569	20050117
EP 1715893	A2	20061102	EP 2005-700976	20050117
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				

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AN 2005:696517 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 143:186770
TI Glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors optionally combined with other agents for the treatment of neuronal disorders
IN Schulz, Ingo; Schilling, Stephan; Niestroj, Andre Johannes; Heiser, Ulrich; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich; Rossner, Steffen
PA Probiologika GmbH
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 70 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 976,677.
CODEM: USXXCO
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 4

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2005171112	A1	20050804	US 2004-2169	20041202
US 2005137142	A1	20050623	US 2004-976677	20041029
US 2006100253	A1	20060511	US 2005-290735	20051130
WO 2006058720	A2	20060608	WO 2005-EP12765	20051130
WO 2006058720	A3	20060727		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CS, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, MD, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
PRAI US 2003-516717P	P	20031103		
US 2004-976677	A2	20041029		
US 2004-2169	A2	20041202		
US 2005-684137P	P	20050524		

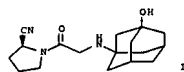
OS MARPAT 143:186770
AB The invention provides a method for the treatment of neuronal disorders in a mammal, e.g. a human, which comprises administering an effective, nontoxic and pharmaceutically acceptable amount of at least one glutaminyl cyclase inhibitor, optionally in combination with at least one agent selected from endopeptidase inhibitors, L1C1, inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV/DP IV-like enzymes, NPY-receptor ligands, NPY agonists, NPY antagonists, acetylcholinesterase inhibitors, protein isospartate carboxymethyl transferase enhancers, inhibitors of β -secretases, inhibitors of γ -secretases and inhibitors of neutral endopeptidase, to a mammal in need thereof.

IT 654671-78-0
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors optionally combined with other agents for treatment of neuronal disorders)
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

152of 237 8/8/2007

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU				
BR 2005007007	A	20070605	BR 2005-7007	20050117
JP 2007518760	T	20070712	JP 2006-549999	20050117
MX 2006PA08265	A	20060831	MX 2006-PA8265	20060720
IN 2006CN2669	A	20070608	IN 2006-CN2669	20060720
NO 2006003739	A	20061020	NO 2006-3739	20060821
PRAI US 2004-537706P	P	20040120		
US 2004-604274P	P	20040825		
WO 2005-EP400	W	20050117		

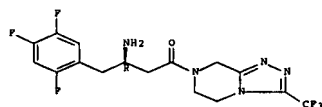


AB Dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor (referred to as DPP-IV) that may be 98.5-100% pure is a high-dose drug capable of being directly compressed with specific excipients into solid form dosage forms, such as tablets and capsules having desired, hardness, disintegrating ability and acceptable dissoln. characteristics. DPP-IV is not inherently compressible and thus presents formulation problems. Excipients used in the formulation enhance the flow and compaction properties of the drug and tableting mix. Optimal flow contributes to uniform die fill and weight control. The binder used ensures sufficient cohesive properties that allow DPP-IV to be compressed using the direct compression method. The tablets produced provide an acceptable in vitro dissoln. profile. A composition contained LAF 237 (I), cellulose, lactose, Na starch glycolate, and Mg stearate.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(direct compression formulation for dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitors)
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



L11 ANSWER 93 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2005:571490 CAPLUS [Full-text](#)
DN 144:192453
TI MK-0431: agent for type 2 diabetes and dipeptidyl-peptidase IV (CD26) inhibitor
AU Sorbera, L. A.; Castaner, J.
CS Prous Science, Barcelona, 08080, Spain
SO Drugs of the Future (2005), 30(4), 337-343
CODEN: DRFUD4; ISSN: 0377-8282
PB Prous Science
DT Journal; General Review
LA English
AB

A review. The incretin hormone glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1, GLP-1[7-36]amide) plays a crucial role in the regulation of insulin by acting on the pancreas to potentiate glucose-induced insulin secretion. GLP-1 also beneficially slows gastric emptying, reduces appetite and restores β -cell function, and has been the subject of research efforts to develop agents for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. However, GLP-1 has an extremely short half-life and is not suitable for therapeutic use. It is rapidly hydrolyzed by the circulating enzyme dipeptidyl-peptidase IV (DPP-IV), which cleaves the mol. at the N-terminal, giving rise to the inactive truncated fragment GLP-1(9-36)amide. On the other hand, administration of a DPP-IV inhibitor could enhance the half-life of GLP-1 and could therefore produce the same pleiotropic effects as exogenously administered GLP-1 or GLP-1 analogs. Thus, one of the newer targets for the treatment of diabetes is the serine protease DPP-IV. MK-0431 (Ono-5435) is a novel, potent, orally active β -amino acid-derived DPP-IV inhibitor that has exhibited good pharmacokinetics in mice, rats, dogs and monkeys and was chosen for further development as a treatment for type 2 diabetes. It has been shown to be effective in insulin-resistant mice and mice with diet-induced obesity, and was safe and effective in patients with type 2 diabetes. The agent has reached phase III development as a treatment for this condition.

CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005051386	A1	20050609	WO 2004-083905	20041119
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RM:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 2005171140	A1	20050804	US 2004-989138	(20041115)
EP 1684754	A1	20060802	EP 2004-811719	20041119
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR, IS, YU			
PRAI US 2003-523546P	P	20031120		
US 2004-989138	A	20041115		
WO 2004-083905	W	20041119		
OS MARPAT 143:43869				
GI				

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Title compds. I [Het = 5- to 8-membered ring including at least one nitrogen atom with provisions: n = 0-1, R1 and R2 independently = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc., R3 = H, aryl, cycloalkyl, etc., R4 and R5 independently = H, alkyl; X = -CR6R7-CR6R7a-, -CR6-CR7-, R6, R7, R6a and R7a independently = H, alkyl] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, are prepared and disclosed as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase. Thus, e.g., II was prepared by cyclization of Et 2-amino-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-6-isopropyl-5-methoxycarbonyl-3-pyridinepropanoate (preparation given) followed by a reduction/sulfonylation/reduction sequence to give [4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-isopropyl-8-methanesulfonyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1H-naphthyridin-3-yl]-methanol (III). III was oxidized to the resp. aldehyde and coupled with 1,1-dimethylethyl(4R,6S)-2,2-dimethyl-6-(1-phenyl-1H-tetrazole-5-sulfonylmethyl)-[1,3]dioxan-4-yl-acetate followed by ring opening to give II. I should display activity as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase (no data given). I as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase inhibitors should prove useful in the treatment of, but not limited to, hyperlipidemia, dyslipidemia, and atherosclerosis. Pharmaceutical compns. comprising I are disclosed.

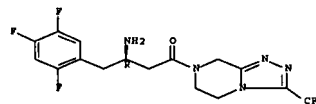
IT 654671-78-0, MK 0431
RL: THU (Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), USES (Uses) (claimed co-drug; preparation of nitrogen-containing bicyclic pyridine-based deriva. as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 654671-78-0P, MK 0431
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity), PNU (Preparation, unclassified), THU (Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), PREP (Preparation), USES (Uses) (chemical, pharmacol., pharmacokinetics, and clin. studies of MK-0431 as agent for type 2 diabetes and dipeptidyl-peptidase IV inhibitor)
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



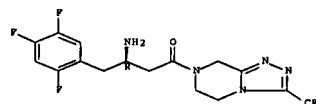
RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 94 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2005:493507 CAPLUS [Full-text](#)
DN 143:43869
TI Preparation of nitrogen containing bicyclic pyridine-based derivatives as inhibitors of HMG CoA reductase
IN O'Connor, Stephen P.; Robl, Jeffrey; Ahmad, Saleem; Bisaha, Sharon; Murugesan, Natesan; Ngu, Khehyong; Shi, Yan; Stein, Philip D.; Soundararajan, Nachimuthu; Natalie, Kenneth J., Jr.; Kolla, Laxma R.; Sausker, Justin; Quinlan, Sandra L.; Fan, Junying; Petsch, Dejah; Guo, Zhenrong
PA Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 193 pp.

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 95 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2005:471999 CAPLUS [Full-text](#)
DN 143:13357
TI Combinations containing DPP IV inhibitors for treatment of obesity-related disorders
IN Holmes, David Grenville
PA Novartis A.-G., Switz. Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005049088	A2	20050602	WO 2004-EP12989	20041116
WO 2005049088	A3	20051229		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			

8/8/2007

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2004290896 A1 20050602 AU 2004-290896 20041116
 CA 2545514 A1 20050602 CA 2004-2545514 20041116
 EP 1687030 A2 20060809 EP 2004-797931 20041116

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS

BR 2004016627 A 20070116 BR 2004-16627 20041116
 CN 1901938 A 20070124 CN 2004-80040087 20041116
 JP 2007511486 T 20070510 JP 2006-538824 20041116
 MX 2006PA05596 A 20060811 MX 2006-PA5596 20060517
 US 2007149451 A1 20070628 US 2007-579580 (20070125)

PRAI US 2003-520564P P (20031117)
 WO 2004-EPI2989 W 20041116

AB The present invention relates to a combination, such as a combined preparation or pharmaceutical composition, resp., comprising a dipeptidyl peptidase (DPP) IV inhibitor or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and an antiobesity agent, or an appetite regulating agent, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. The present invention furthermore relates to the use of such a combination for the prevention, delay of progression or treatment of diseases and disorders selected from the group consisting of hypertension, congestive heart failure, left ventricular hypertrophy, peripheral arterial disease, diabetes, especially type 2 diabetes mellitus, diabetic retinopathy, macular degeneration, cataract, diabetic neuropathy, glomerulosclerosis, chronic renal failure, diabetic neuropathy, syndrome X, premenstrual syndrome, coronary heart disease, angina pectoris, thrombosis, atherosclerosis, myocardial infarction, transient ischemic attacks, stroke, vascular restenosis, hyperglycemia, hyperinsulinemia, hyperlipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, insulin resistance, impaired glucose metabolism, conditions of impaired glucose tolerance, conditions of impaired fasting plasma glucose, obesity, erectile dysfunction, skin and connective tissue disorders, foot ulcerations and ulcerative colitis, endothelial dysfunction and impaired vascular compliance. For example, synergistic effects can be observed with the combination therapy of the DPP IV inhibitor LAP237 (10 µmole/kg) and an antiobesity agent (10 mg/kg) given orally for 3 wk on body weight, OGTT glucose or insulin excursions, and Plasma fibrinogen in rats.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (compos. containing DPP IV inhibitors for treatment of obesity-related disorders)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*α*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

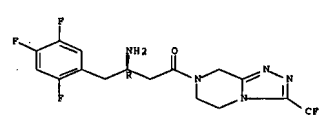
CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

8/8/2007



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



L11-ANSWER-96-OF-111-CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STM

AN 2005:471952 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 143:20035

TI Combinations useful for the treatment of neuronal disorders

IN Schulz, Ingo; Schilling, Stephan; Niestroj, Andre Johannes; Demuth,

Hans-Ulrich; Rossner, Steffen

PA Probiologix A.G., Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 123 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN: CMT 4

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005049027	A2	20050602	WO 2004-EPI2301	20041029
WO 2005049027	A3	20060112		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2004290499 A1 20050602 AU 2004-290499 20041029

CA 2544573 A1 20050602 CA 2004-2544573 20041029

EP 1680120 A2 20060719 EP 2004-791058 20041029

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR

8/8/2007

JP 2007509898 T 20070419 JP 2006-537220 20041029
 IN 20060801290 A 20070427 IN 2006-KM1290 20060516
 PRAI US 2003-516717P P 20031103
 WO 2004-EPI2301 W 20041029

OS MARPAT 143:20035

AB The present invention provides a method for the treatment of neuronal disorders, in a mammal such as a human, which method comprises administering an effective, non-toxic and pharmaceutically acceptable amount of at least one glutaminyl cyclase (QC)-inhibitor, optionally in combination with at least one agent, selected from the group consisting of prolyl endopeptidase inhibitor (PEPI)-inhibitors, inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP IV)/DPP IV-like enzymes, NPY-receptor ligands, NPY agonists, NPY antagonists, acetylcholinesterase (ACE)-inhibitors, protein isopropylate carboxymethyl transferase (PINT) enhancers, inhibitors of β -secretases, inhibitors of γ -secretases and inhibitors of neutral endopeptidase, to a mammal in need thereof.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor; treatment of neuronal disorders using glutaminyl cyclase inhibitors in combination with other agents)

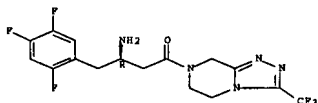
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*α*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



8/8/2007

L11-ANSWER-97-OF-111-CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STM

AN 2005:471947 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 143:1284

TI Use of organic compounds

IN Pratley, Richard; Foley, James E.; Hughes, Thomas Edward

PA Novartis A.G., Swita.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN: CMT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005049022	A2	20050602	WO 2004-EPI2990	20041116
WO 2005049022	A3	20050721		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2004290897 A1 20050602 AU 2004-290897 20041116

CA 2545641 A1 20050602 CA 2004-2545641 20041116

EP 1686994 A2 20060809 EP 2004-797932 20041116

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS

BR 2004016628 A 20070116 BR 2004-16628 20041116

CN 1905876 A 20070131 CN 2004-80040508 20041116

JP 2007511487 T 20070510 JP 2006-538825 20041116

MX 2006PA05518 A 20060817 MX 2006-PA5518 20060516

IN 2006CN01724 A 20070629 IN 2006-CN1724 20060517

PRAI US 2003-520562P P 20031117

US 2003-520563P P 20031117

US 2004-547191P P 20040224

US 2004-547192P P 20040224

WO 2004-EPI2990 W 20041116

AB Disclosed is the use of a Dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (DPP-IV inhibitor), preferably (S)-1-[(3-hydroxy-1-adamantyl)amino] acetyl-2-cyano-pyrrolidine or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for the treatment of cardiovascular diseases or damages, renal diseases or damages, heart failure, or heart failure associated diseases.

IT 654671-78-0, MK-0431
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (DPP-IV inhibitors for treatment of cardiovascular and renal diseases)

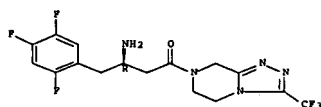
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*α*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

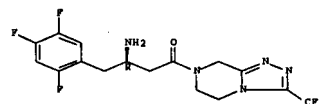
CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 P

L11-ANSWER_98_OF_111- CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:419335 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 143:125519
TI MK-431 Merck
AU Deacon, Carolyn P.
CS Department of Medical Physiology Panum Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen N, DK-2200, Den.
SO Current Opinion in Investigational Drugs (Thomson Scientific) (2005) 6(4), 419-426
CODEN: COIDAE, ISSN: 1472-4472
PB Thomson Scientific
DT Journal, General Review
LA English
AB A review. Merck & Co is developing MK-431, the lead from a series of dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitors that enhance endogenous glucagon-like peptide-1 levels, for the potential treatment of type 2 diabetes. Phase III studies were initiated in the second quarter of 2004.
IT 654671-78-0, MK 431
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(MK-431 for potential treatment of type 2 diabetic patients)
RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

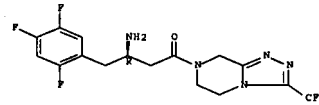


CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMF H3 O4 PRE.CNT 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11-ANSWER_99_OF_111- CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

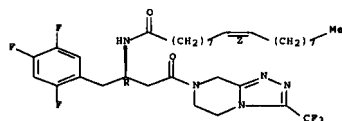
AN 2005:405417 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 142:469248
TI Pharmaceutical compositions for enhanced absorption
IN Wong, Patrick S. L.; Yan, Dong
PA Alza Corporation, USA; Guitard, George V.
SO PCT Int. Appl., 92 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 6
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2005041925 A2 20050512 WO 2004-0936040 20041029
WO 2005041925 A3 20050929
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RM: BW, GH, GM, GR, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG



L11-ANSWER_100_OF_111- CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:300188 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 142:360851
TI Novel crystalline form of a phosphate salt of a dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor
IN Chen, Alex M.; Wenslow, Robert M.
PA (Merck & Co., Inc., USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 2005030127 A2 20050407 WO 2004-0930434 20040917
WO 2005030127 A3 20050526
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RM: BW, GH, GM, GR, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CP, CO, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
EP 1667524 A2 20060614 EP 2004-784324 20040917
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
US 2007021430 A1 20070125 US 2006-570409 (20060303)
PRAI US 2003-505118P P 20030923
WO 2004-0930434 W 20040917
AB The present invention relates to a novel crystalline anhydrate polymorph of the dihydrogen phosphate salt of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine as well as a process for their preparation, pharmaceutical compns. containing this form, and methods of use of the form for the treatment of diabetes, obesity, and high blood pressure.
IT 654671-77-9P 654671-78-0P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(crystalline form of phosphate salt of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)
RN 654671-77-9 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate, hydrate (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

AU 2004285533 A1 20050512 AU 2004-285533 20041029
CA 2543238 A1 20050512 CA 2004-2543238 (20041029)
US 2005158374 A1 20050721 US 2004-978141 20041029
US 2005163848 A1 20050728 US 2004-978136 20041029
US 2005163849 A1 20050728 US 2004-978137 20041029
US 2005163841 A1 20050728 US 2004-978138 20041029
US 2005165102 A1 20050728 US 2004-978139 20041029
US 2006094782 A9 20060504
US 2005163850 A1 20050728 US 2004-978252 20041029
EP 1677757 A2 20060712 EP 2004-810118 20041029
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
CN 1901881 A 20070124 CN 2004-80039649 20041029
JP 2007509973 T 20070419 JP 2006-538323 20041029
IN 2006KN01135 A 20070427 IN 2006-KN1135 20060502
NO 2006002504 A 20060721 NO 2006-2504 20060531
PRAI US 2003-51659P P 20031031
US 2003-519509P P 20031112
WO 2004-093040 W 20041029
AB Disclosed is controlled delivery of pharmaceutical agents and methods, dosage forms and devices therefore. In particular, formulation, dosage forms, methods and devices for enhanced absorption and controlled delivery drug compds. are disclosed. Thus, metformin laurate was prepared and put into a dosage form containing PEG, PVP and Mg stearate.
IT 851476-07-8
RL: PMU (Formation, unclassified); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); USES (Uses)
(pharmaceutical compns. for enhanced absorption)
RN 851476-07-8 CAPLUS
CN 9-Octadecanamide, N-[1(R)-3-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, (9Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



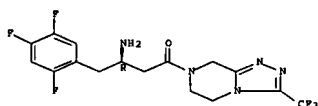
IT 486460-32-6
RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(pharmaceutical compns. for enhanced absorption)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.

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8/8/2007

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



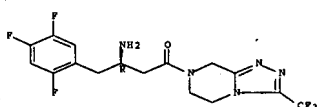
CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

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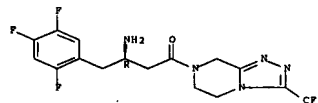
8/8/2007

CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P

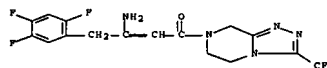


IT 486460-32-6P
RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(crystalline form of phosphate salt of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 847445-81-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(crystalline form of phosphate salt of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor)
RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



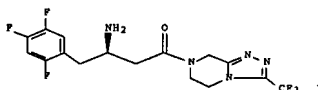
U11: ANSWER: 01HOP: U11: CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 2005:216618 CAPLUS Full-text
DN 142:303604
TI Novel crystal forms of a dihydrogen phosphate salt of a triazolopyrazine

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8/8/2007

dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor
Wenslow, Robert M.; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Chen, Alex M.; Cypes, Stephen; Perlitia, Russell R.; Hansen, Karl; Lindemann, Christopher M.; Spartalis, Evangelia
PA ~~Merck & Co., Inc.~~ USA
SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DT Patent
LA English
PAN: CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005020920	A2	20050310	WO 2004-US27983	20040827
WO 2005020920	A3	20050428		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2004268024	A1	20050310	AU 2004-268024	20040827
AU 2004268024	B2	20070712		
CA 2536251	A1	20050310	CA 2004-2536251	20040827
EP 1662876	A2	20060607	EP 2004-782460	20040827
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IS, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				
CN 1845674	A	20061011	CN 2004-80025043	20040827
JP 2007504210	T	20070301	JP 2006-525371	20040827
US 2006287528	A1	200606221	US 2006-569566	20060227
PRAI US 2003-499629P	P	20030902		
WO 2004-US27983	M	20040827		
OS CASREACT 142:303604				
GI				



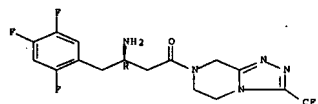
AB The present invention relates to crystalline anhydrate polymorphs of (2R)-4-oxo-4-[(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine dihydrogen phosphate salt (I) as well as a process for their preparation, pharmaceutical compns. containing these novel forms, and methods of use of the novel forms and pharmaceutical compns. for the treatment of diabetes, obesity, and high blood pressure.

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8/8/2007

IT 486460-32-6P 654671-78-0P
RL: PREP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(crystal forms of a triazolopyrazine dihydrogen phosphate salt dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor)
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

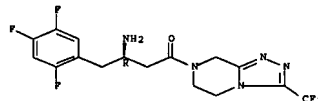
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2
CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P

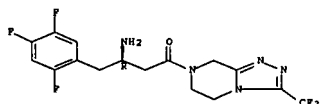


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8/8/2007

CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 71-23-8
CMP C3 H8 O

H3C-CH2-CH2-OH

RN 847445-80-1 CAPLUS

CM 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with 2-propanol (1:1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

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8/8/2007

LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, OP, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SO, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UE, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

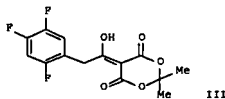
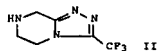
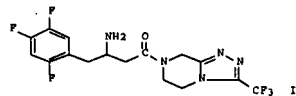
RW: BW, CH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2004253889 A1 20050113 AU 2004-253889 20040618
CA 2529400 A1 20050113 CA 2004-2529400 20040618
EP 1654263 A1 20060510 EP 2004-755691 20040618

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IR, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR

JP 2006516268 T 20060629 JP 2005-518292 20040618
BR 2004011726 A 20060808 BR 2004-11726 20040618
CN 1832949 A 20060913 CN 2004-80017544 20040618
US 2005032804 A1 20050210 US 2004-874992 20040623
MX 2005PA13931 A 20060224 MX 2005-PA13931 20051219
NO 2006000362 A 20060223 NO 2006-362 20060123

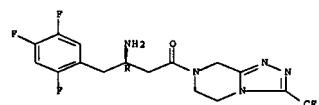
PRAI US 2003-482161P P 20030624
GI WO 2004-US19683 W 20040618



AB The invention is related to the preparation of dihydrogenphosphate salt of 4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine (I=H3PO4) which is a potent inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and therefore useful for the prevention and/or treatment of type 2 diabetes. The invention also relates to the preparation of hydrates, in particular a crystalline monohydrate of the dihydrogenphosphate salt I, its pharmaceutical compns., and methods of use for the treatment of diabetes, obesity, and high blood pressure. Thus, treating I+HCl (preparation given) with III (preparation given), followed by reaction with NH4OAc in MeOH, and hydrogenation gave amine (R)-I. Reaction of amine

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CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 67-63-0
CMP C3 H8 O



L11 ANSWER 102 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:29336 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 142:114455

TI Preparation of phosphoric acid salt of a β -amino acid amide dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitor and its monohydrate

IN Cypes, Stephen Howard; Chen, Alex Minhua; Ferlita, Russell R.; Hansen, Karl; Lee, Ivan; Vydra, Vicky K.; Menslow, Robert M., Jr.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl. 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXX22

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2005003135	A1	20050113	WO 2004-US19683	20040618
M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,				

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8/8/2007

(R)-I with 85% aqueous H3PO4 and recrystn. from isopropanol/water gave (R)-I=H3PO4.H2O.

IT 654671-77-9 (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine dihydrogen phosphate monohydrate

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(DPPIV inhibitor; preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

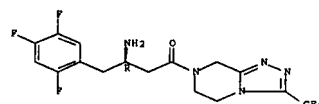
RN 654671-77-9 CAPLUS

CM 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate, hydrate (1:1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
CMP H3 O4 P



IT 486460-32-6P, (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine 767340-03-4P, (2Z)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)but-2-en-2-amine

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

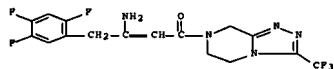
RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CM 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-

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8/8/2007

IT 847445-81-2P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (crystal forms of a triazolopyrazine dihydrogen phosphate salt
 dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor)
 RN 847445-81-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Buten-1-one, 3-amino-1-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

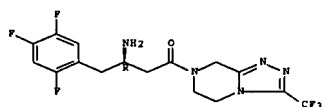


IT 847445-75-4 847445-76-5 847445-77-6
 847445-79-7 847445-79-8 847445-80-1
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (crystal forms of a triazolopyrazine dihydrogen phosphate salt
 dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor)
 RN 847445-75-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with 2-propanone (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P

170of 237

8/8/2007



CM 3

CRN 67-64-1
 CMP C3 H6 O



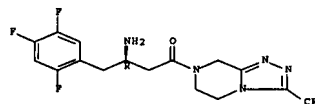
RN 847445-76-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with acetonitrile (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P



171of 237

8/8/2007

CM 3

CRN 75-05-8
 CMP C2 H3 N

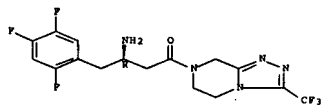


RN 847445-77-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with methanol (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 67-56-1
 CMP C H4 O



172of 237

8/8/2007

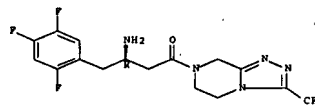
RN 847445-78-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with ethanol (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6
 CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2
 CMP H3 O4 P



CM 3

CRN 64-17-5
 CMP C2 H6 O



RN 847445-79-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate, compd. with 1-propanol (1:1:?) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

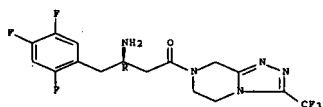
CM 1

177of 237

8/8/2007

alpyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

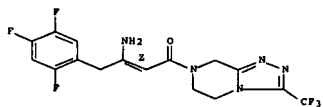
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(22)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 654671-78-0P 823817-57-8P 823817-58-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 406460-32-6

CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

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8/8/2007

RN 823817-58-9 CAPLUS

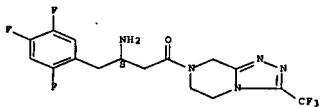
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 823817-55-6

CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMP H3 O4 P

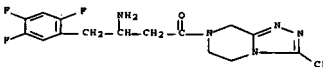


IT 823817-56-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

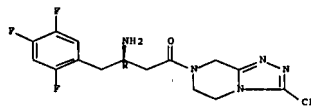
RN 823817-56-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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8/8/2007



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMP H3 O4 P



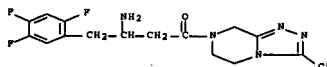
RN 823817-57-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, phosphate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 823817-56-7

CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMP H3 O4 P



180of 237

8/8/2007

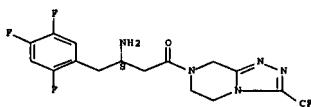
IT 823817-55-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of triazolopyrazine beta amino amide dihydrogenphosphates and their monohydrates as peptidase-iv inhibitor)

RN 823817-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3S)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 103 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN

AN 2004:1124587 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 142:69188

TI Combination therapy for the treatment of diabetes

IN Erondou, Ngozi S.; Fong, Tung M.; MacNeil, Douglas J.; Van Der Ploeg,

Leonardus H. T.; Kanatani, Akio

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA; Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.

CODEN: PIXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004:110375	A2	2004:1223	WO 2004-US17291	2004:0602
WO 2004:110375	A3	2005:0512		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RM:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SE, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
EP 1635832	A2	2006:0322	EP 2004-753999	2004:0602
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK			
US 2007:099884	A1	2007:0503	US 2005-559206	(2005:1202)
PRAI US 2003:476388P	P	2003:0606		
WO 2004-US17291	W	2004:0602		

OS MARPAT 142:69188

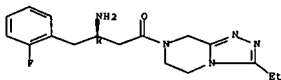
AB The present invention relates to compns. comprising an anti-obesity agent and an anti-diabetic agent useful for the treatment of diabetes, diabetes associated with obesity and diabetes-related disorders. The present invention further relates to methods of treating or preventing obesity, and obesity-related disorders, in a subject in need thereof by administering a composition of the present invention. The present invention further provides for pharmaceutical compns., medicaments, and kits useful in carrying out these methods.

IT 486459-92-9 486459-83-0 486459-84-1
486459-85-2 486459-88-5 486459-89-6
486459-97-6 486460-31-5 486460-32-6
487064-52-8 487064-54-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor; combination therapy of diabetes and diabetes-related disorders using antiobesity agent and antidiabetic agent and other agents)

RN 486459-82-9 CAPLUS
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

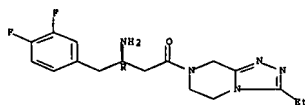
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-83-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-84-1 CAPLUS

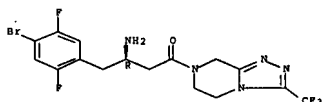
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 486459-97-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(4-bromo-2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

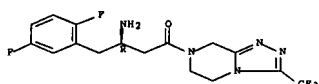
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

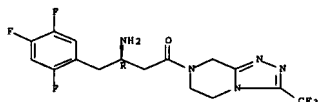
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

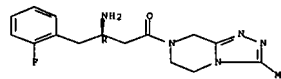
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 487064-52-8 CAPLUS

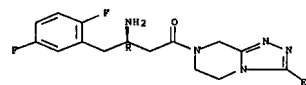
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 486459-85-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

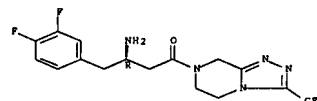
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-88-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

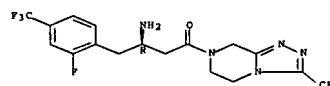
Absolute stereochemistry.



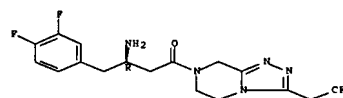
RN 486459-89-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



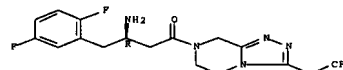
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 487064-54-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



(L11) ANSWER 104.OP-111- CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:1070488 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 142:198023

TI (2R)-4-Oxo-4-[3-(Trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine: A Potent, Orally Active Dipeptidyl Peptidase IV Inhibitor for the Treatment of Type 2 Diabetes
AU Kim, Dooseop; Wang, Liping; Beconi, Maria; Biermann, George J.; Fisher, Michael H.; He, Huabing; Hickey, Gerard J.; Kowalchick, Jennifer E.; Leitling, Barbara; Lyons, Kathryn; Marsilio, Frank; McCann, Margaret E.; Patel, Reshma A.; Petrov, Aleksandr; Scapin, Giovanna; Patel, Sangita B.; Roy, Ranabir Sinha; Wu, Joseph K.; Wyvratt, Matthew J.; Zhang, Bei B.; Zhu, Lan; Thornberry, Nancy A.; Weber, Ann E.

CS Merck Research Laboratories, Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2005), 48(1), 141-151

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

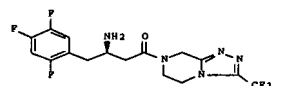
PB American Chemical Society

Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 142:198023

GI



AB A novel series of β -amino amides incorporating fused heterocycles, i.e., triazolopyrazines, were synthesized and evaluated as inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. (2R)-4-oxo-4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine (I) is a potent, orally active DPP-IV inhibitor (IC₅₀ = 18 nM) with excellent selectivity over other proline-selective peptidases, oral bioavailability in preclin. species, and in vivo efficacy in animal models. MK-0431, the phosphate salt of I, was selected for development as a potential new treatment for type 2 diabetes.

IT 654671-78-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(MK-0431, preparation of [(R)-

(amino) (oxo) (trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(3-trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 654671-78-0 CAPLUS

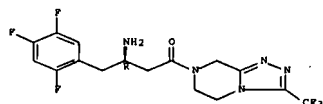
CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMF H3 O4 P



IT 837430-23-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of [(R)-

(amino) (difluorophenyl) (oxo)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and its salts)

RN 837430-23-6 CAPLUS

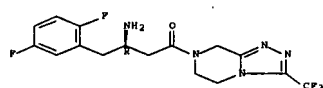
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-31-5

CMF C16 H16 F5 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 110-17-8

CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 486459-70-5P 837430-22-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of [(R)-

(amino) (difluorophenyl) (oxo)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 486459-70-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 837430-29-2P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and crystal structure of [(R)-

(amino) (oxo) (trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine bound to dipeptidyl peptidase IV)

RN 837430-29-2 CAPLUS

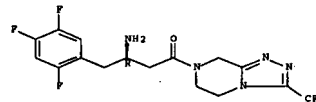
CN Peptidase, dipeptidyl, IV, compd. with 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMF C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 54249-88-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT 486460-31-5P

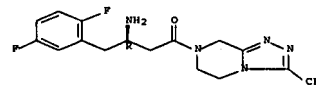
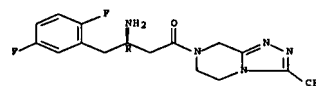
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of [(R)-

(amino) (difluorophenyl) (oxo)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and its salts)

RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

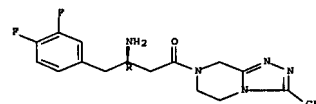


● HCl

RN 837430-22-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 486459-69-2P 837430-21-4P

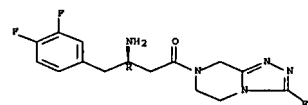
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of [(R)-

(amino) (difluorophenyl) (oxo)butyl]tetrahydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 486459-69-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-3-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

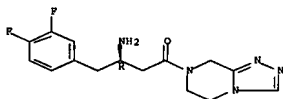


●2 HCl

RN 837430-21-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine, 7-[(3*R*)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● 2 HCl

IT 837430-27-0P

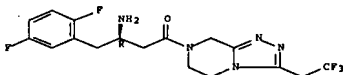
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino) (oxo) (difluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(fluoroethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 837430-27-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine, 7-[(3*R*)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



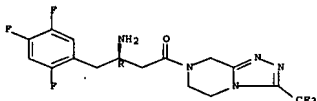
● 2 HCl

IT 837430-26-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino) (oxo) (trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(fluoroethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 837430-26-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine, 7-[(3*R*)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(pentafluoroethyl)-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

IT 837430-24-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino) (oxo) (trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine salt)

RN 837430-24-7 CAPLUS

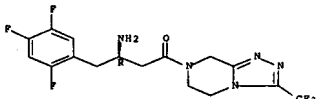
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine, 7-[(3*R*)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2*R*)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 486460-32-6

CMP C16 H15 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 110-17-8

CMP C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

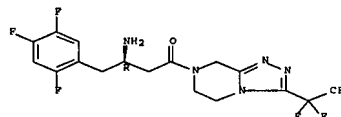


IT 486460-20-4P 486460-22-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 486460-32-6P

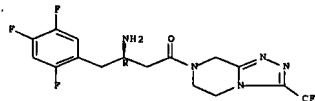
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino) (oxo) (trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3*R*)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 486459-71-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino) (oxo) (trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 486459-71-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine, 7-[(3*R*)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

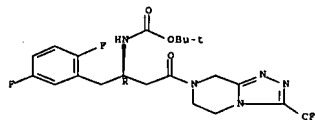
Absolute stereochemistry.

(preparation of [(R)-(amino) (oxo) (trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine using protected derivative as synthetic intermediate)

RN 486460-22-4 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1*R*)-1-[(2,5-difluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxopropyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

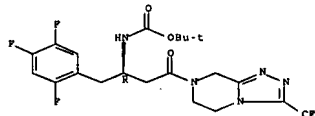
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-23-5 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1*R*)-3-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 837430-25-8P

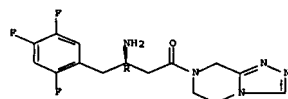
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(R)-(amino) (oxo) (trifluorophenyl)butyl]tetrahydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine and study of its activity as orally active dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor (antidiabetic))

RN 837430-25-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-*a*]pyrazine, 7-[(3*R*)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● 2 HCl

RE.CNT 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 105 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:964805 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 141:388745

TI Preparation of glutaminy cyclase inhibitors for use in treating neurological diseases

IN Schilling, Stephan; Niestroj, Andre J.; Heiser, Ulrich; Buchholz, Mirko; Demuth, Hans-Ulrich

PA Probiobiochem. AG, Germany

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 34 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 6

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2004224875	A1	20041111	US 2004-838993	20040505
MO 2004098591	A2	20041118	MO 2004-EP4773	20040505
MO 2004098591	A3	20050331		
N: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1620091	A2	20060201	EP 2004-731158	20040505
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				
JP 2006525276	T	20061109	JP 2006-505375	20040505
AU 2005210004	A1	20050818	AU 2005-210004	20050204
CA 2554809	A1	20050818	CA 2005-2554809	20050204
MO 2005075436	A2	20050818	MO 2005-EP1153	20050204
MO 2005075436	A3	20051208		
N: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				

CM 2

CRN 7664-38-2

CMP H3 O4 P



L11 ANSWER 106 OF 111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:857554 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 141:314625

TI Process for the preparation of β-amino acid amide dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors

IN Angelaud, Remy; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Askin, David; Balselli, Jaume; Hansen, Karl; Lee, Jaemoon; Maligne, Peter E.; Rivera, Nelo R.; Xiao, Yi; Zhong, Yong-Li

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

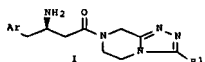
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

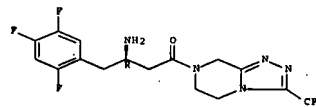
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI MO 2004087650	A2	20041014	MO 2004-US8826	20040323
MO 2004087650	A3	20050113		
N: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
PRAI US 2003-457976P	P	20030327		
OS CASREACT 141:314625; MARPAT 141:314625				
GI				



	TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SM	
	RM: BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	
US	2005215573	A1 20050929 US 2005-51760 (20050204)
EP	1713780	A2 20061025 EP 2005-707206 20050204
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS	
CN	1918131	A 20070221 CN 2005-80004289 20050204
BR	2005007485	A 20070710 BR 2005-7485 20050204
JP	2007520520	T 20070726 JP 2006-551809 20050204
MX	2006040868	A 20061030 MX 2006-PAS868 20060804
PRAI	US 2003-468014P	P 20030505
	US 2004-542133P	P 20040205
	US 2004-838993	A 20040505
	MO 2004-EP4773	N 20040505
	US 2004-634364P	P 20041208
	MO 2005-EP1153	N 20050204
OS	MARPAT 141:388745	
AS	The present invention relates to compds. that act as inhibitors of QC and combinations thereof for the treatment of neuronal disorders, especially Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Huntington's chorea, pathogenic psychotic conditions, schizophrenia, impaired food intake, sleep-wakefulness, impaired homeostatic regulation of energy metabolism, impaired autonomic function, impaired hormonal balance, impaired regulation of body fluids, hypertension, fever, sleep dysregulation, anorexia, anxiety related disorders including depression, seizures including epilepsy, drug withdrawal and alcoholism, neurodegenerative disorders including cognitive dysfunction and dementia.	
IT	654671-78-0	RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
	(in combination chemotherapy; preparation of glutaminy cyclase inhibitors for use in treating neurol. diseases)	
RN	654671-78-0	CAPLUS
CN	1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3- α]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)-, phosphate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)	
CM	1	
CRN	486460-32-6	
CMP	C16 H15 F6 N5 O	

Absolute stereochemistry.

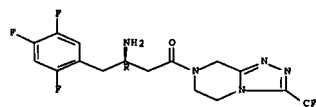


AB The invention provides a novel process for the preparation of chiral β-amino acid amides I (Ar is Ph which may be substituted by halogen, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy; R1 is H, alkyl or fluoroalkyl) which are inhibitors of dipeptidyl peptidase-IV and thereby useful for the treatment of Type 2 diabetes. The process involves acylation of 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-α]pyrazine (II) or a derivative with a (3R)-3-[(benzyloxy)amino]-4-arylbutanoic acid (III), followed by hydrogenolysis. In an example, I (Ar = 2,5-difluorophenyl, R1 = CF3) was prepared from II.HCl 3-trifluoromethyl derivative (prepared from hydrazine, Et trifluoroacetate, chloroacetyl chloride, and ethylenediamine) and III (Ar = 2,5-difluorophenyl) prepared from 2,5-difluorophenylacetic acid, Meldrum's acid, and o-benzylhydroxylamine hydrochloride.

IT 486460-32-6P 767352-27-2P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(process for preparation of triazolopyrazine β-amino acyl derivs. as dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-α]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

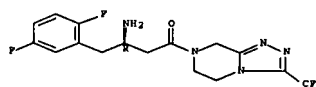
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 767352-27-2 CAPLUS
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-α]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (2R,3R)-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 486460-31-5
CMP C16 H16 F5 N5 O

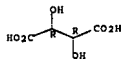
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 87-69-4
CMP C4 H6 O6

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11 ANSWER 107_OF_111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:824045 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 141:332476

TI Process for preparation of chiral beta-amino acid derivatives

IN Dreher, Spencer D.; Ikemoto, Norihiro; Njolito, Eugenia; Rivera, Nelo R.;

Tellers, David M.; Xiao, Yi

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

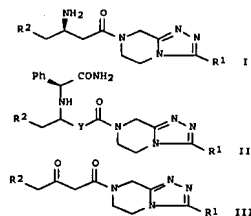
DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2004/085661	A2	2004/1007	WO 2004-US8533	2004/0319
WO 2004/085661	A3	2005/0310		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRAI US 2003-457128P P 2003/0324
US 2003-511210P P 2003/1015
OS CASREACT 141:332476; MARPAT 141:332476
GI



AB A process for the asym. synthesis of enantiomerically enriched beta-amino acid derivs. I (R1 = H, or alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with one to five fluorines; R2 = Ph, unsubstituted or independently substituted with one to five substituents: fluorine, trifluoromethyl, or trifluoromethoxy) in a suitable organic solvent is developed, with includes catalytic hydrogenation of Z-enamines II (Y = CH), which was prepared by addition of L-phenylglycine amide to beta-ketoesters III under acidic conditions, and subsequent catalytic hydrogenolysis of II (Y = CH2). Thus, beta-ketoester III (R1 = CF3; R2 = 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl) obtained from 2,4,5-trifluorophenylacetic acid and 3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine hydrochloride was added to L-phenylglycine amide to give Z-enamine II (R1 = CF3; R2 = 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl), which after catalytic hydrogenation in the presence of platinum dioxide, followed by hydrogenolysis with palladium dihydroxide as catalyst gave compound I (R1 = CF3; R2 = 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl) in 94.55% yield and 97% ee.

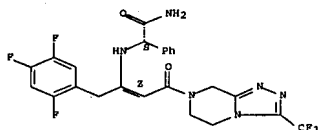
IT 769195-19-5P 769195-20-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(asym. synthesis of chiral beta-amino acid derivs. via addition of phenylglycine amide to triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazinyl beta-ketoesters, followed by catalytic hydrogenation of enamines and catalytic hydrogenolysis)

RN 769195-19-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, alpha-[[[(1Z)-3-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]-1-propenyl]amino]-, (aS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

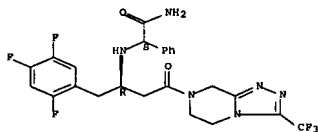
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 769195-20-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, alpha-[[[(1R)-3-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]amino]-, (aS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 486460-31-5P 486460-32-6P

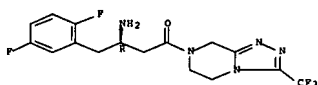
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(asym. synthesis of chiral beta-amino acid derivs. via addition of phenylglycine amide to triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazinyl beta-ketoesters, followed by catalytic hydrogenation of enamines and catalytic hydrogenolysis)

RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

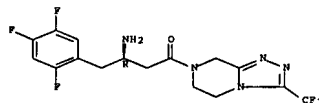
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L11 ANSWER 108_OF_111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:817850 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 141:314350

TI Process for the preparation of chiral beta-amino acid derivatives by

asymmetric hydrogenation of enamine esters and amides using

transition-metal complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines.

IN Xiao, Yi; Armstrong, Joseph D., III; Kraska, Shane W.; Njolito, Eugenia;

Rivera, Nelo R.; Sun, Yongkui; Rosner, Thorsten

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2004/085378	A1	2004/1007	WO 2004-US7793	2004/0315
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

AU 2004-223885 A1 2004/1007 AU 2004-223885 2004/0315
CA 2518435 A1 2004/1007 CA 2004-2518435 2004/0315
EP 1406243 A1 2005/1221 EP 2004-720790 2004/0315
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
CN 1761642 A 2006/0419 CN 2004-80007313 2004/0315
JP 2006521354 T 2006/0419 JP 2006-507177 2004/0315
US 2006194977 A1 2006/0419 US 2005-549425 2005/0915

PRAI US 2003-455932P P 2003/0319

WO 2004-US7793 A 2004/0315

OS CASREACT 141:314350; MARPAT 141:314350

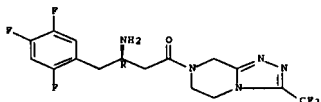
AB (R)- or (S)-RICH(NH2)CH2CO2 [Z = OR2, SR2, NR2R3; R1 = alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, heteroaralkyl; R2, R3 = H, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; R2R3N = (substituted) 4-7 membered ring] were prep'd in 270% enantiomeric excess by hydrogenation of prochiral R1(H2N)C(CO2) (variables as above) in the presence of transition-metal complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines in a suitable

organic solvent. Thus, (2)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)but-2-en-2-amine (preparation given) was hydrogenated in the presence of chloro[1,5-cyclooctadiene]rhodium(I) dimer and (R,S) tert-Bu Josiphos in MeOH at 200 psi and 50° for 13 h to give 72% (R)-4-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-1-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butan-2-amine in 98-99% enantiomeric excess.

IT 486460-32-6P
 RL: IMP (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of chiral β -amino acid derivs. by asym. hydrogenation of en amino esters and amides using transition-metal complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines)

RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

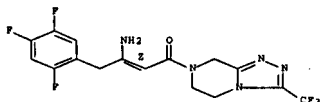
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 767340-03-4P
 RE: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of chiral β -amino acid derivs. by asym. hydrogenation of en amino esters and amides using transition-metal complexed chiral ferrocenyldiphosphines)

RN 767340-03-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(2Z)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-butenyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

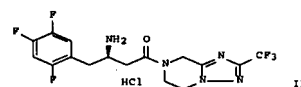
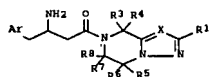


RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

LI1 ANSWER 109 OF 111 - CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
 AN 2004:331907 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 140:357376
 TI Preparation of aminoacyl triazolopyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes
 IN Kim, Doseop; Kowalchick, Jennifer E.
 PA Marck & Co., Inc.; USA
 SO PCT-Int. Appl., 86 pp.
 CODEN: PIXX22
 DT Patent
 LA English
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 2004032836	A2	20040422	WO 2003-0531287	20031003
WO 2004032836	A3	20040610		
W1	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, ME, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TO			
CA 2499586	A1	20040422	CA 2003-2499586	20031003
AU 2003275404	A1	20040504	AU 2003-275404	20031003
EP 1554280	A2	20050720	EP 2003-759681	20031003
R1	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK			
JP 2006504732	T	20060209	JP 2004-543095	20031003
US 2006014953	A1	20060119	US 2005-530215	20050404
PRAI US 2002-415589	P	20021007		
WO 2003-0931287	M	20031003		
OS MARPAT 140:357376				
GI				



AB The title compds. I [X = N or CR2; R1, R2 = H, halo, cyano, (substituted)alkyl, (substituted)alkoxy, (substituted)alkylthio, (substituted)alkenyl, etc.; R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8 = H, cyano, (CH2)nCOOH,

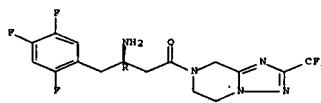
(CH2)nCOO-alkyl, alkyl, (CH2)n(hetero)aryl, (CH2)n-heterocyclyl, etc.; n = 0-2) were prepared as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes. Thus, reaction of 2-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine (preparation given) with (3R)-3-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butanoic acid (preparation given) followed by the treatment of hydrochloric acid yielded compound II. The prepared compds. were effective in inhibiting the dipeptidyl peptidase-IV enzyme with an IC50 of less than 1 μ M.

IT 681249-20-7P 681249-22-9P 681249-24-1P
 681249-26-3P 681249-28-5P 681249-30-9P
 681249-31-0P 681249-33-2P 681249-34-3P
 681249-35-4P 681249-36-5P 681249-37-6P
 681249-38-7P 681249-39-8P 681249-40-1P
 681249-41-2P 681249-42-3P 681249-43-4P
 681249-44-5P 681249-45-6P 681249-46-7P
 681249-47-8P 681249-48-9P 681249-49-0P
 681249-50-1P 681249-51-4P 681249-53-6P
 681249-54-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (Preparation of aminoacyl triazolopyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes)

RN 681249-20-7 CAPLUS
 CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

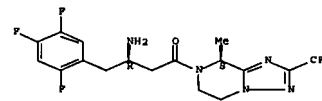
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 681249-22-9 CAPLUS
 CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

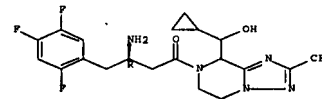
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 681249-24-1 CAPLUS
 CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-methanol, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]- α -cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

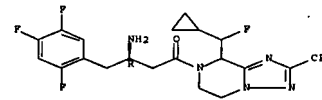
Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 681249-26-3 CAPLUS
 CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-(cyclopropyltrifluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

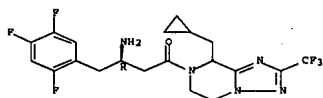
RN 681249-28-5 CAPLUS
 CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-

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8/8/2007

trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

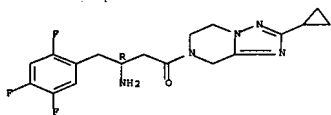


● HCl

RN 681249-30-9 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

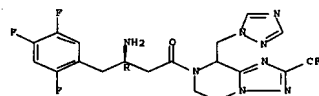
RN 681249-31-0 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-[(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-], monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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8/8/2007



● HCl

RN 681249-32-2 CAPLUS

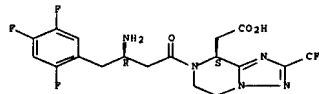
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-acetic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 681249-32-1

CMF C18 H17 F6 N5 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



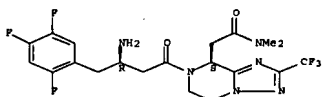
RN 681249-34-3 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-acetamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N,N-dimethyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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8/8/2007

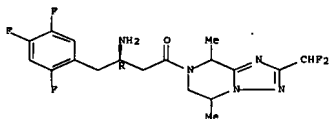


● HCl

RN 681249-35-4 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-(difluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-5,8-dimethyl-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

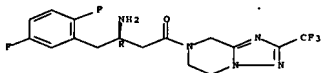


● HCl

RN 681249-36-5 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



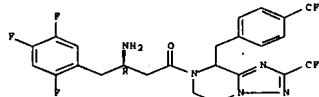
RN 681249-37-6 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-8-[(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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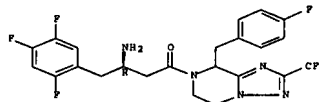
8/8/2007



RN 681249-38-7 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

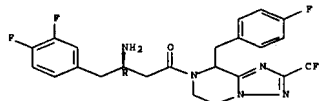
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-39-8 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-8-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

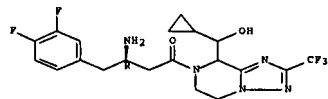
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-40-1 CAPLUS

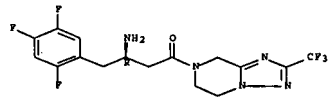
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-methanol, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-α-cyclopropyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



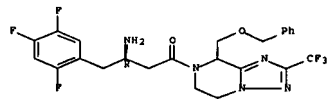
RN 681249-41-2 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



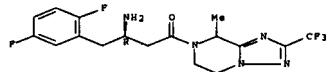
RN 681249-42-3 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-((phenylmethoxy)methyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



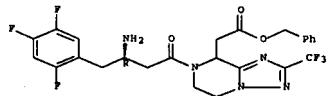
RN 681249-43-4 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



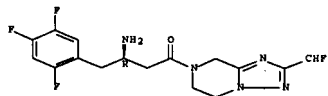
RN 681249-47-8 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-acetic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



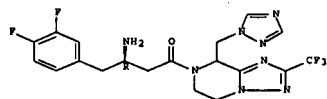
RN 681249-48-9 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-(difluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



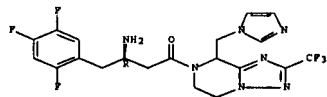
RN 681249-49-0 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-2-(difluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



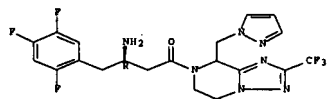
RN 681249-44-5 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-(1H-imidazol-1-ylmethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



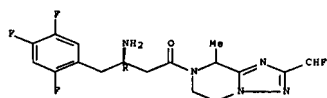
RN 681249-45-6 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-(1H-pyrazol-1-ylmethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



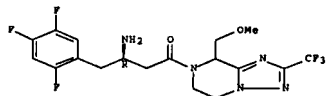
RN 681249-46-7 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



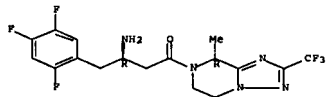
RN 681249-50-3 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-(methoxymethyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-51-4 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

RN 681249-53-6 CAPLUS
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-acetic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

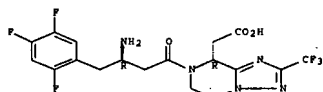
CRN 681249-52-5

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8/8/2007

CMP C18 H17 F6 N5 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



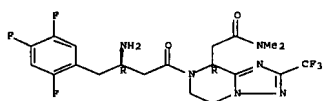
CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMP C2 H F3 O2

RN 681249-54-7 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-acetamide, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N,N-dimethyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 681249-58-1P 681249-62-7P 681249-63-8P
681249-66-1P 681249-69-4P 681249-73-0P
681249-80-3P 681249-87-6P 681249-89-8P
681249-91-2P 681249-94-5F 681249-99-0P
681250-01-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

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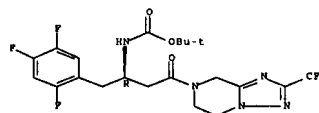
8/8/2007

(Preparation of aminoacyl triazolopyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes)

RN 681249-58-1 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(5,6-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

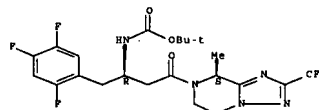
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-62-7 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(8S)-5,6-dihydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

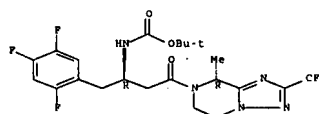
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-63-8 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(8R)-5,6-dihydro-8-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



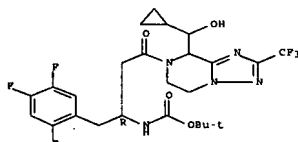
215of 237

8/8/2007

RN 681249-66-1 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(8-(cyclopropylhydroxymethyl)-5,6-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

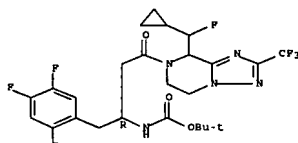
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-69-4 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(8-(cyclopropylfluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



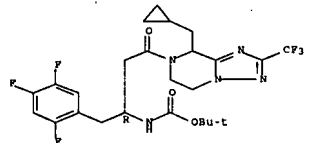
RN 681249-73-0 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(8-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5,6-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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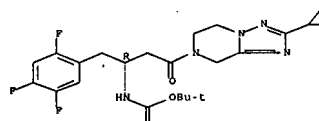
8/8/2007



RN 681249-80-9 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(2-cyclopropyl-5,6-dihydro[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

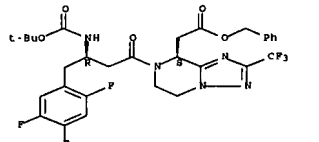
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-87-6 CAPLUS

CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-acetic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, phenylmethyl ester, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-89-8 CAPLUS

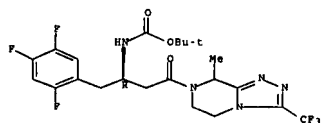
CN [1,2,4]Triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazine-8-acetic acid, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-

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8/8/2007

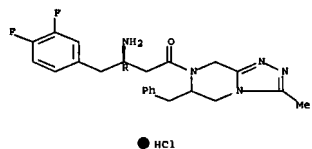
(NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 611239-94-2P 611239-96-4P 611240-01-5P
 611240-02-9P 611240-03-0P 611240-04-1P
 611240-21-1P 611240-22-2P 611240-23-4P
 611240-24-5P 611240-26-7P 611240-27-8P
 611240-33-2P 611240-40-5P 611240-41-6P
 611240-42-7P 611240-43-8P 611240-44-9P
 611240-45-0P 611240-80-3P 611240-88-1P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of aminoacylimidazo- and triazolopyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes)
 RN 611239-94-2 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl-6-(phenylmethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611239-96-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

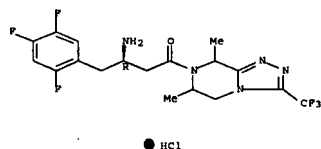
CM 1

CRN 611239-95-3
 CMP C17 H17 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.

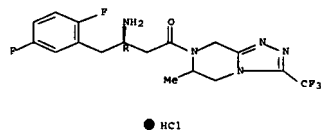
223of 237

8/8/2007



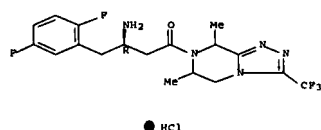
RN 611240-03-0 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-04-1 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

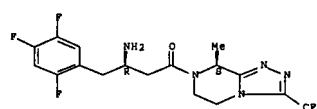
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-21-2 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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8/8/2007



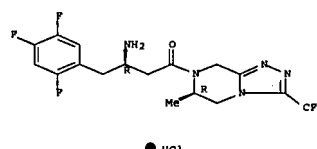
CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
 CMP C2 H P3 O2



RN 611240-01-6 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



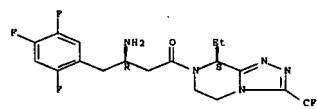
RN 611240-02-9 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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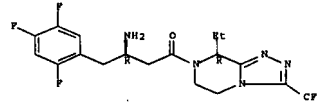
8/8/2007

Absolute stereochemistry.



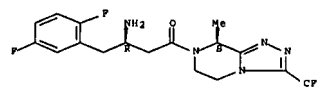
RN 611240-22-3 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-23-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, (8S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-24-5 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[(8R)-5,6-dihydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

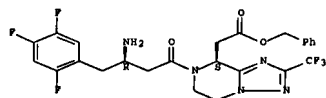
Absolute stereochemistry.

(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-, phenylmethyl ester, (8S)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 681249-88-7
CMP C25 H23 F6 N5 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1
CMP C2 H F3 O2



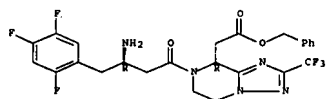
RN 681249-91-2 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(8S)-8-[2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-5,6-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 681249-90-1
CMP C25 H23 F6 N5 O3

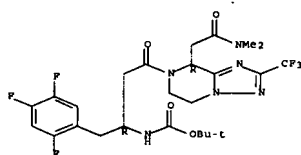
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681250-01-1 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(8R)-8-[2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-5,6-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



ANSWER 110VOP111 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2003:796660 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 139:307796

TI Preparation of aminoacylimidazo- and triazolopyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes

IN Brockunier, Linda L.; Duffy, Joseph L.; Kim, Dooseop; Parmee, Emma R.; Weber, Ann E.

PA Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003082817	A2	20031009	WO 2003-US8723	20030321
WO 2003082817	A3	20031219		
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RM: CH, CM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2478389	A1	20031009	CA 2003-2478389	20030321
AU 2003225916	A1	20031013	AU 2003-225916	20030321
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US 2005107390	A1	20050519	US 2004-508898	20040923

CM 2

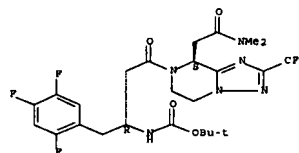
CRN 76-05-1
CMP C2 H F3 O2



RN 681249-94-5 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[(8S)-8-[2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-5,6-dihydro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

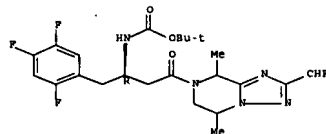
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 681249-99-0 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[2-(difluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-5,8-dimethyl-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

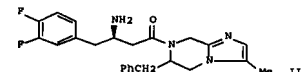
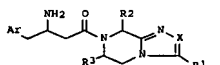


PRAI US 2002-367410P P

WO 2003-US8723 W

OS MARPAT 139:307796

GI



AB Title compds. I (Ar = (un)substituted Ph; X = N, (un)substituted CH2; R1 = H, CN, (un)substituted alkyl, Ph, heterocyclic; R2, R3 = H, CN, (un)substituted alkyl, Ph, naphthyl, CO2H, CONH2, cycloalkyl) were prepared for use as dipeptidyl peptidase-IV inhibitors in the treatment or prevention of diseases, such as diabetes and particularly type 2 diabetes. Thus, 6-benzyl-3-methyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazine was prepared in 5 steps from 2-benzylloxirane and was acylated with (R)-3,4-P2C6H3CH2CH(NHCO2CMe3)CH2CO2H and deblocked to give the imidazopyrazine II.

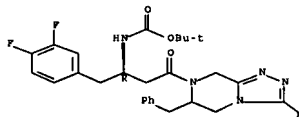
IT 611240-63-2P 611240-61-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of aminoacylimidazo- and triazolopyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors for the treatment or prevention of diabetes)

RN 611240-63-2 CAPLUS

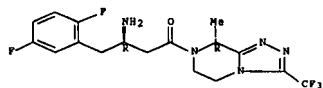
CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5,6-dihydro-3-methyl-6-(phenylmethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxopropyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-81-4 CAPLUS

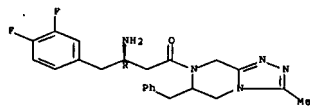
CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[5,6-dihydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 611240-26-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-methyl-6-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

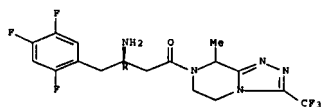
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-27-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

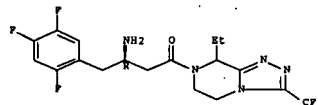
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-39-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-ethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

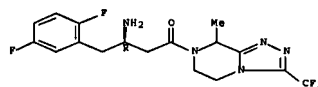
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-40-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-8-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

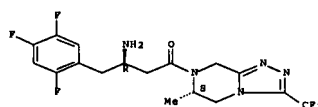
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-41-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

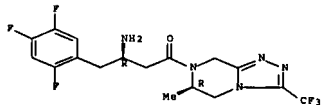
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-42-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

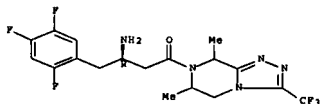
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-43-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

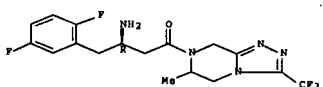
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-44-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

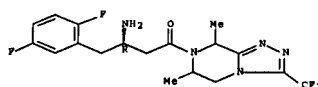
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-45-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6,8-dimethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 611240-80-3 CAPLUS

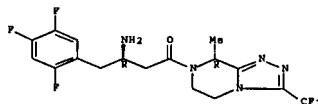
CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-8-methyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (8R)-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 611240-79-0

CMP C17 H17 F6 N5 O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

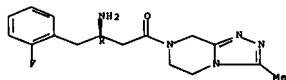
CMP C2 H F3 O2



RN 611240-88-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-1-oxo-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)butyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-6-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-, monohydrochloride, (6R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

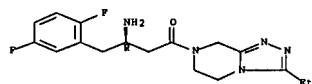
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-85-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

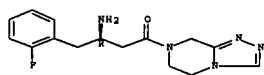
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-86-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

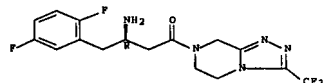
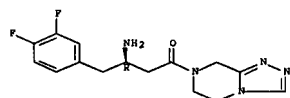
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-87-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

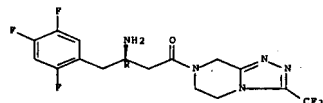
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-32-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-4-(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

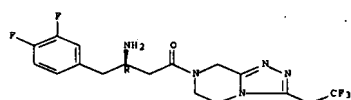
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 487064-52-8 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

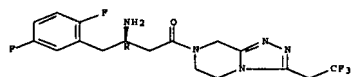
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 487064-54-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

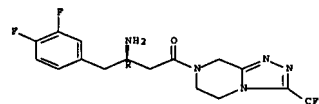
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-88-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

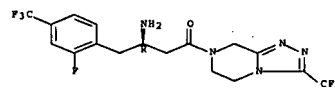
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-89-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

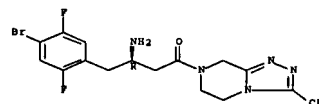
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486459-97-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine, 7-[(3R)-3-amino-4-(4-bromo-2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-oxobutyl]-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-31-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Butanone, 3-amino-4-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-1-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-, (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

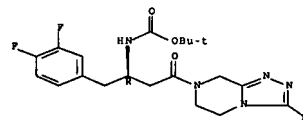
IT 486460-19-9P 486460-22-4P 486460-23-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of β-amino tetrahydroimidazo[1,2-a]pyrazines and tetrahydrotriazolo[4,3-a]pyrazines as dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitors)

RN 486460-19-3 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]-3-(3-ethyl-5,6-dihydro-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)-3-oxopropyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

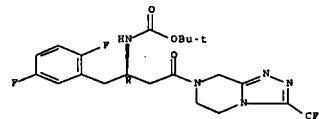
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-22-4 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-1-[(2,5-difluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxopropyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

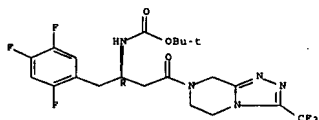
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 486460-23-5 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [(1R)-3-[5,6-dihydro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl]-3-oxo-1-[(2,4,5-trifluorophenyl)methyl]propyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL

FULL ESTIMATED COST

ENTRY SESSION
591.08 964.90

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

ENTRY SESSION
-86.58 -87.36

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